

Chapter 8. Managing Content Risk in Documents

This chapter describes how to view the content risk in documents as well as remove selected content risk from a document. It includes the following sections:

- **Overview**, below, introduces the ways in which Workshare Protect enables you to protect documents by viewing and removing sensitive content risk.
- **Displaying Content Risk in Microsoft Word**, page 130, describes how to discover all content risk in a Microsoft Word document.
- **Displaying Content Risk in Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint**, page 132, describes how to discover all content risk in a Microsoft Excel or PowerPoint document.
- **Cleaning Hidden Data**, page 133, describes how to remove selected types of hidden data from a document and from multiple documents.
- **Manual Redaction**, page 142, describes how to manually redact selected words or other content.

Overview – Managing Content Risk in Documents

Workshare Protect provides comprehensive content risk protection enabling the discovery and removal of hidden sensitive data as well visible sensitive data. Hidden sensitive data may include information such as track changes, author's name, server names, keywords, routing slips and authoring trails.

Workshare Protect enables the discovery of content risk in the following ways:

- **Content Risk Reports:** Workshare Protect integrates with Microsoft Office providing an option to display a comprehensive report of all the content risk in a document while it is open in Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Content risk is displayed according to its risk level (high, medium, low).
- **Email Protection:** Workshare Protect prevents users from accidentally emailing confidential information by alerting users before the email is sent when an email or its attachment breaches security policies. Refer to Overview – Protecting Email Attachments.

In addition, Workshare Protect provides manual redaction functionality which enables you to redact selected words or sentences or other content as required.

Displaying Content Risk in Microsoft Word

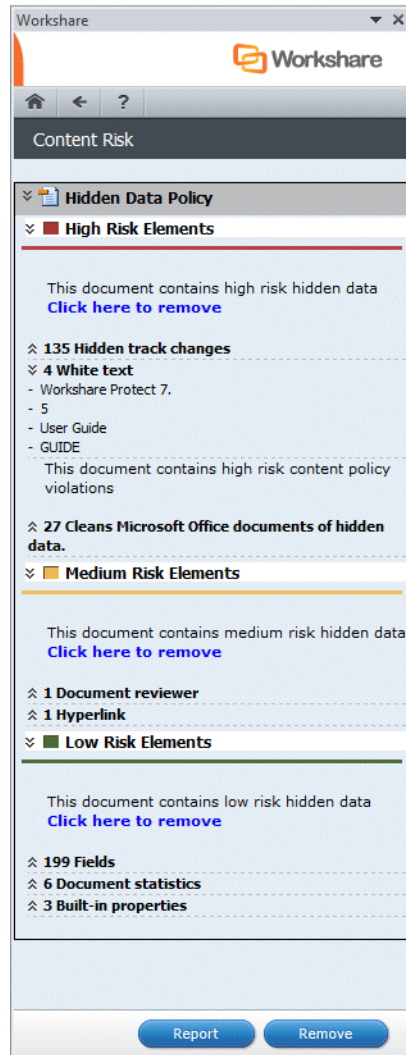
Workshare Protect integrates with Microsoft Word to provide an option to discover and view content risk in a document. You can also display a comprehensive report of all the content risk in a document.

To discover content risk in your Microsoft Word document:

1. Open your document in Microsoft Word and click **Content Risk**, (**Protect** group) in the *Workshare* tab or click **Content Risk** in the Home page of the Workshare Panel.

Note: You can also click **Content Risk** from other pages in the *Workshare Panel*.

Workshare Protect checks the document for content risk. This process may take a few moments if your document is large or if it contains large amounts of content risk. Once the discovery process is complete, the Content Risk page of the Workshare Panel is displayed showing a summary of the content risk found.



The content risk found is divided into high risk, medium risk and low risk.

2. To display details of the content risk found, click **⤴** to the left of the content risk type.
3. To remove hidden data from the document, use the **Remove** button. Refer to *Cleaning Hidden Data*, for more details.

Note: You can click **Report** to create a risk report that provides a full account of the different types of content risk in a document.

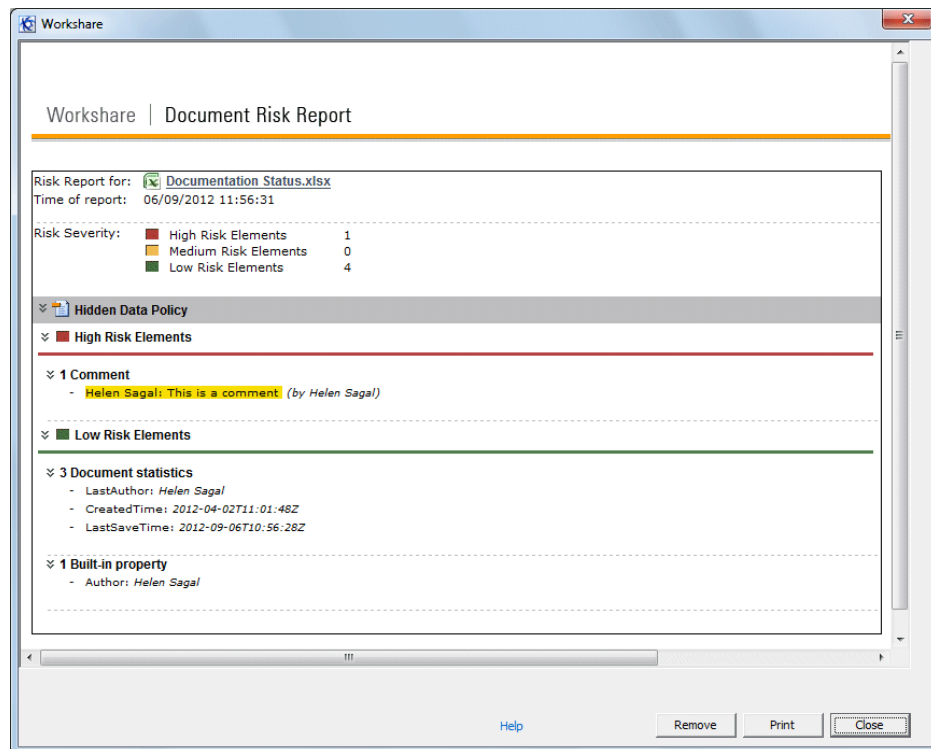
Displaying Content Risk in Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint

Workshare Protect integrates with Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint to provide an option to discover and view content risk in a document. The content risk is displayed in a comprehensive report.

To discover content risk in your Microsoft Excel or PowerPoint document:

1. Open your document in Microsoft Excel or PowerPoint and click **Content Risk, (Protect group)** in the *Workshare* tab, or click **Content Risk** in the Home page of the Workshare Panel.

Workshare Protect checks the document for content risk. This process may take a few moments if your document is large or if it contains large amounts of content risk. Once the discovery process is complete, the Document Risk Report is displayed showing the details of the content risk found:



The content risk found is divided into high risk, medium risk and low risk.

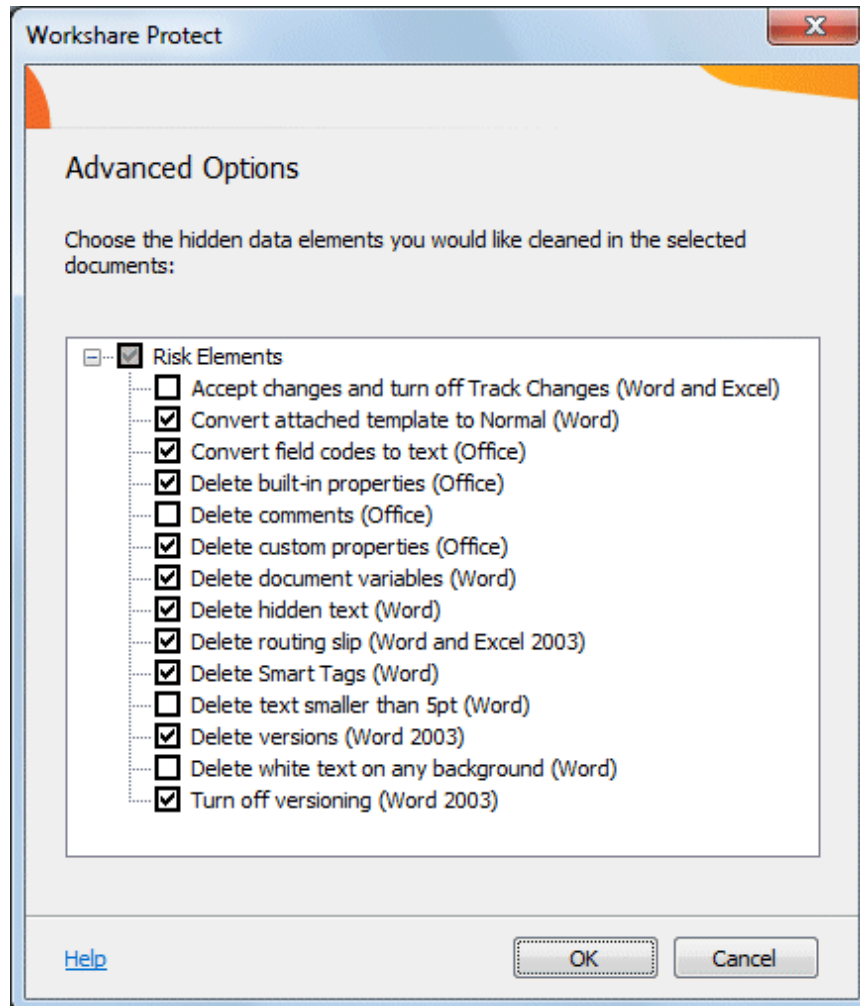
2. To print the report, click **Print**.
3. To remove the hidden data from the Microsoft Excel or PowerPoint document, click **Remove**. Refer to [Cleaning Hidden Data](#) for further information.

Cleaning Hidden Data

In Microsoft Office documents, once you have discovered the content risk in a document, you can remove selected types of hidden data as required. If you want to remove hidden data from PDF files or from multiple Microsoft Office documents, you can use the Workshare Batch Clean tool. Refer to Batch Cleaning.

To remove hidden data:

1. In Microsoft Word, click **Remove** in the Content Risk page. In Microsoft Excel or PowerPoint, click **Remove** in the Document Risk Report. The *Advanced Options* dialog is displayed.



A complete list of hidden data that can be removed, reset or converted is listed in the dialog. For a full description of the different options, refer to Cleaning Options.

2. Select the hidden data you want to remove by selecting the checkboxes to the left of the hidden data options.
3. After making your selection, click **OK**. The selected hidden data is removed from the document.

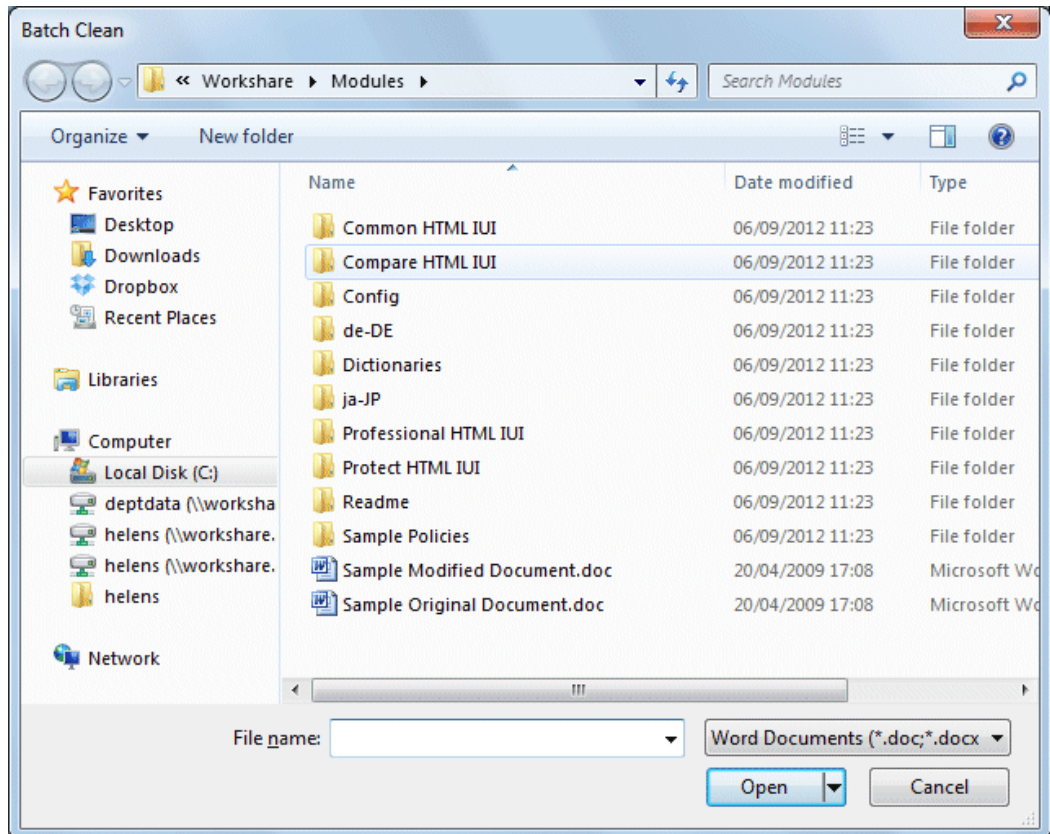
Workshare Protect may take a few moments to clean your document depending on the size of the document and the amount of hidden data to be removed. The Content Risk page/Document Risk Report is updated after the document has been cleaned to show any remaining content risk. After cleaning, the document with hidden data removed is still stored in memory only. If you want to keep the cleaned document, you now have to save the document.

Batch Cleaning

If you want to remove the same types of hidden data from several documents, you can use the Workshare Batch Clean tool to clean multiple documents (up to 256) simultaneously.

To clean multiple documents:

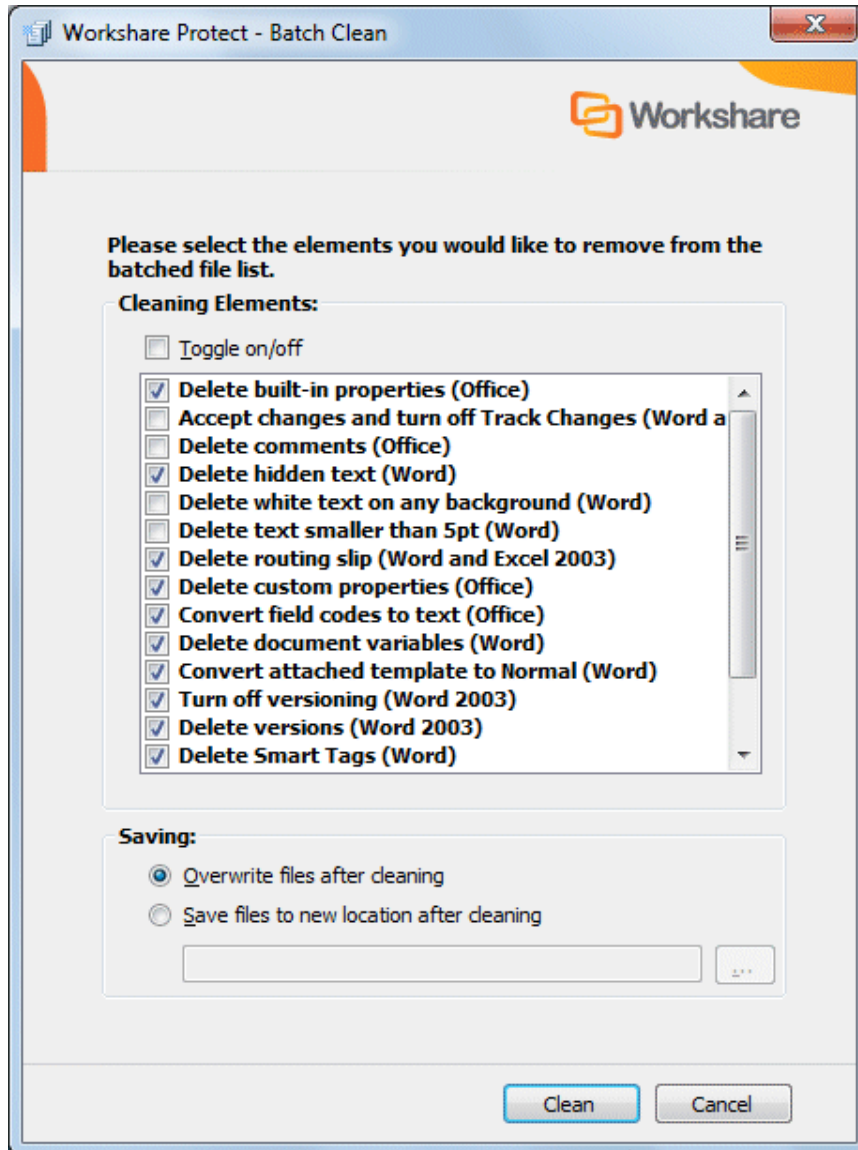
1. From the Start menu, select **Programs, Workshare,** and then **Workshare Batch Clean.** The *Batch Clean* dialog is displayed.



Note: To view more document types, select **All Office files** from the **Files of type** dropdown list. If unsupported file types are selected for batch cleaning, they will be ignored.

2. Select the documents you want to clean. Press **Ctrl** or the Shift key to select multiple documents.
3. Click **Open**. The *Batch Clean* dialog is displayed.

Tip! An alternative to steps 1, 2 and 3 is to select the documents in Windows Explorer, then right-click and select **Send To** then **Batch Clean**.

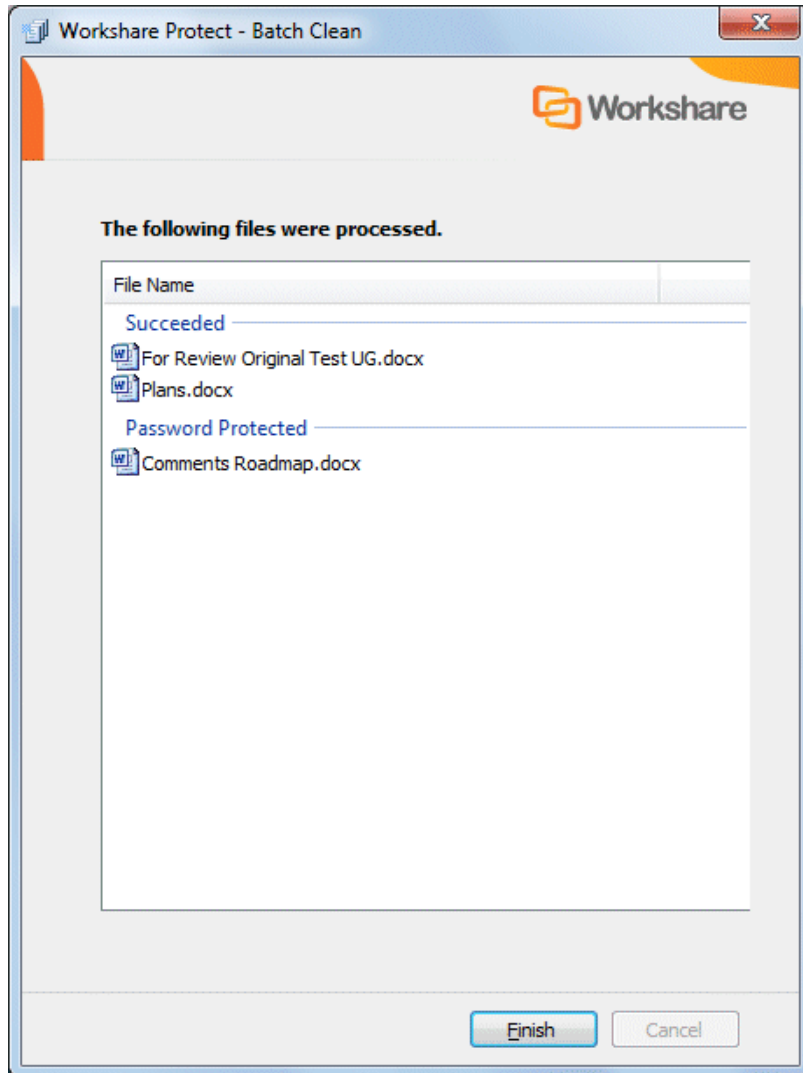


A complete list of hidden data that can be removed, reset or converted is listed in the dialog. For a full description of the different options, refer to Cleaning Options.

4. Select the hidden data you want to remove by selecting the checkboxes to the left of the hidden data options. All the selected files will be cleaned using the same options.

Tip! Select the **Toggle on/off** checkbox to select/deselect all the hidden data options.

5. Select one of the following save options:
 - **Overwrite files after cleaning:** Selecting this option will save the cleaned files over the original files, overwriting the existing version.
 - **Save files to new location after cleaning:** Selecting this option will save the cleaned files to a different location, leaving the original files in their original location and in an uncleaned state. Click the browse button and select the new save location.
6. Click **Clean**. The selected files are cleaned according to your selection. Once the process is complete, a report is displayed indicating which files were cleaned successfully.



7. Click **Finish**.

Batch Cleaning Using a Command Line

Batch cleaning can be performed using the command line.

To batch clean using the command line:

1. From the Start menu, select **Run**.
2. Enter **cmd** in the **Open** field and click **OK**.
3. Enter the clean command required. Samples are given below:

- To clean hidden data from the entire hard disk:

```
bc-console.exe "c:\" /s /all
```

- To clean all hidden data from a single document:

```
bc-console.exe "<filepath>" /all
```

where <filepath> is the full path to the document to clean.

- To exclude specific data from the cleaning (here comments and track changes are excluded):

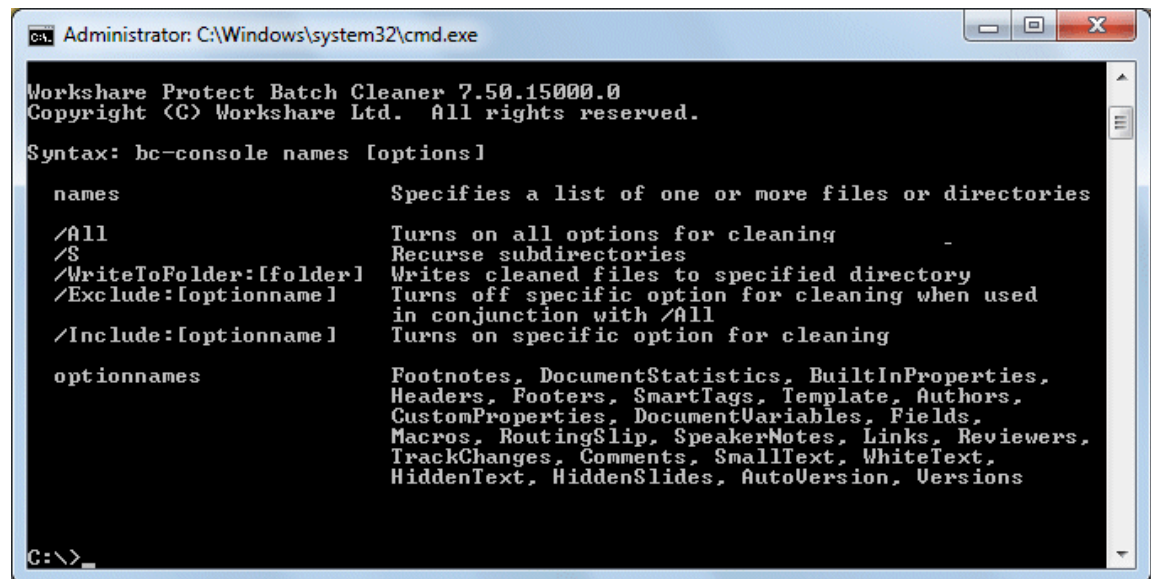
```
Bc-console.exe "<filepath>" /all /exclude:comments /exclude:trackchanges
```

- To clean only specified data from the document (here comments and track changes are the data to clean):

```
Bc-console.exe "<filepath>" /include:comments /include:trackchanges
```

For a complete list of options, type the following command:

```
Bc-console.exe/
```



```

Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Workshare Protect Batch Cleaner 7.50.15000.0
Copyright (C) Workshare Ltd. All rights reserved.
Syntax: bc-console names [options]

names                Specifies a list of one or more files or directories
/All                 Turns on all options for cleaning
/S                  Recurse subdirectories
/WriteToFolder:[folder] Writes cleaned files to specified directory
/Exclude:[optionname] Turns off specific option for cleaning when used
                    in conjunction with /All
/Include:[optionname] Turns on specific option for cleaning

optionnames          Footnotes, DocumentStatistics, BuiltInProperties,
                    Headers, Footers, SmartTags, Template, Authors,
                    CustomProperties, DocumentVariables, Fields,
                    Macros, RoutingSlip, SpeakerNotes, Links, Reviewers,
                    TrackChanges, Comments, SmallText, WhiteText,
                    HiddenText, HiddenSlides, AutoVersion, Versions

C:\>_

```

The options are described in the following table:

Option	Description
<code>/All</code>	<p>All hidden data is removed from the specified documents.</p> <p>To leave specified types of hidden data in a document, the <code>/All</code> command can be used in conjunction with the <code>/Exclude</code> command.</p> <p>The <code>/All</code> command cannot be used in conjunction with the <code>/Include</code> command.</p>
<code>/S</code>	<p>Hidden data is removed from sub-folders of the specified folder.</p>
<code>/WriteToFolder:[folder]</code>	<p>The cleaned file is saved to a specified location.</p> <p>If this command is not included the original file is overwritten with the cleaned file.</p> <p>Cleaned files saved using the <code>/WriteToFolder</code> command will have a flat file structure. If files have the same names, they will be appended with a number.</p>
<code>/Exclude:[optionname]</code>	<p>Excludes specified types of hidden data from being removed. The <code>/Exclude</code> command is used in conjunction with the <code>/All</code> command.</p> <p>The valid types of hidden data that can be excluded are detailed in the optionnames list.</p>
<code>/Include:[optionname]</code>	<p>Specifies which types of hidden data are to be removed. The <code>/Include</code> command is used instead of the <code>/All</code> command.</p> <p>The <code>/Include</code> command cannot be used with the <code>/All</code> command or the <code>/Exclude</code> command.</p> <p>The valid types of hidden data that can be specified are detailed in the optionnames list.</p>
optionnames	<p>The valid types of hidden data that can be used with the <code>/Exclude</code> and <code>/Include</code> commands.</p> <p>Footnotes, DocumentStatistics, BuiltInProperties, Headers, Footers, SmartTags, Template, Authors, CustomProperties, DocumentVariables, Fields, Macros, RoutingSlip, SpeakerNotes, Links, Reviewers, TrackChanges, Comments, SmallText, WhiteText, HiddenText, HiddenSlides, AutoVersion, Versions</p>

Cleaning Options

The different hidden data cleaning options that are selected when cleaning an individual document or when batch cleaning several documents are explained below:

Option	Description
Accept changes and turn off Track Changes (Word and Excel)	Microsoft Word and Excel. Accepts all revisions made to the document. The revisions are therefore no longer displayed as revisions but rather as text in the document. Track changes is also turned off so that further revisions are not tracked.
Convert attached template to Normal (Word)	Microsoft Word only. Converts the attached template to normal.dot. Automatic style updating is disabled before the template is removed. Therefore the formatting and styles in your document will not be affected by removing the attached template. To view the attached template: Click the File menu/Office Button, select Options/Word Options and then select Add-Ins . From the Manage dropdown list, select Word Add-ins and click Go .
Convert field codes to text (Office)	Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Converts any field codes that exist in a Microsoft Word document to text, for example, hyperlinks, table of contents, index. In Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint, hyperlinks are converted to text. <i>Note: For Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint, hyperlinks are the only field codes that exist.</i> This prevents the field codes from being updated after you have distributed the document. It also prevents errors for fields that reference built-in or custom properties that have been removed. <i>Note: You may want to remove some field codes but not others. For example, you may want to clean 'Include text' field codes, but retain the Table of Contents and Page Numbers. To do this you can specify the field codes you want to keep in the Protection > Exclude Metadata category of the Workshare Configuration Manager, and then clean field codes as normal. See Workshare Configuration Options for more details.</i> To view field codes: Click the File menu/Office Button, select Options/Word Options and then select Advanced . Select the Show field codes instead of their values checkbox in the Show document content area.
Delete attachments (PDF)	PDF only. Removes files that are attached to the PDF as a whole. Attachments that are linked to a specific point in a PDF file are not removed. They are treated as markups and will only be removed if the Delete markups parameter is selected.
Delete bookmarks (PDF)	PDF. If selected, removes any bookmarks in a PDF file.

Option	Description
Delete built-in properties (Office)	<p>Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Removes all summary properties - author, category, comments, company, keywords, manager, title, subject, and hyperlink base; and custom properties – text, date and number.</p> <p>To view built-in properties: In MS Office 2010/2013, click the File menu, select Info and then select Advanced Properties from the Properties dropdown list in the right panel. In the <i>Properties</i> dialog, select the Summary and Contents tabs. In MS Office 2007, click the Office Button, select Prepare and then select Properties. In the Document Information Panel, select Advanced Properties from the Document Properties dropdown list. In the <i>Properties</i> dialog, select the Summary and Contents tabs.</p>
Delete comments (Office)	<p>Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Removes any comments embedded in the document.</p> <p>To display comments: In MS Office 2010/2013, click the Review tab and from the Show Markup dropdown list (Tracking group), select Balloons then Show Only Comments and Formatting in Balloons. In MS Office 2007, click the Review tab and from the Balloons dropdown list (Tracking group), select Show Only Comments and Formatting in Balloons.</p>
Delete custom properties (Office)	<p>Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint. Removes any custom properties that have been added to the document.</p> <p>To view document properties: In MS Office 2010/2013, click the File menu, select Info and then select Advanced Properties from the Properties dropdown list in the right panel. In the <i>Properties</i> dialog, select the Custom tab. In MS Office 2007, click the Office Button, select Prepare and then select Properties. In the Document Information Panel, select Advanced Properties from the Document Properties dropdown list. In the <i>Properties</i> dialog, select the Custom tab.</p>
Delete document variables (Word)	<p>Microsoft Word only. Deletes all document variables.</p> <p>Document variables are values stored in Microsoft Word documents that are used by either field codes or macros. These variables may contain confidential information like company names or file locations. Even if field codes and macros are removed, the variables used may remain in the document.</p> <p>Variables can be viewed in Microsoft Word in the Visual Basic Editor.</p>
Delete hidden text (Word)	<p>Microsoft Word only. Removes all text that has been formatted as hidden.</p> <p>To view hidden text: Click the File menu/Office Button, select Options/Word Options and then select Display. Select the Hidden Text checkbox.</p>
Delete markups (PDF)	<p>PDF. If selected, removes any markup in a PDF file.</p> <p>Markup is a tool used to make comments and annotations to PDF documents.</p>

Option	Description
Delete properties (PDF)	<p>PDF. If selected, removes properties in a PDF file.</p> <p>Standard properties are details about a file that help identify it, including its title, subject, author, manager, company, category, keywords, comments, and hyperlink base.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p><i>Note: Removing properties from a PDF/A file will disable its PDF/A status.</i></p> </div>
Delete routing slip (Word and Excel 2003)	<p>Microsoft Word and Excel. Removes all entries from a routing slip, as well as the message subject and text. This can prevent email addresses of colleagues from being unknowingly distributed. This also deletes any envelope information, such as recipients, subject, and introduction, which are used when sending to a mail recipient.</p> <p>Routing slips are not supported in MS Office 2007.</p> <p>To view routing slip entries: From the <i>File</i> menu, select Send To and then Routing Recipient. To view envelope information: From the <i>File</i> menu, select Send To and then Mail Recipient.</p>
Delete Smart Tags (Word)	<p>Microsoft Word only. Removes smart tags from Microsoft Word documents. Smart tags are added to your documents as you create them if the option is enabled. These tags are linked to particular text in a document, such as a name, and allow you to perform certain actions by selecting the link associated with the text. Depending on the smart tag functions you use, they may embed extra hidden information in your document.</p> <p>Smart tags only exist in Microsoft Office XP to 2010.</p> <p>To manage smart tags: In MS Word 2010, right-click a word, select Additional Actions and then Options. In MS Word 2007, click the Office Button, select Word Options and then select Proofing. Click the AutoCorrect Options button and select the Smart Tags tab.</p>
Delete text smaller than 5pt (Word)	<p>Microsoft Word only. Removes all text that has been formatted with a font size less than 5pt (i.e. 4pt and less). Small text can also be detected in Microsoft Excel but it is not cleaned.</p> <p>To view small text: Click the View tab, select Zoom and specify a percentage greater than 100%.</p>
Delete white text on any background (Word)	<p>Microsoft Word only. Removes all text with a white font that has been formatted with a white background color.</p> <p>To view such text: Click the Page Layout tab and select a color from the Page Color dropdown list (Page Background group).</p>
Delete versions (Word 2003)	<p>Microsoft Word only. Removes any previous versions of the document that you may have saved. Previous versions can be useful while you are developing a document, but often they can contain confidential information that you have removed from the main document.</p> <p>Document versions are not supported in MS Office 2007.</p> <p>To view versions: From the <i>File</i> menu, select Versions.</p>

Option	Description
Turn off versioning (Word 2003)	Microsoft Word only. Turns off the flag to automatically save a new version of the document every time the document is closed. This applies to local file systems only. Versions can still be saved manually by saving a file with a different name. Versioning is not supported in MS Office 2007.
Delete footers (Excel and PowerPoint)	Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint. Removes any footers included in the sheet or slide. To view headers and footers: Click the Insert tab and select Header & Footer (Text group) .
Delete headers (Excel and PowerPoint)	Microsoft Excel and PowerPoint. Removes any headers included in the sheet or slide. To view headers and footers: Click the Insert tab and select Header & Footer (Text group) .
Delete links (Excel)	Microsoft Excel only. Converts external links in Microsoft Excel files to text. The following are examples of external links: Link to a cell in another Microsoft Excel document. Named link to a named reference in another Microsoft Excel document. Link to another document. OLE link that inserts another document as an icon. OLE link that inserts another document as text.
Delete hidden slides (PowerPoint)	Microsoft PowerPoint only. Removes hidden slides from Microsoft PowerPoint files. Hidden slides are not required for a slide show (they are not automatically displayed during a slide show) but they may contain confidential information.
Delete Speaker Notes (PowerPoint)	Microsoft PowerPoint only. Deletes all text that appears on the Notes Page in a Microsoft PowerPoint presentation. This is usually used by speakers to remind them of points during a presentation. You may want to remove speaker notes before distributing a presentation, as they are not usually intended for others to read.

Manual Redaction

Redacting text is to black out the text so that it is no longer discernible. Workshare Protect provides the functionality to redact/black out selected content in Microsoft Word (DOC and DOCX) documents.

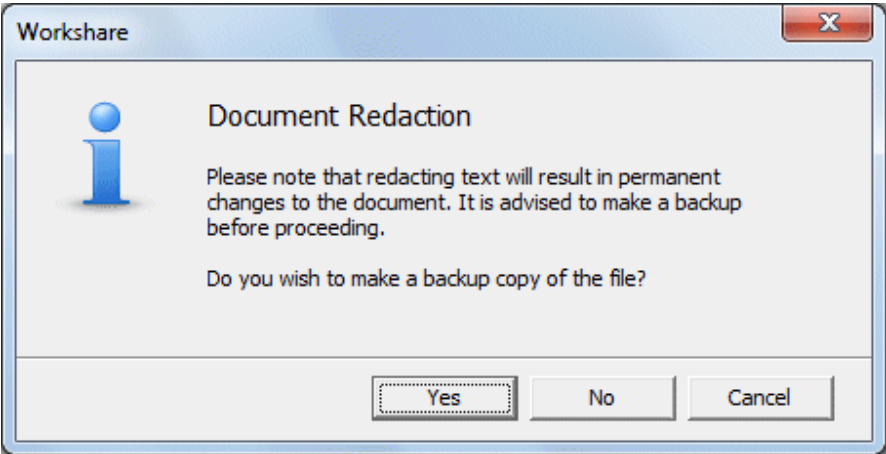
The functionality is available from a right-click menu and also from the Workshare tab.

Redacting text actually replaces the text with “pipes” (| | | | |) on a black background. Once you make redactions in your document and save it, the redacted text cannot be restored (apart from the immediate possibilities of the Undo action).

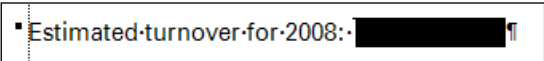
To redact selected text:

1. Select the word, sentence or other data that you want to black out.

- 2. Right-click the selection and select **Redact Text** or click **Redact** in the Workshare tab (**Protect** group). The following message is displayed:



- 3. Click **Yes** to save a copy of the document or **No** to continue in the current document. The selected text is blacked out.



Chapter 9. Protecting Email Attachments

This chapter describes the Workshare Protect functionality with regard to identifying content risk in emails and their attachments. It includes the following sections:

- **Overview – Protecting Email Attachments**, below, introduces how Workshare Protect protects emails.
- **Interactive Protect**, page 148, describes how to use Interactive Protect to secure your emails.
- **Using the Protect Profile Dialog**, page 147, describes how to send secure emails using the Workshare Protect Profile dialog.
- **Using the Email Security Dialog**, page 158, describes how to send secure emails using the Workshare Protect Email Security dialog.
- **Sending Large Files**, page 176, describes how to use the Secure File Transfer functionality to upload large attachments to Workshare Online and send recipients links to the files in Workshare.

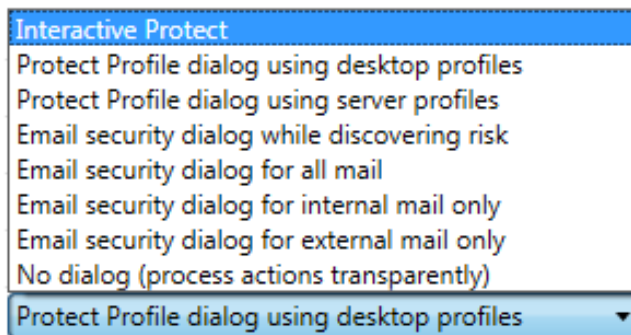
Overview – Protecting Email Attachments

Workshare Protect is able to process the emails you send to ensure security in the following ways:

- Remove metadata from attachments
- Convert attachments to PDF or PDF/A
- Send attachments to a secure location and send recipients a link to that location
- Compress multiple attachments into a single zip file

Whether Workshare Protect processes your emails is determined by the **Apply Workshare Protect** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Protection > Administration** category). Your administrator may have selected that Workshare Protect processes emails to external recipients only, emails to internal recipients only, all emails or no emails.

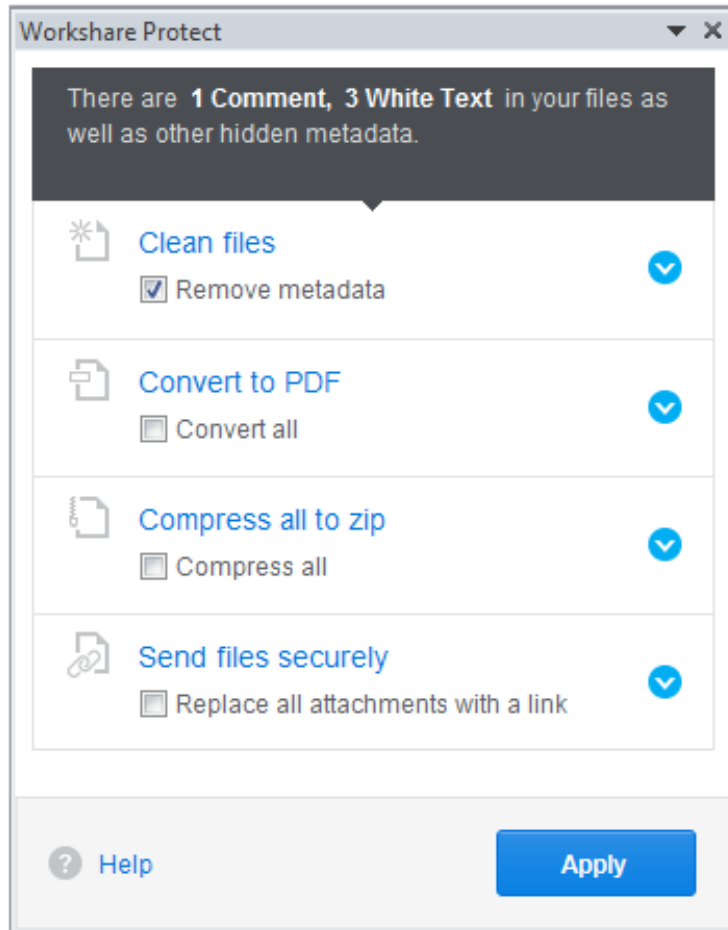
When Workshare Protect is “on”, the user experience when sending emails will vary depending on which option your Administrator has selected for the **After an email with attachments is sent show** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Protection > Administration** category).



When sending emails, you may experience one of the following three options:

- Interactive Protect panel
- Protect Profile dialog
- Email Security dialog

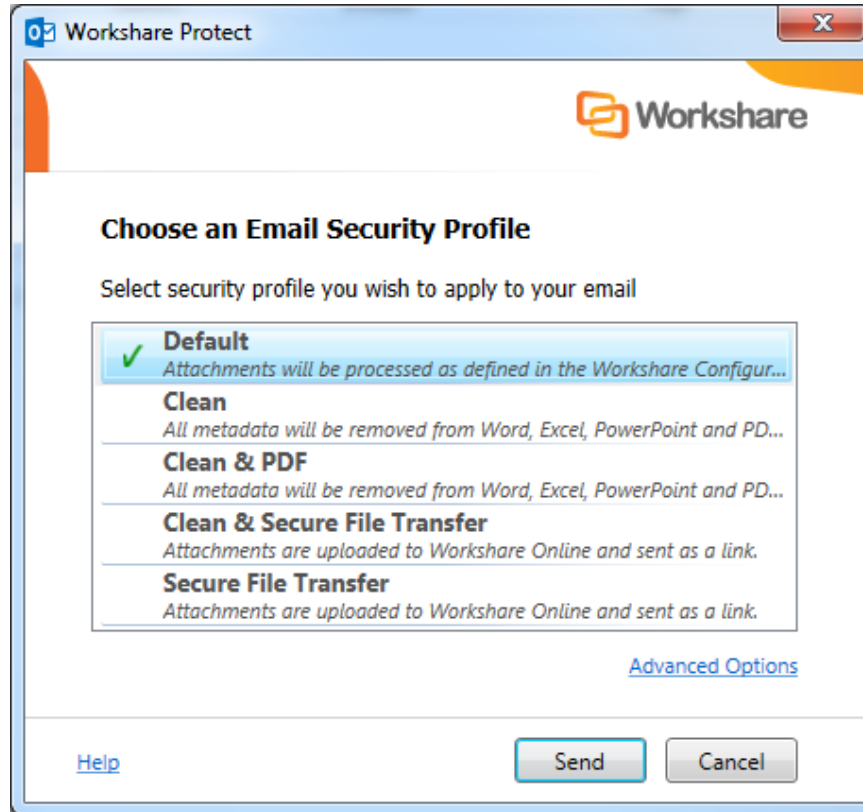
Interactive Protect Panel



The Interactive Protect panel is displayed when **Interactive Protect** has been selected for the **After an email with attachments is sent show** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Protection > Administration** category).

Interactive Protect is described on page 147.

Protect Profile Dialog

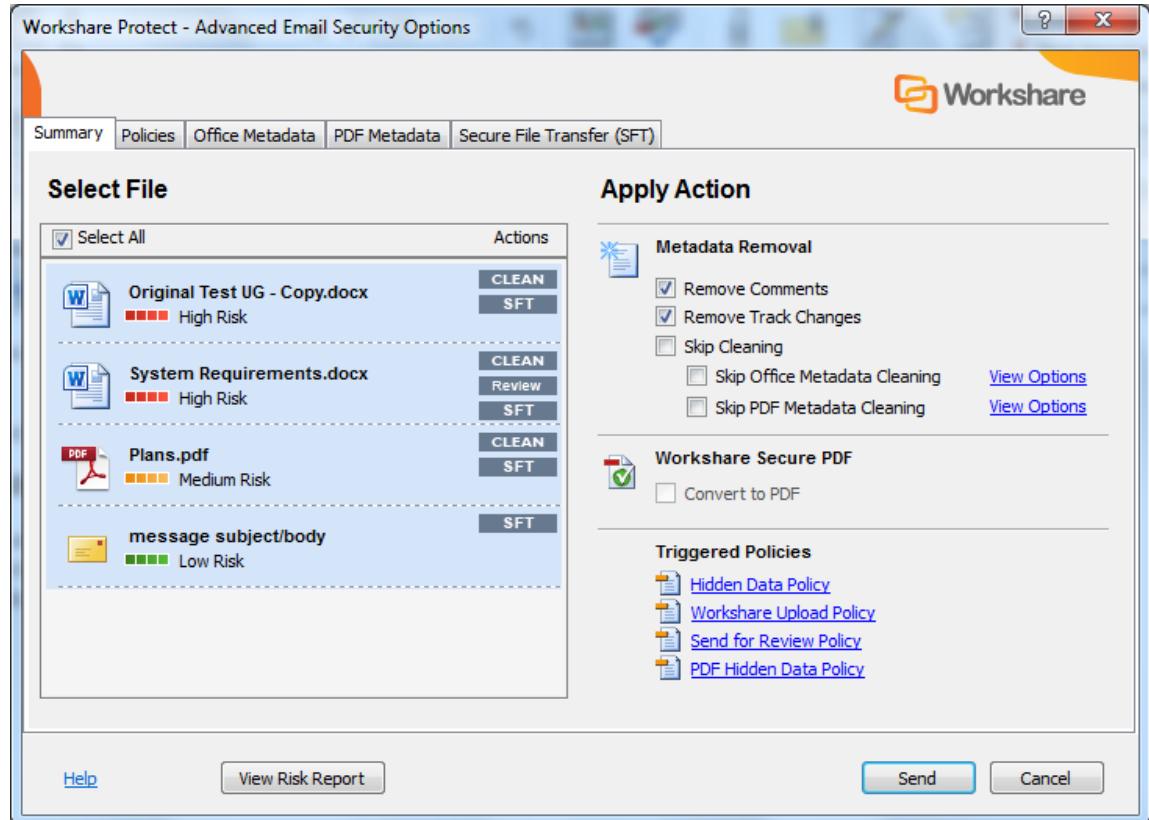


The Protect Profile dialog may be displayed in different ways depending on the option selected for the **After an email with attachments is sent show** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Protection > Administration** category).

- **Protect Profile dialog using desktop profiles:** The Protect Profile dialog is displayed after clicking **Send**. It provides a list of profiles available locally from which you can select to apply to your email (shown above).
- **Protect Profile dialog using server profiles:** The Protect Profile dialog is displayed after clicking **Send**. It provides a list of profiles available on Workshare Protect Server from which you can select to apply to your email.

The Protect Profile dialog is described on page 155.

Email Security Dialog



The Email Security dialog may be displayed in different circumstances depending on the option selected for the **After an email with attachments is sent show** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Protection > Administration** category).

- **Email Security dialog while discovering risk:** The *Email Security* dialog is always displayed. It is displayed immediately after clicking **Send** while Workshare Protect checks the email against the default profile. The options are enabled once the check is complete.
- **Email Security dialog for all mail:** The *Email Security* dialog is always displayed. It is displayed after clicking **Send** once Workshare Protect has checked the email against the default profile.
- **Email Security dialog for internal mail only:** The *Email Security* dialog is displayed when an email has internal recipients. It is displayed after clicking **Send** once Workshare Protect has checked the email against the default profile. For email to external recipients only, the *Email Security* dialog is not displayed. This is only relevant when **Apply Workshare Protect** is selected for **Internal Email**.
- **Email Security dialog for external mail only:** The *Email Security* dialog is displayed when an email has external recipients. It is displayed after clicking **Send** once Workshare Protect has checked the email against the default profile. For email to internal recipients only, the *Email Security* dialog is not displayed. This is only relevant when **Apply Workshare Protect** is selected for **External Email**.
- **No dialog (process actions transparently):** The *Email Security* dialog is not displayed. Workshare Protect processes the email and applies the default profile without any user intervention.

The Email Security dialog is described on page 158.

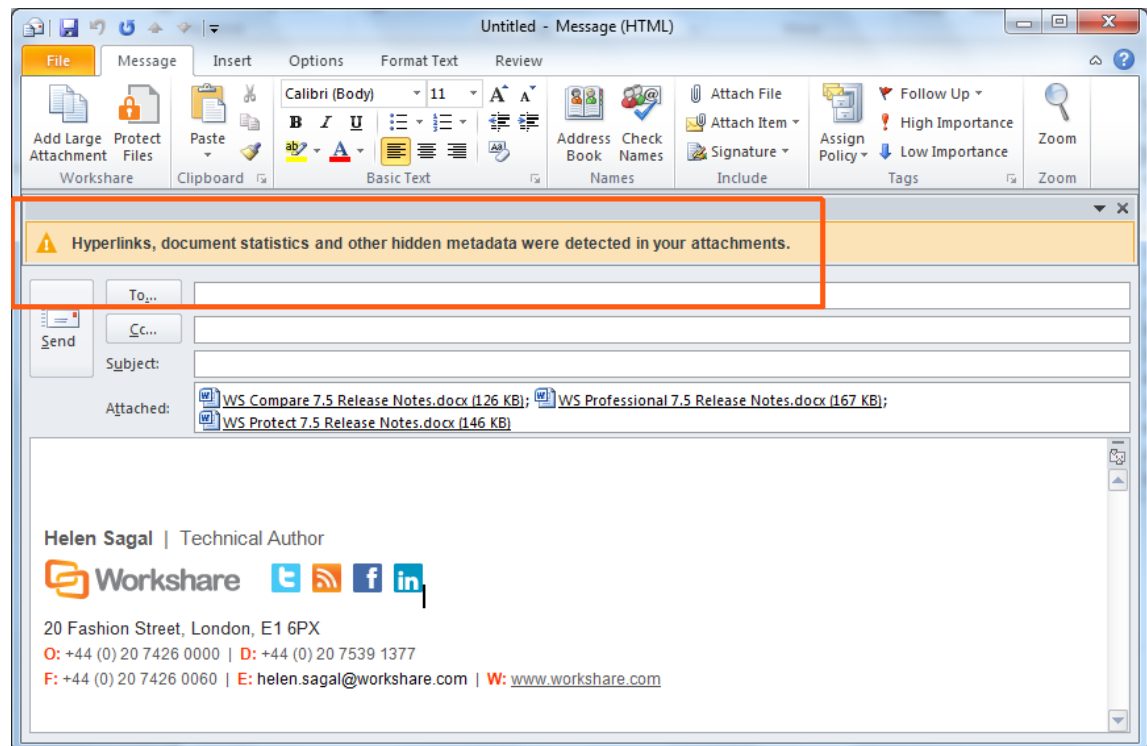
Interactive Protect

The Interactive Protect panel offers you options to control your documents and secure attachments before sending your email.

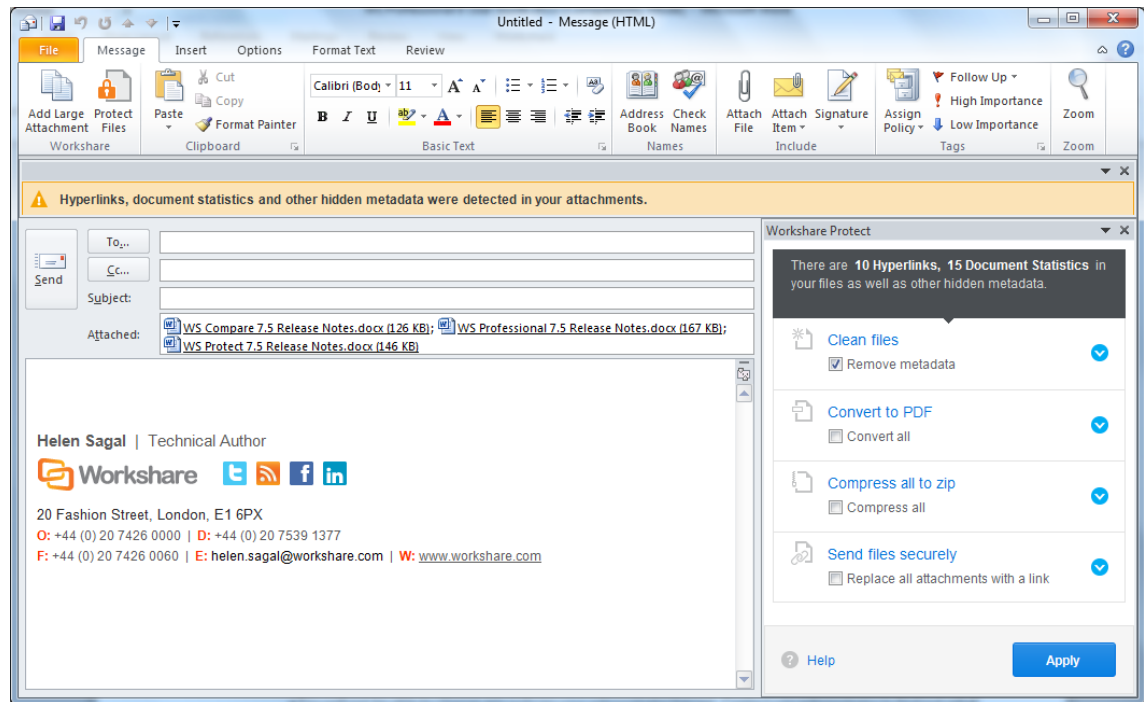
- **Remove Metadata:** Enables you to clean metadata from your attachments.
- **Convert to PDF:** Enables you to convert all the attachments to PDF or PDF/A.
- **Compress Files:** Enables you to compress all attachments together into one zip file.
- **Secure File Transfer:** Enables you to send your documents to a secure location send recipients a link to that location.

To work with Interactive Protect:

Open Outlook and create a new email. Attach one or more files. Immediately Workshare Protect reports on the metadata found in a notification across the top of your email.



If the Interactive Protect panel doesn't open automatically, click the warning or click **Protect Files** in the Message tab. The Interactive Protect panel is displayed on the right side of your email window.



Using the options in the panel, you can clean metadata from the attachments, convert them to PDF, compress them in a zip file – all before sending the email. You can preview exactly what the processed attachments will appear like to the recipients BEFORE sending the email. Additionally, you can send the attachments to a secure location in Workshare and send only a link to that location to the recipients.

After selecting the required options, you must click **Apply** and then you can write your email while the changes are being applied before finally clicking **Send** once you are confident that what you are sending is secure and safe.

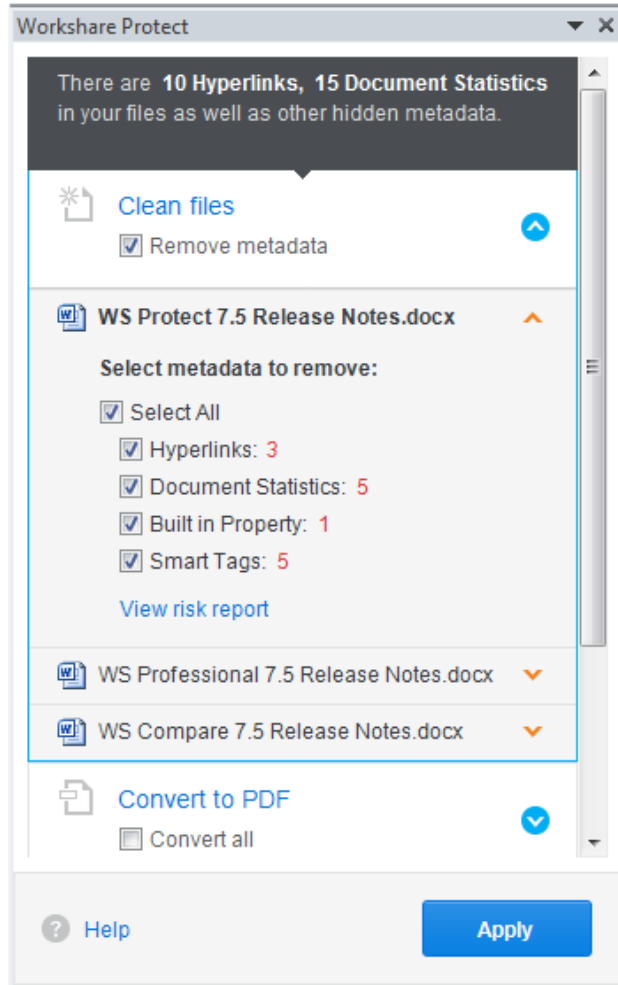
If you do NOT click **Apply** before sending the email, your Interactive Protect settings will not be applied and the attachments will be processed using the default profile.

***Note:** If you create an email with an attachment, clean with Interactive Protect and then close the email, you are not prompted to save the email BUT the email is saved to your drafts folder.*

Cleaning Metadata Using Interactive Protect

In the Interactive Protect panel, you can leave the **Remove metadata** checkbox selected (this is selected by default) and click **Apply**. All metadata is removed from all the attachments.

To select specific metadata to remove from each attachment, you can expand the **Clean files** section.



You can expand each attachment and adjust the metadata to remove for each one by selecting/deselecting the checkboxes.

Note: To view a detailed report of the metadata found in an attachment, click **View risk report**.

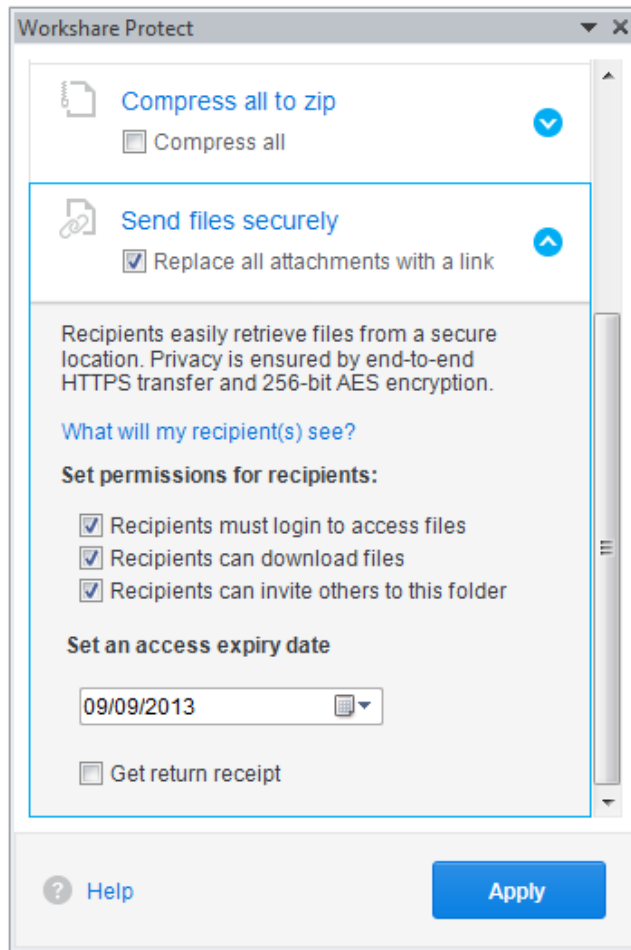
Click **Apply** and the selected metadata is removed from each attachment.

You can write your email while the attachments are being cleaned and then preview the files by opening the cleaned attachments. Finally click **Send** once you are confident that what you are sending is secure and safe.

Secure File Transfer Using Interactive Protect

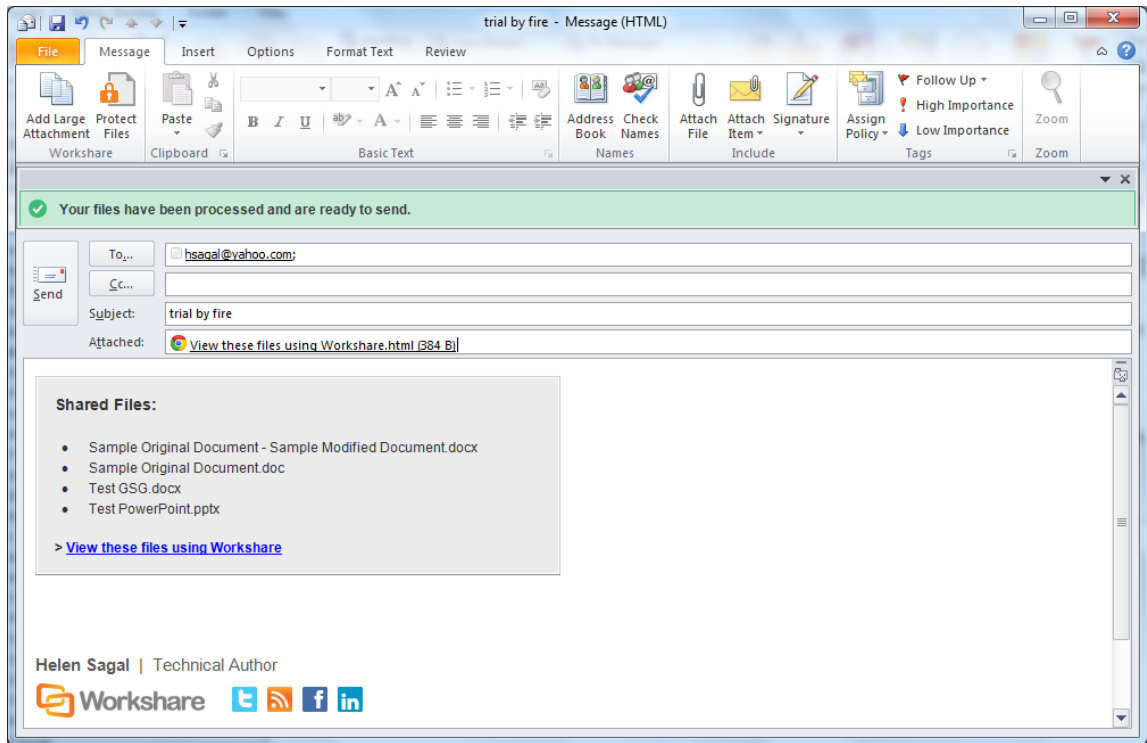
In the Interactive Protect panel, you can select the **Replace all attachments with a link** checkbox selected and click **Apply**. The attachments are uploaded to Workshare Online and are replaced in the email with a link to their secure location.

To change the permissions set for the attachments in Workshare or to set an expiry date, you can select the **Replace all attachments with a link** checkbox and expand the **Send files securely** section.



- Deselect any of the following permissions for the attachments as required:
 - **Recipients must login to access files:** When selected, the recipient must be a Workshare user and must log into Workshare Online in order to access the files.
 - **Recipients can download files:** When selected, recipients can download the files.
 - **Recipients can invite others to this folder:** When selected, recipients can share the folder where the attachments are stored.
- If required, select an expiry date for the files. After this date, recipients will no longer be able to access the files.
- Select the **Get return receipt** checkbox if you want to receive an email once the recipients have accessed the files.

Click **Apply** and enter your Workshare login credentials in the Workshare Account Details dialog. Click **Log In**. The attachments are uploaded into a single folder in Workshare (named with a date and time stamp) and the attachments are replaced in the email with a link.



You can write your email while the attachments are being processed and then preview the files in Workshare by clicking the link. The files are uploaded into a single folder in your **Sent Items** folder in Workshare and in the Recipients **Inbox** folder.

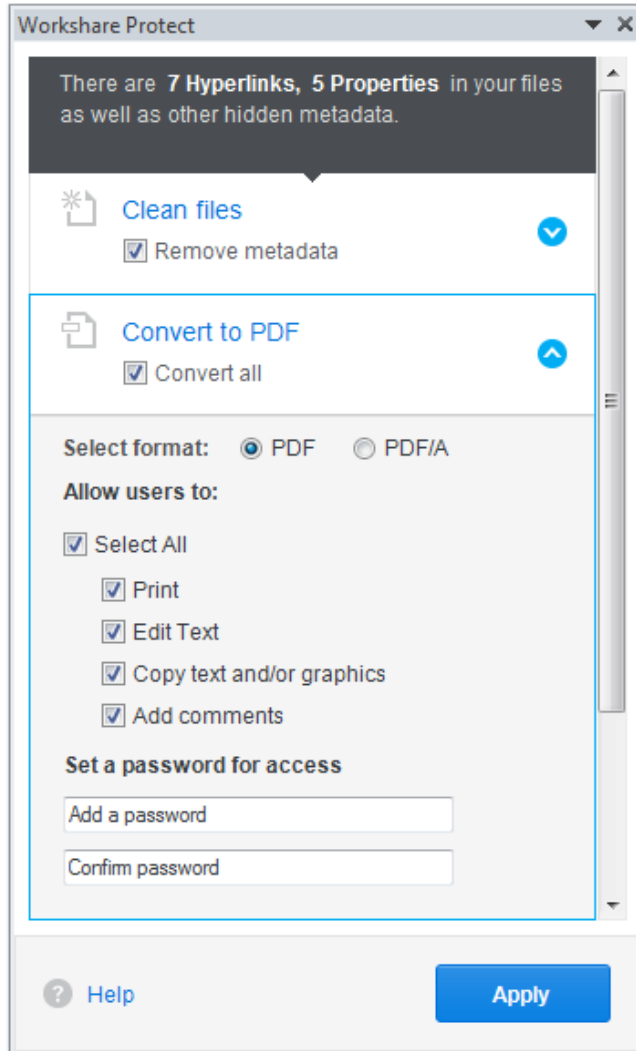


Finally in your email, click **Send** once you are confident that what you are sending is secure and safe.

Converting Attachments to PDF Using Interactive Protect

In the Interactive Protect panel, you can select the **Convert all** checkbox in the **Convert to PDF** section and click **Apply** and all attachments are converted to PDF.

To select specific PDF conversion settings for the attachments, you can select the **Convert all** checkbox and expand the **Convert to PDF** section.



- Select whether to convert the attachments to PDF or PDF/A.
- Select all or some of the following security options:
 - **Print:** Enables recipients to print PDF files.
 - **Edit Text:** Enables recipients with Adobe Distiller to edit PDF files.
 - **Copy text and/or graphics:** Enables recipients to copy graphics or text directly from PDF files.
 - **Add comments:** Enables recipients with Adobe Distiller to add comments to PDF files.

Note: These options are not available if you selected PDF/A.

- If required, set a password to protect the PDF files by entering the password twice. When a password is specified, recipients can only open the PDF files after entering this password.

Note: This option is not available if you selected PDF/A.

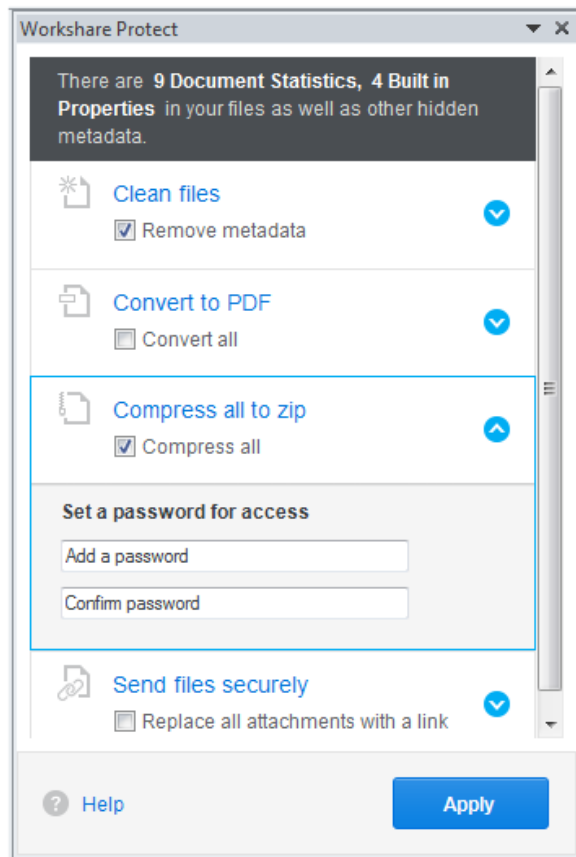
Click **Apply** and the selected PDF settings are applied to all attachments.

You can write your email while the attachments are being converted and then preview the files by opening the converted attachments. Finally click **Send** once you are confident that what you are sending is secure and safe.

Compressing Attachments Using Interactive Protect

In the Interactive Protect panel, you can select the **Compress all** checkbox in the **Compress all to zip** section and click **Apply** and all attachments are converted to PDF.

To set a password for the zip file, you can select the **Compress all** checkbox and expand the **Compress all to zip** section.



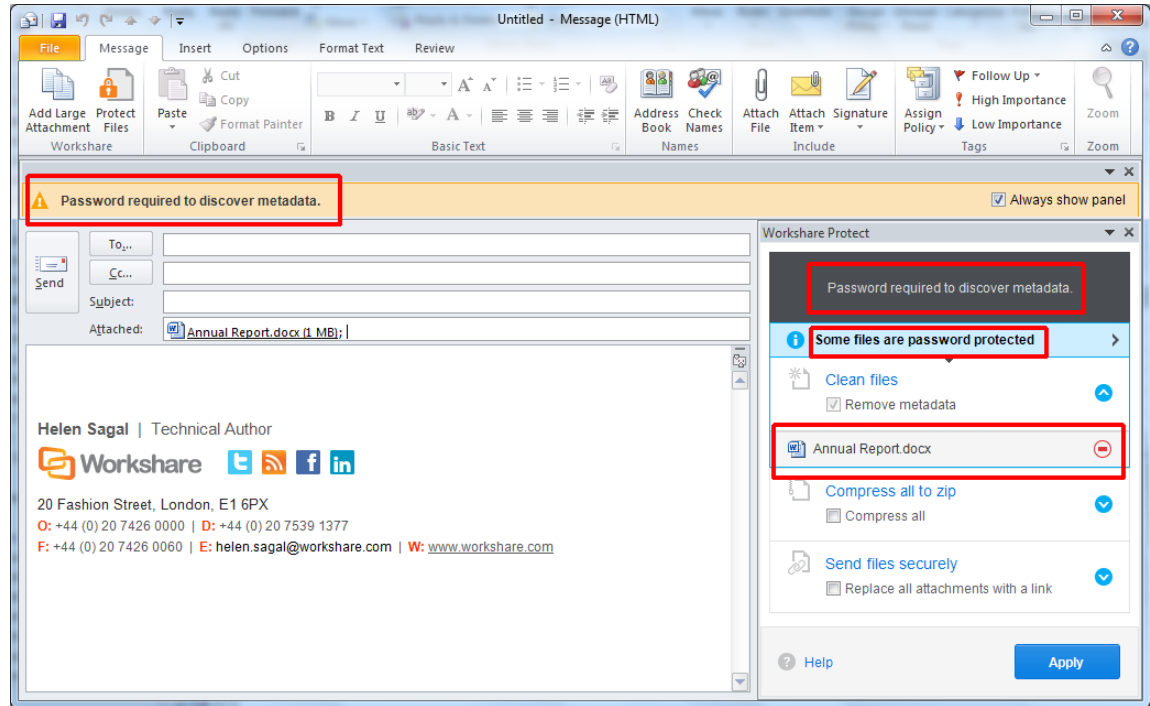
If required, set a password to protect the zip file by entering the password twice. When a password is specified, recipients can only open the zip file after entering this password.

Click **Apply** and all the attachments are compressed into a single zip file called **Attachments.zip**.

You can write your email while the attachments are being compressed and then preview the files by opening the zip attachment. Finally click **Send** once you are confident that what you are sending is secure and safe.

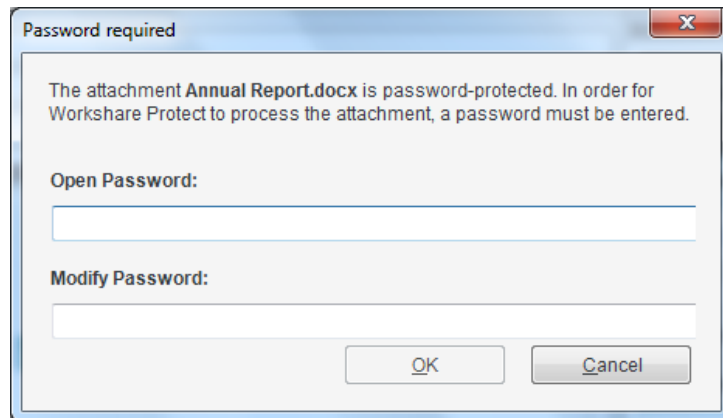
Password Protected Files and Interactive Protect

When you attach a password-protected file, Workshare cannot clean or convert the file unless you enter the password. Warnings are shown in your email window as follows:



In order to proceed and clean the attachment or convert it to PDF, you must enter the open/modify password.

Click the  icon. The Password required dialog is displayed.



Enter the Open or Modify passwords (or both) and click **OK**.

You will now be able to expand the attachment in the Interactive Protect panel and select which metadata to remove or whether to convert the attachment to PDF.

Note: You can send password-protected attachments securely and compress them without the need to enter the open/modify password.

Using the Protect Profile Dialog

The *Protect Profile* dialog provides a simple UI that enables you to select what profile to apply to your emails.

A profile is a collection of policies that include a set of instructions to Workshare Protect as to what metadata to remove from an email attachment, whether to convert the attachment to PDF and whether to upload the attachment to Workshare Online and send a link instead.

Metadata settings and PDF instructions are specified per file type – Microsoft Word documents, Excel spreadsheets and PowerPoint presentations as well as PDF files. So for example, a profile could specify that comments and hidden text should be removed from Microsoft Word attachments and the document should be converted to PDF and only hidden worksheets should be removed from Microsoft Excel attachments and they should not be converted to PDF.

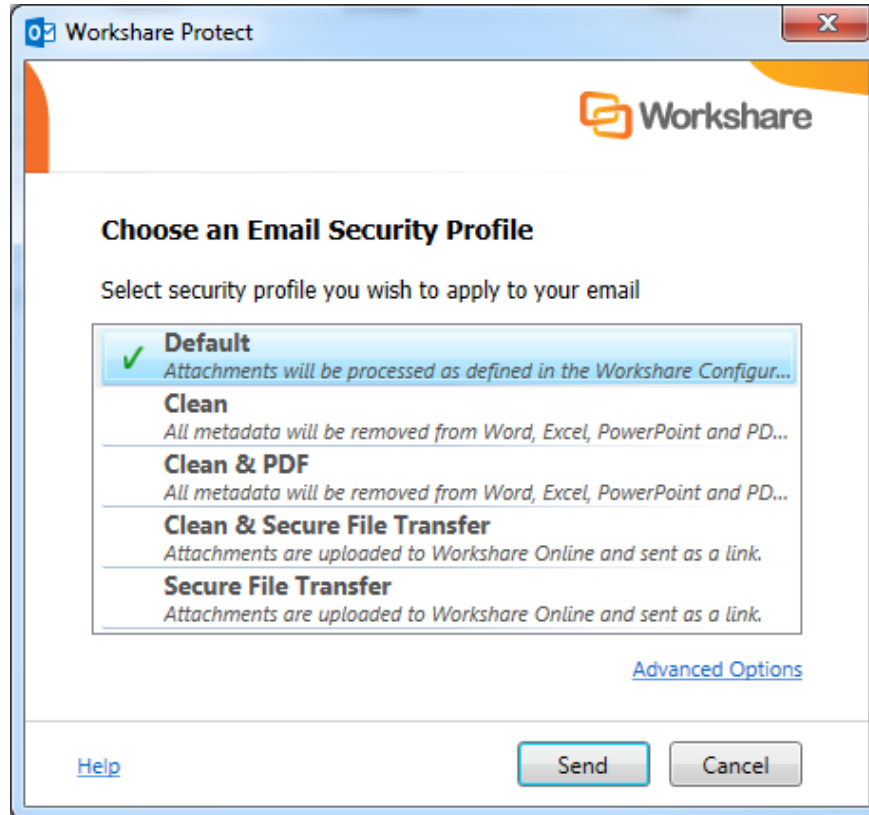
Your administrator defines profiles. Your administrator may have adopted a task-based approach or recipient-based approach when creating profiles:

- **Task-based profiles:** For example, you are working on a legal document and sending it to colleagues to receive input. You email it and select the “Working Draft” profile which will remove metadata but keep track changes and comments. After receiving input and implementing changes, you email it and select the “Final Draft” profile which will remove metadata and remove track changes and comments. Once you are happy with the document, you email it and select the “Final” profile which will remove metadata, track changes and comments and convert the document to PDF.
- **Recipient-based profiles:** For example, your company has a policy that whatever documents you send to opposing counsel, the metadata must be removed and the document must be converted to PDF. You therefore have a profile called “opposing counsel” which removes metadata and converts to PDF. You also have a profile called “Personal” which does nothing.

These are just examples of the types of profiles that might be defined. If you have any questions or requirements regarding the profiles, contact your administrator.

To send an email:

1. Create a new email, attach the required document(s) and click **Send**. The *Protect Profile* dialog is displayed.



2. Select the profile you want to apply to your attachments and click **Send**. The following default profiles are provided with Workshare Protect:
 - **Default**: Attachments are processed according to the settings in the Workshare Configuration Manager.
 - **Clean**: All metadata is cleaned from Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint and PDF attachments.
 - **Clean & PDF**: All metadata is cleaned from Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint and PDF attachments and Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint attachments are also converted to PDF.
 - **Clean & Secure File Transfer**: All metadata is cleaned from Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint and PDF attachments and then the attachments are uploaded to Workshare Online and recipients are sent a link to the attachments. Refer to *Secure File Transfer Profiles*, page 158.
 - **Secure File Transfer**: Attachments are uploaded to Workshare Online and recipients are sent a link to the attachments. Refer to *Secure File Transfer Profiles*, page 158.

If you want to send your email without Workshare Protect processing the attachments, click the arrow on the **Send** button and select **Send without processing**.

If you want to access *the Email Security* dialog and specify personal settings or individual settings for each attachment, click the **Advanced Options** link. The *Email Security* dialog is displayed with options matching the profile selected. Refer to the next section for a description of the *Email Security* dialog.

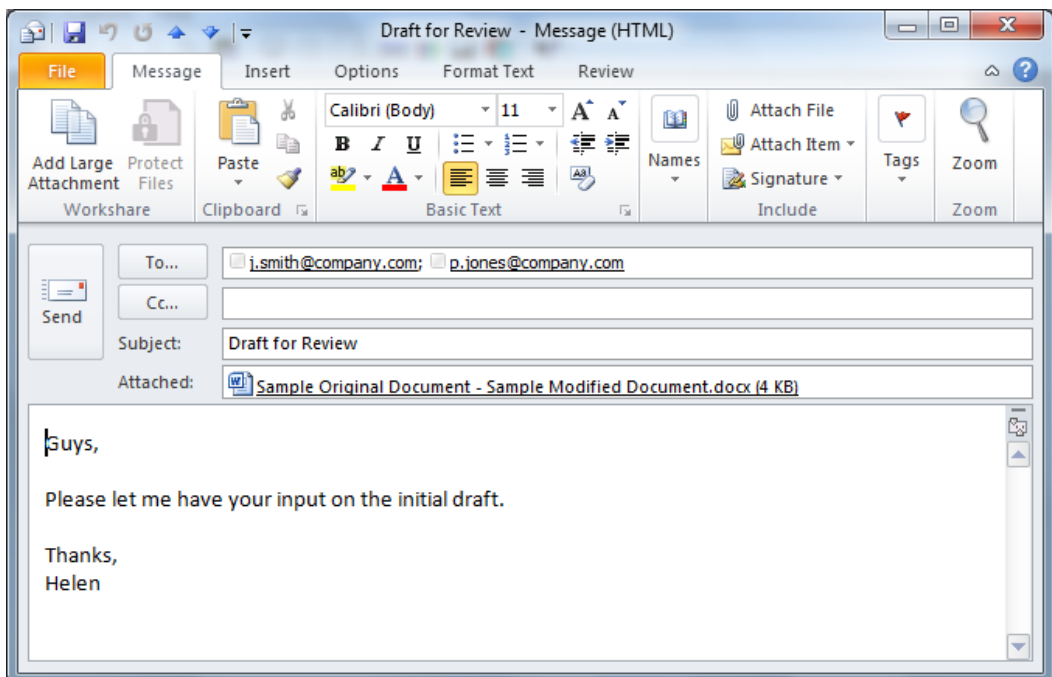
Note: Your administrator may not have enabled the Secure File Transfer profiles or the **Send without processing** option or the **Advanced Options** link.

Secure File Transfer Profiles

You can upload almost any file to Workshare Online and send any recipient a link to where the document is stored in Workshare. All recipients will be able to view the document in Workshare in a browser and those recipients who have a Workshare account will also be able to collaborate on the documents by adding comments in real-time and uploading versions.

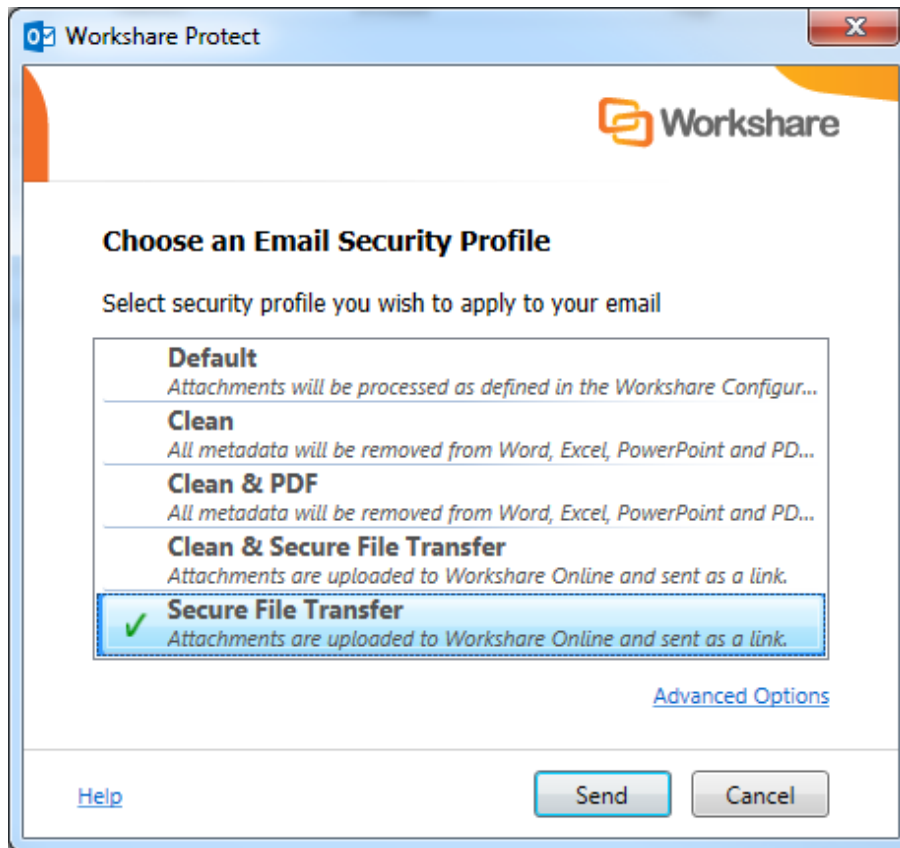
To securely transfer files:

1. Create a new email, enter the recipient email addresses and attach the required document(s).



2. Click **Send**. The *Protect Profile* dialog is displayed.

3. Select **Secure File Transfer** or **Clean & Secure File Transfer** (if you want to remove metadata from the attachments before uploading them to Workshare).

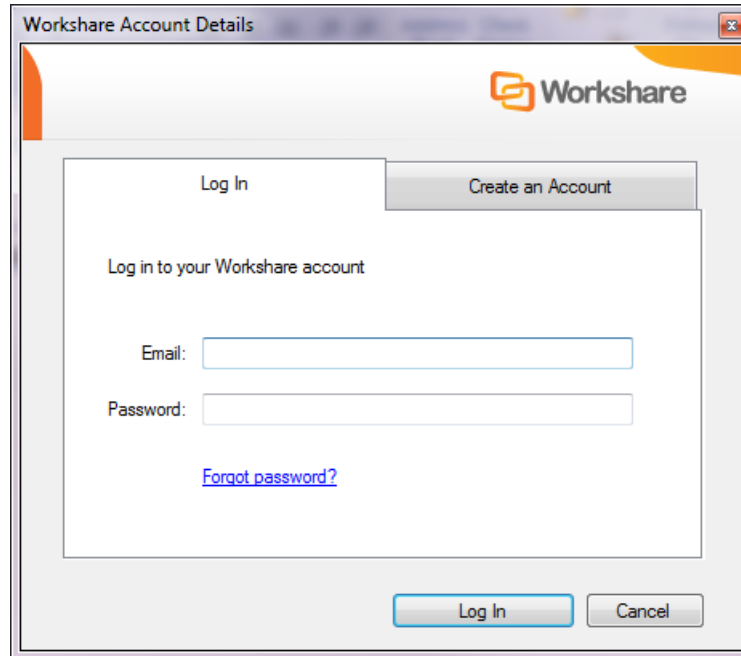


Note: Click **Advanced Options** if you want to configure specific user access to the documents in Workshare. Refer to *Advanced Options*, page 161.

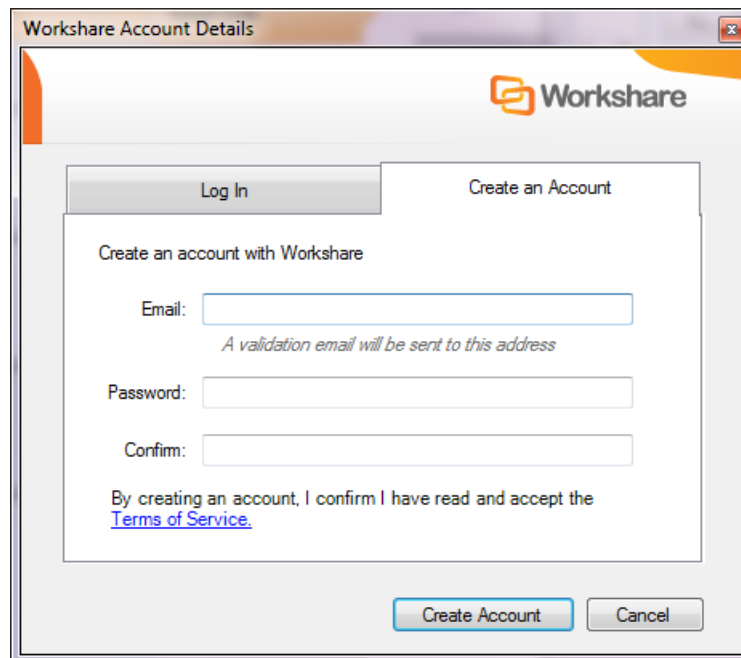
4. Click **Send**. The *Workshare Account Details* dialog is displayed.

Note: If you are already logged into Workshare, the attached files are uploaded to a folder in Workshare. The name of the folder is whatever is entered into the **Subject** field of the email followed by the date and time.

- If you already have an account with Workshare, in the **Log In** tab, enter your Workshare login email and password and click **Log In**. The attached files are uploaded to a folder in Workshare.



- If you are new to Workshare, complete the **Create an account** tab by entering an email address and password to use as your Workshare login.



Click **Create Account**. A message indicating that you must validate your new account is displayed. Click **OK**. The email is sent but the recipient will not be able to access the attachment until you have validated your account. Open the validation email and click the link in that email to validate your account.

The attached files are uploaded to a folder in Workshare. The name of the folder is whatever is entered into the **Subject** field of the email followed by the date and time. This folder appears in your **Sent Items** folder in My Files and Folders in Workshare. The recipient receives an email notifying them that files have been uploaded to Workshare and providing a link to the files.

Receiving Links

Recipients of emails sent using the Secure File Transfer profiles receive an email with details of the name of the file and a link to click to access the file in Workshare Online. The means of access and options available to the recipient will vary depending on whether the recipient is a Workshare user and the settings specified by the sender. Scenarios include:

- When a recipient is a Workshare user, clicking the link displays the location in Workshare where the file (or files) is stored. The file or files are stored in a folder with a name that matches the subject of the email. This folder appears in the recipient's **Inbox** folder in My Files and Folders in Workshare. The recipient can add comments to the file, upload versions and make changes to the folder where the file is stored.
- If the sender has specified that the recipient need not be a Workshare user, clicking the link displays the location in Workshare where the file (or files) is stored. The recipient can view the file and download it.
- If the sender has specified that the recipient must be logged in to Workshare, clicking the link displays the Workshare login and the recipient must first log in to Workshare in order to view the location in Workshare where the file (or files) is stored and download it.
- If the sender has specified an expiry date then the link will only work until the expiry date. Once the date has passed, the recipient will not be able to access the file.

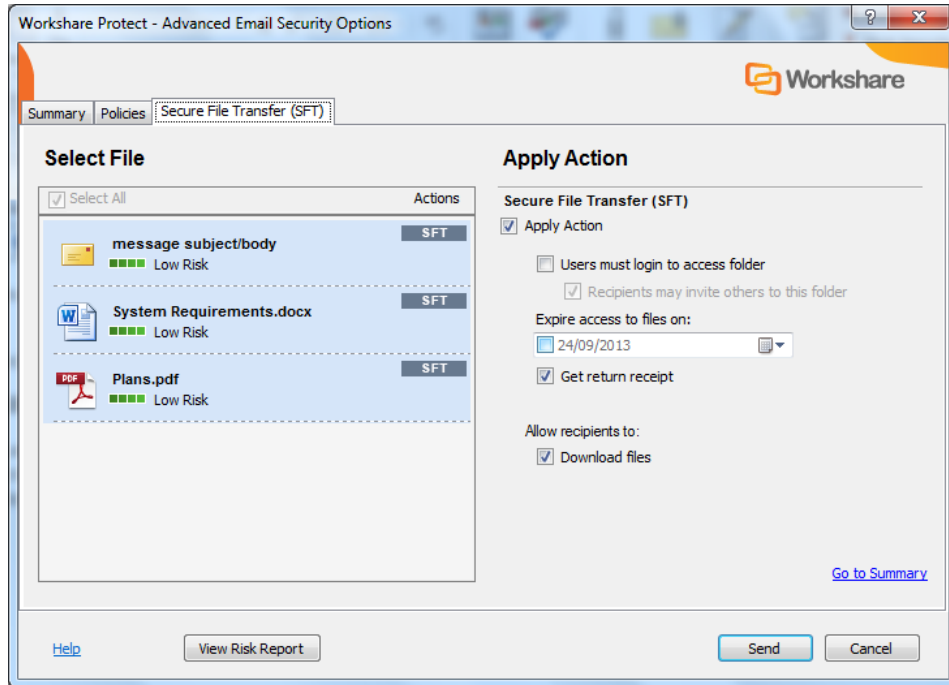
Advanced Options

You can set advanced access rights to documents that you store in Workshare to control recipient access. Clicking **Advanced Options** in the *Protect Profile* dialog enables you to configure specific user access to the documents you are uploading to Workshare.

To configure advanced options:

1. Create a new email, enter the recipient email addresses and attach the required document(s).
2. Click **Send**. The *Protect Profile* dialog is displayed.
3. Select **Secure File Transfer** or **Clean & Secure File Transfer** and click **Advanced Options**. The *Advanced Email Security Options* dialog is displayed.

4. Select the **Secure File Transfer (SFT)** tab.



5. If your administrator has given you the rights to access the Advanced Options, you can configure the following parameters:

Apply Action	When selected the selected profile (Secure File Transfer or Clean & Secure File Transfer) is applied to the email. When not selected, the email is sent without a profile being applied.
Users must login to access folder	When selected, the recipient must be a Workshare user and must log into Workshare in order to access the file. When not selected, the recipient can access Workshare without being a registered user to view and download the file only.
Recipients may invite others to this folder	When selected, recipients can forward the link to other recipients who will be able to access the file. Unless Users must login to access folder is selected, this option is always selected.
Expire access to files on:	You can specify an expiry date for the file. After this date, the recipient will no longer be able to access the file.
Get return receipt	When selected, you will receive an email once the recipient has accessed the file.
Download files	When selected, recipients can download the file.

***Note:** The default settings of these parameters are set in the Workshare Policy Designer.*

6. You specify these settings for the files selected on the left side. So you can select multiple files and set the same settings for all or you can select an individual file and specify setting individually.
7. Click **Send**. The attached files are uploaded to a folder in Workshare. The name of the folder is whatever is entered into the **Subject** field of the email followed by the date and time.

Using the Email Security Dialog

When you send an email using the *Email Security* dialog configuration, Workshare Protect checks any attachments to see if they breach any security policies defined in the default profile. A security policy defines the conditions that must exist in order for Workshare Protect to detect content risk and the actions that should be taken when the conditions are met (i.e. content risk is found).

When deciding which policy to apply, Workshare Protect checks each recipient. If an external recipient is found, external policy settings are applied. Only if all recipients are internal, are internal policy settings applied. For example, an attached document could contain hidden data that should not be sent to external parties but is suitable for distribution internally.

The options available to you depend on the security policies in place in your organization and the action specified for a policy breach. The different actions are as follows:

- **Block Action:** This action blocks your attempts to send the email until the offending information is removed. See Resolving Blocked Emails for more information.
- **Alert Action:** This action alerts you to content risk contained within your email, although you are still able to send the email. See Reviewing Alerts for more information.
- **Clean Action/Lightspeed Clean Action/PDF Clean:** This action cleans the attachments before sending the email. See Cleaning Hidden Data from Attachments for more information.
- **PDF Action:** This action converts attached documents to PDF before sending the email. See Converting Attachments to PDF for more information.

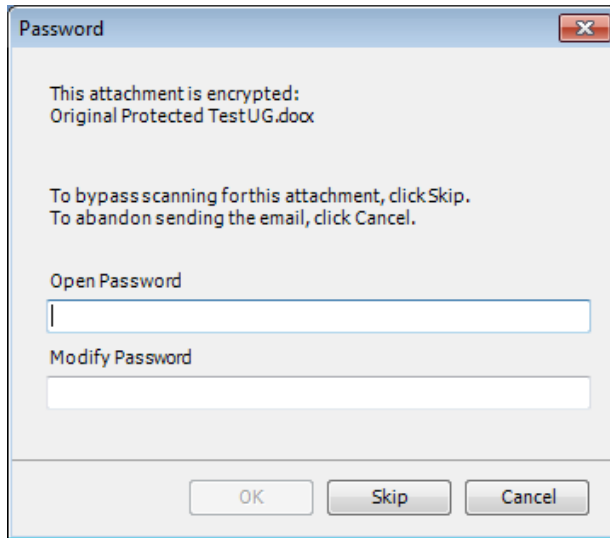
Note: Using the **Apply Workshare Protect** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Protection > Administration** category), Workshare Protect can be configured to **NOT** check attachments of emails sent internally or externally (or both) to see if they breach any security policies. If you have queries about your email security settings, refer to your administrator.

Password-Protected Documents

When an attachment is encrypted (password-protected), Workshare Protect requires the password in order to check the document. Password-protection here refers to the file encryption functionality available in MS Word where the user can set a password that must be entered in order to **open** or **modify** the document.

Note: This functionality is available by clicking the File menu/Office button, selecting **Save As** and from the Save As dialog, clicking **Tools** and then selecting **General Options**.

When sending an email with an attachment that requires a password in order to be opened or modified, a *Password* dialog is displayed. For example,

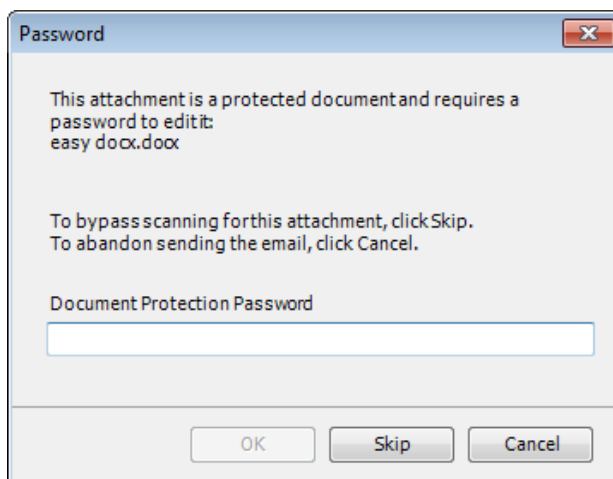


Enter the password required to open the document in the **Open Password** or **Modify Password** field and click **OK**, or you can click **Skip** and Workshare Protect will not check the document.

When an attachment is a protected document, Workshare Protect also requires the password in order to check the document. Protected document refers to the "Protect Document" functionality available in MS Word where the user can restrict specific users from editing specific sections of the document. The protection settings are protected by a password.

***Note:** This functionality is available from the **Review** tab (**Protect** group) – click **Restrict Editing** (MS Word 2010/2013) or click **Protect Document** (MS Word 2007).*

When sending an email with an attachment that is a protected document, a *Password* dialog is displayed. For example,



Enter the password required to open the document in the **Document Protection Password** field and click **OK**, or you can click **Skip** and Workshare Protect will not check the document.

Send and Protect

Your administrator may have configured Workshare Protect to include a **Send and Protect** button in your message window. If so, you can click this button instead of clicking **Send** and the *Email Security* dialog will always be displayed – regardless of policy settings. You can then select to clean attachments or convert attachments to PDF as required.

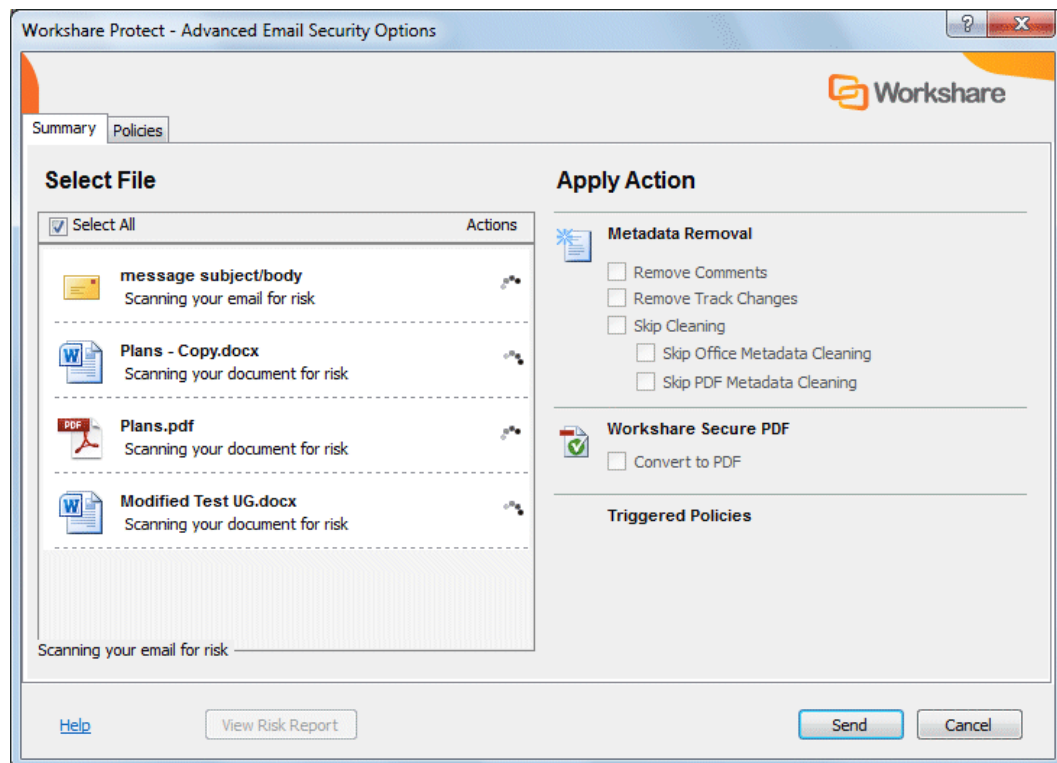
Sending Emails

The following procedure describes how to send emails using the *Email Security* dialog.

To send an email:

Create a new email, attach the required document(s) and click **Send**. The *Email Security* dialog is displayed.

Note: If the *Email Security dialog while discovering risk* option has been selected (**When sending an email with attachments show** parameter, **Protection > Administration** category), the *Email Security* dialog is displayed immediately while Workshare Protect checks the email against the default profile. The options are enabled once the check is complete (see example screen below). When this option is not selected, a progress bar is first displayed and the *Email Security* dialog is only displayed once the check is complete.



This dialog alerts you to any breaches of security policies in the default profile triggered by your email or its attachments. If your administrator has given you permissions, you can modify the settings for each attachment. Refer to Quick Tour of the Email Security Dialog for further information about the options available.

If the **Email Security dialog while discovering risk** option has been selected and you click **Send** before Workshare Protect has finished checking the email, the email is sent and the attachment(s) is processed according the settings in the default profile. This mean that the actual metadata that is cleaned and the settings used for converting to PDF are taken from the default profile.

Click **Send** and Workshare Protect processes the email as specified.

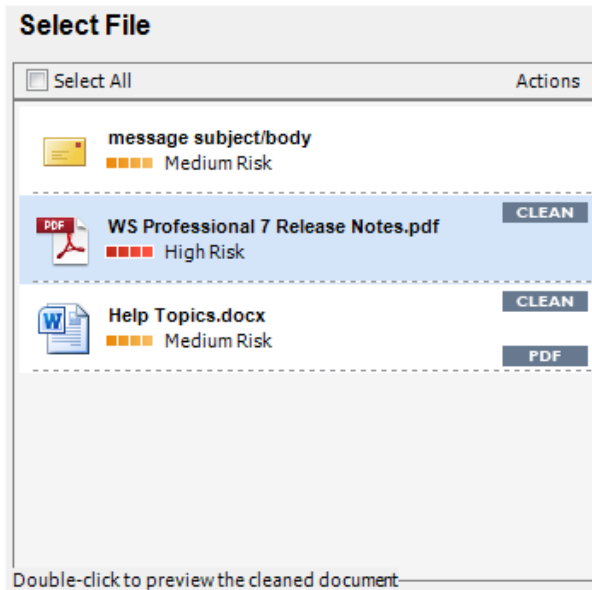
Quick Tour of the Email Security Dialog

The *Email Security* dialog includes several tabs. The number of tabs may vary according to the policies triggered but there will always be a **Summary** tab and a **Policies** tab.

*Tip! Click **View Risk Report** if you want to print a risk report detailing the content risk discovered in the attached document(s). The risk report enables you to evaluate the content risk contained in the selected attachments.*

Select File Area

The **Select File** area is the same in every tab. It includes a list of the email attachments that have triggered a policy.




For each item, you can see the risk level and the actions to be applied to the item. You can select individual attachments or select the entire list by selecting the **Select All** checkbox. When a Clean or PDF action is to be applied, you can double-click an item in the list to preview what it will look like once the actions have been applied. For example, if an attachment in DOC format will have the PDF action applied, double-clicking this DOC attachment will enable you to preview it as a PDF.

Summary Tab

The **Apply Action** area of the **Summary** tab provides one-click checkboxes to change details of the Clean and PDF actions as well as a list of triggered policies which provides links to the policies that triggered the actions.

Apply Action

 **Metadata Removal**


Remove Comments

Remove Track Changes

Skip Cleaning




Skip Office Metadata Cleaning [View Options](#)

Skip PDF Metadata Cleaning [View Options](#)

 **Workshare Secure PDF**

Convert to PDF [View Options](#)

Triggered Policies

-  [Document Conversion Policy](#)
-  [Hidden Data Policy](#)
-  [Hidden PDF Data Policy](#)

Under **Metadata Removal**, selecting **Remove Comments** or **Remove Track Changes** cleans comments or track changes from the selected attachment. Selecting one of the **Skip Cleaning** options means the selected attachment is not cleaned at all. Click **View Options** to display all options in the **Office Metadata/PDF Metadata** tabs.

Under **Workshare Secure PDF**, selecting **Convert to PDF** means the selected attachment is converted into PDF. Click **View Options** to display all options in the **Convert to PDF** tab.


Under **Triggered Policies**, there is a list of policies triggered by the email and its attachments. Click the name of a policy to see more information about the policy in the **Policies** tab.

***Note:** The availability of checkboxes and options may appear differently depending on your organization's security policies included in the default profile. Any options that are disabled have been locked. Refer to your system administrator if you need to override these settings.*


Policies Tab

The **View Policies** area on the right side of the **Policies** tab provides detailed information about the policies breached by the email and its attachments.

View Policies

 **Alert** [\[More \]](#)

Alert

 **Hidden PDF Data Policy** [\[Less \]](#)

Clean Policy.

Based on the following routing:

To External Recipients

The following has triggered the policy:

Cleans PDF documents of hidden data.

Why is this important?

[Go to Summary](#)

In the **Policies** tab, you can discover more information about what caused a breach of policy. Click **More/Less** to display/hide details of each policy as required.

Other Tabs

The **Office Metadata** tab is included in the *Email Security* dialog when a Clean or Lightspeed Clean action is triggered for an Office file. Refer to *Cleaning Hidden Data from Attachments*, page 171, for more information.

The **PDF Metadata** tab is included in the *Email Security* dialog when a PDF Clean action is triggered for a PDF file. Refer to *Cleaning Hidden Data from Attachments*, page 171, for more information.

The **Convert to PDF** tab is included in the *Email Security* dialog when a PDF action is triggered. Refer to *Converting Attachments to PDF*, page 174, for more information.

The **ZIP Options** tab is included in the *Email Security* dialog when a Zip action is triggered.

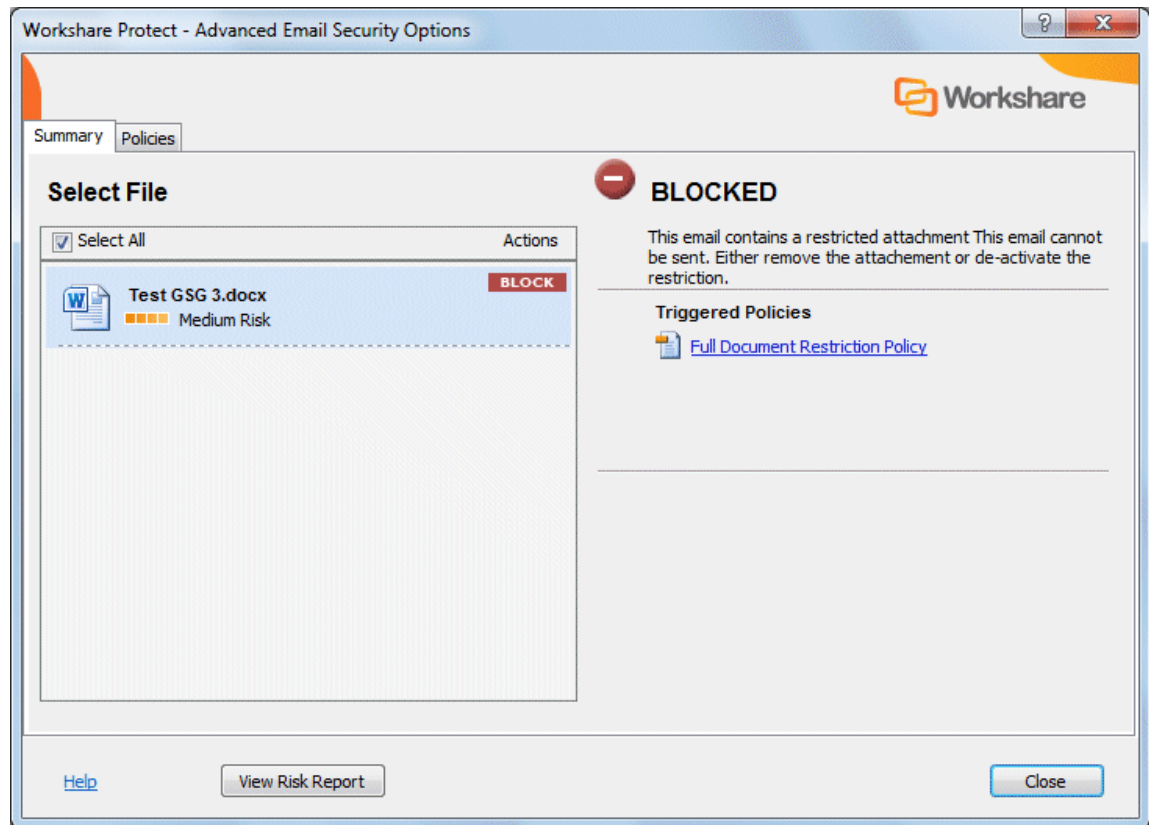
The **Secure File Transfer (SFT)** tab is included in the *Email Security* dialog when a Secure File Transfer profile is selected in the *Protect Profile* dialog. Refer to *Secure File Transfer Profiles*, page 158.

Resolving Blocked Emails

Every time you send an email with an attachment, Workshare Protect checks the attachment to see if it breaches any security policies in the default profile.

Your system administrator can define policies that block any attempt to send emails containing certain pre-defined policy triggers. An attempt to send an email or attachment that contains one of these policy triggers results in the email being blocked. If an email is blocked, the conditions that caused it to be blocked (content, attachment, or recipients) must be removed before the email can be sent.

When you send an email that triggers a **Block** action, Workshare Protect notifies you that your email has been blocked.



To resolve blocked emails:

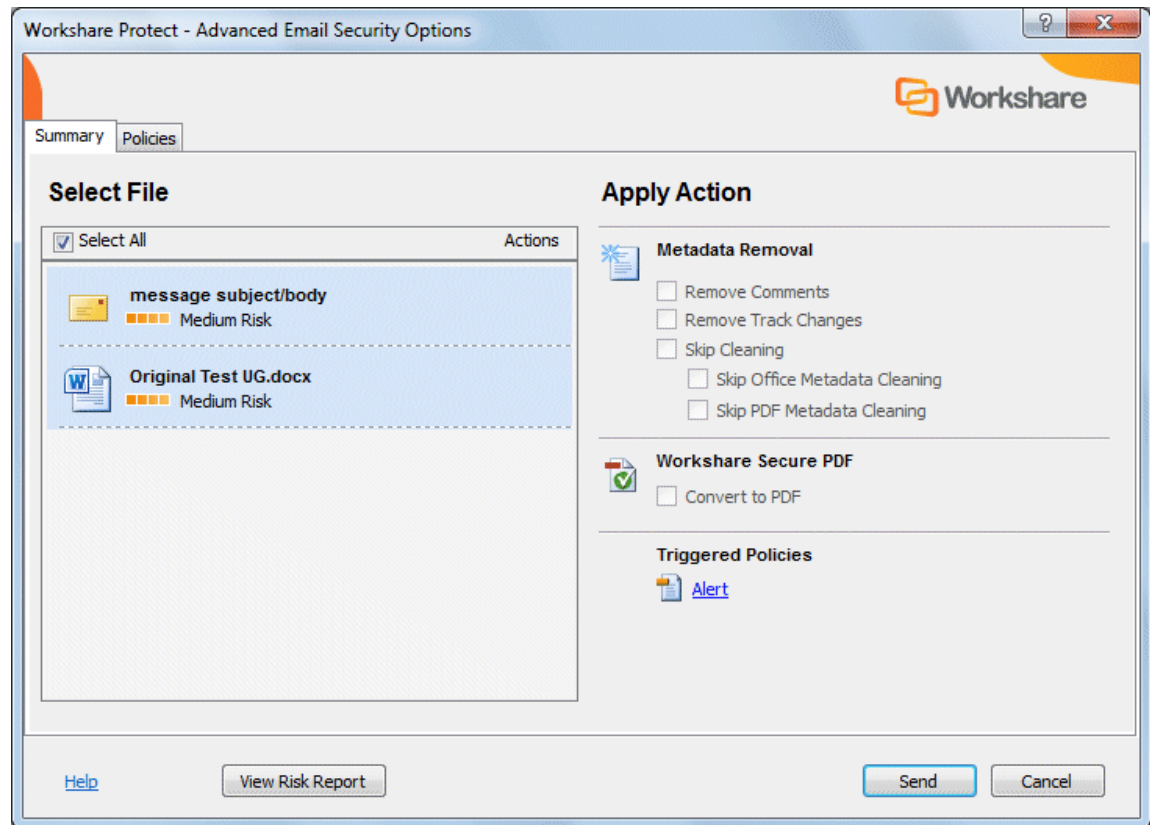
1. Click the name of the policy in the **Triggered Policies** list or select the **Policies** tab to view what content has triggered the email policy.
2. Click the **Close** button to close the *Email Security* dialog.
3. Make the appropriate changes to the email and/or document(s) by removing or modifying the content, attachments or recipients that caused your email to be blocked.
4. If making changes to attachments, re-attach the corrected documents.
5. Click **Send**. If you have made all the relevant changes, you should now be able to send the email successfully.

Reviewing Alerts

Every time you send an email with an attachment, Workshare Protect checks the attachment to see if it breaches any security policies in the default profile.

Your system administrator can define policies that contain certain pre-defined policy triggers that alert you to content risk in emails and documents when they are sent by email. The **Alert** action provides information about content or attachments that might violate policy, but does not require that the content be removed before sending the email.

When you send an email that triggers an **Alert** action, Workshare Protect notifies you that your email and/or attachment(s) contain content risk.



To find out more about what triggered a policy, click the name of the policy in the **Triggered Policies** list or select the **Policies** tab. The Policies tab is displayed showing the policies triggered on the right side. Click **More/Less** to display/hide details of each policy as required. If required, you can make changes to your email or the attached documents to take account of the content risk discovered.

When you are ready to send the email, click **Send**.

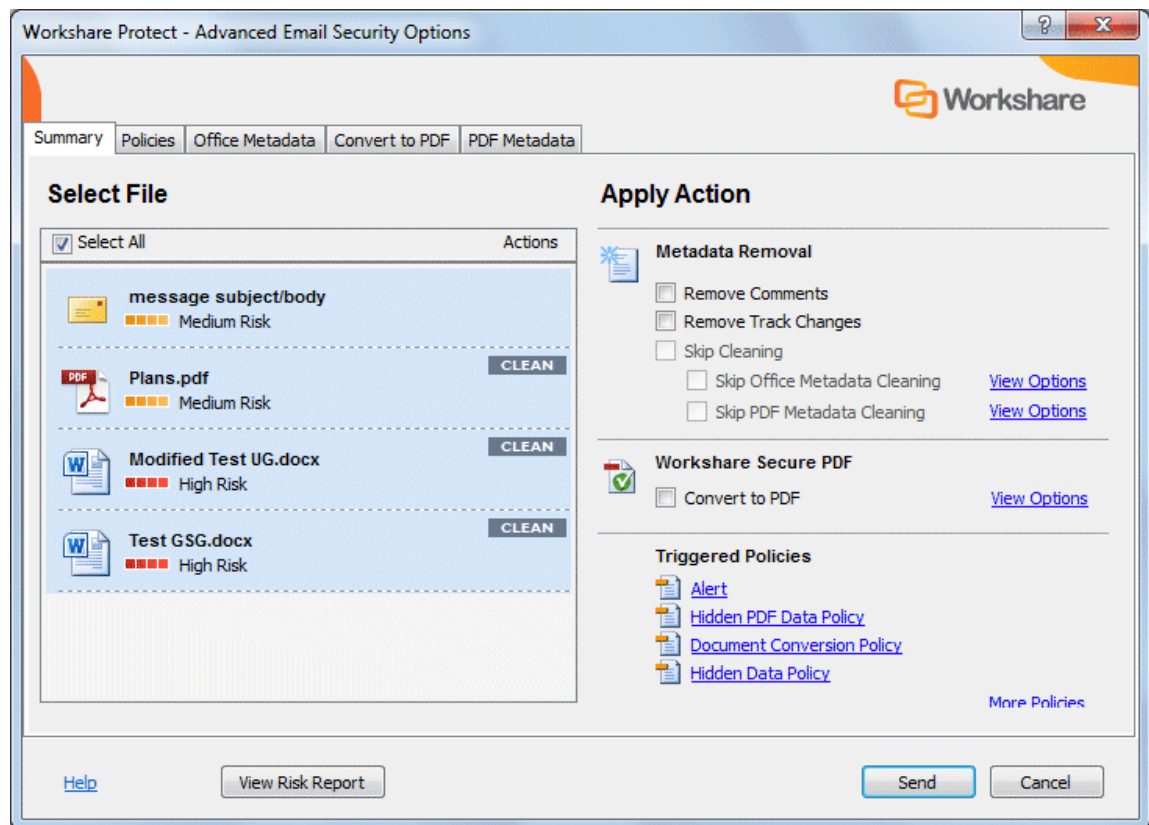
Cleaning Hidden Data from Attachments

Every time you send an email with an attachment, Workshare Protect checks the attachment to see if it breaches any security policies in the default profile.

Your system administrator can define policies that contain certain pre-defined policy triggers that oblige you to clean hidden data from attached documents when they are sent by email. The **Clean**, **Lightspeed Clean** and **PDF Clean** actions remove hidden data, such as track changes, hidden text, comments, markup and more, from attachments.

Lightspeed cleaning is much faster than regular cleaning because it maintains the original structure of the document but redacts hidden data which might contain sensitive information. Thus regular cleaning actually removes the hidden data element from the document whereas Lightspeed cleaning leaves the element but redacts it. With Lightspeed cleaning, formatting track changes which pose no risk are left intact. For a detailed description of what is cleaned using each method of cleaning, refer to Appendix B: Clean and Lightspeed Clean.

When you send an email that triggers a **Clean**, **Lightspeed Clean** or **PDF Clean** action, Workshare Protect notifies you that your email and/or attachment(s) will be cleaned.

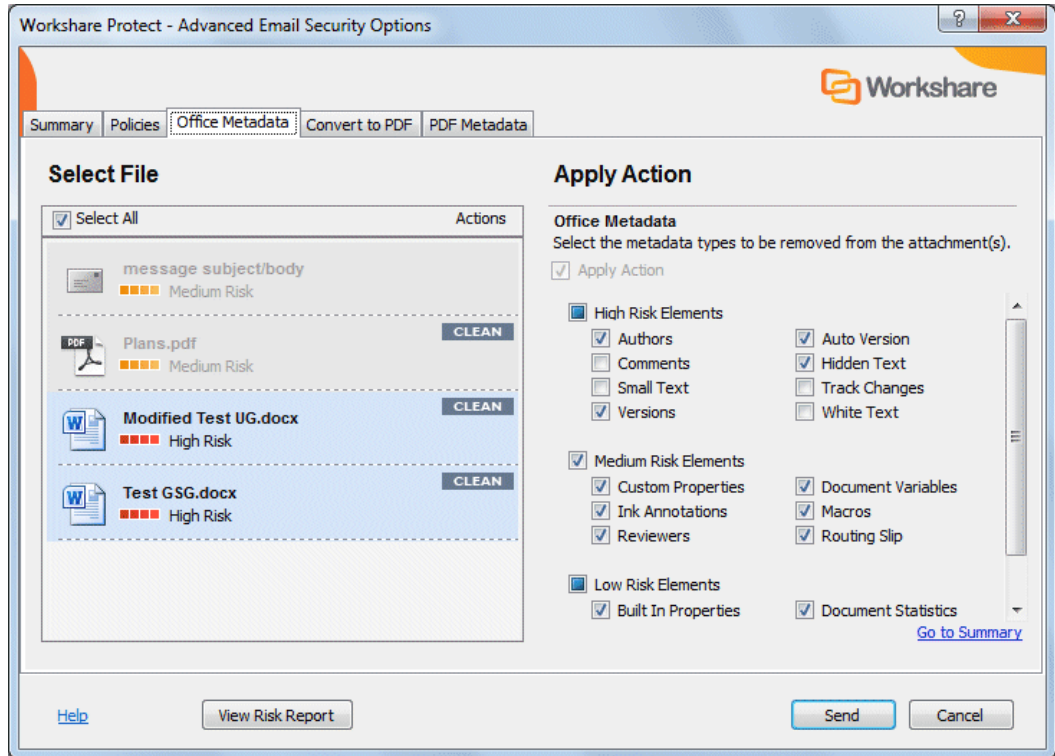


Note: For more information on the types of hidden data contained within Microsoft Office documents, see *Overview – Managing Content Risk in Documents*.

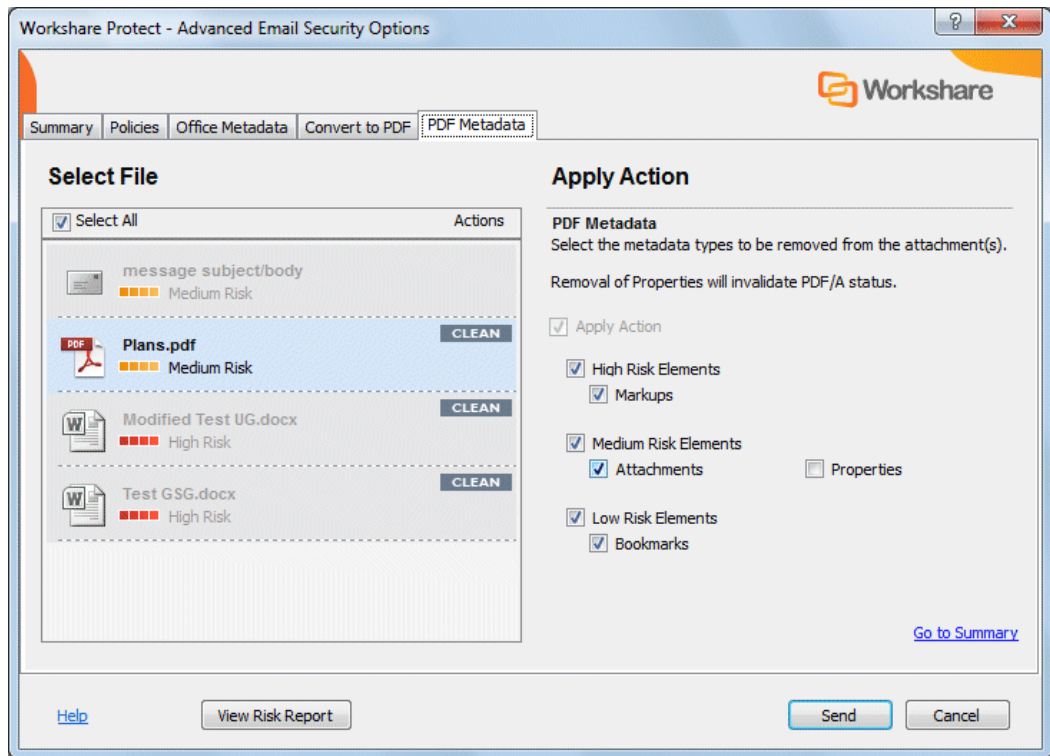
If your administrator has enabled you to override the clean hidden data settings and you do not want to clean the attachment(s), you can select the **Skip Cleaning** checkbox (or either of the **Skip Office Metadata Cleaning** or **Skip PDF Metadata Cleaning** checkboxes individually) in the **Apply Action** area.

To clean hidden data:

1. Select the attachment in the **Select File** list to specify individual options for a single attachment or select the **Select All** checkbox to select all attachments. Any settings will then be applied to all attachments.
2. Click **View Options** in the **Metadata Removal** area or select the **Office Metadata** tab. The **Office Metadata** tab displays the different hidden data cleaning options for Microsoft Office attachments.



3. Click **View Options** in the **Metadata Removal** area or select the **PDF Metadata** tab to display the different hidden data cleaning options for PDF attachments.



Note: The availability of these options is dependent on whether your administrator has enabled you to override the cleaning options in the policy settings. Refer to your system administrator if you need to override these settings and they are disabled.

4. Select the hidden data that you want to remove by selecting or deselecting the relevant checkboxes.
5. Repeat for additional attachments if required.
6. Click **Send** to send the email.

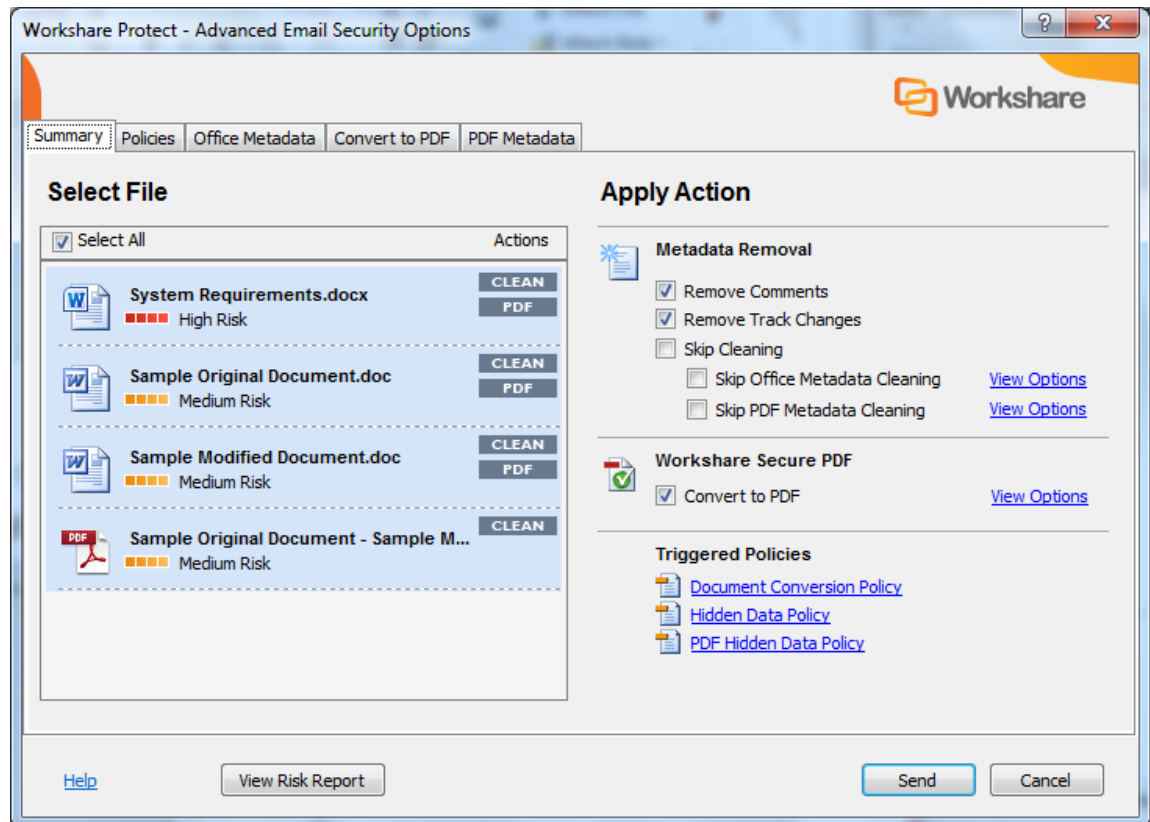
Workshare Protect cleans the hidden data from the attached document(s) according to your settings before sending the email.

Converting Attachments to PDF

Every time you send an email with an attachment, Workshare Protect checks the attachment to see if it breaches any security policies in the default profile.

Your system administrator can define policies that contain certain pre-defined policy triggers that force you to convert documents to PDF when they are sent by email. This prevents the document from being edited, ensuring that its formatting remains intact. Additional security features enable you to prevent recipients from printing, editing, copying from or adding comments to the PDF attachment.

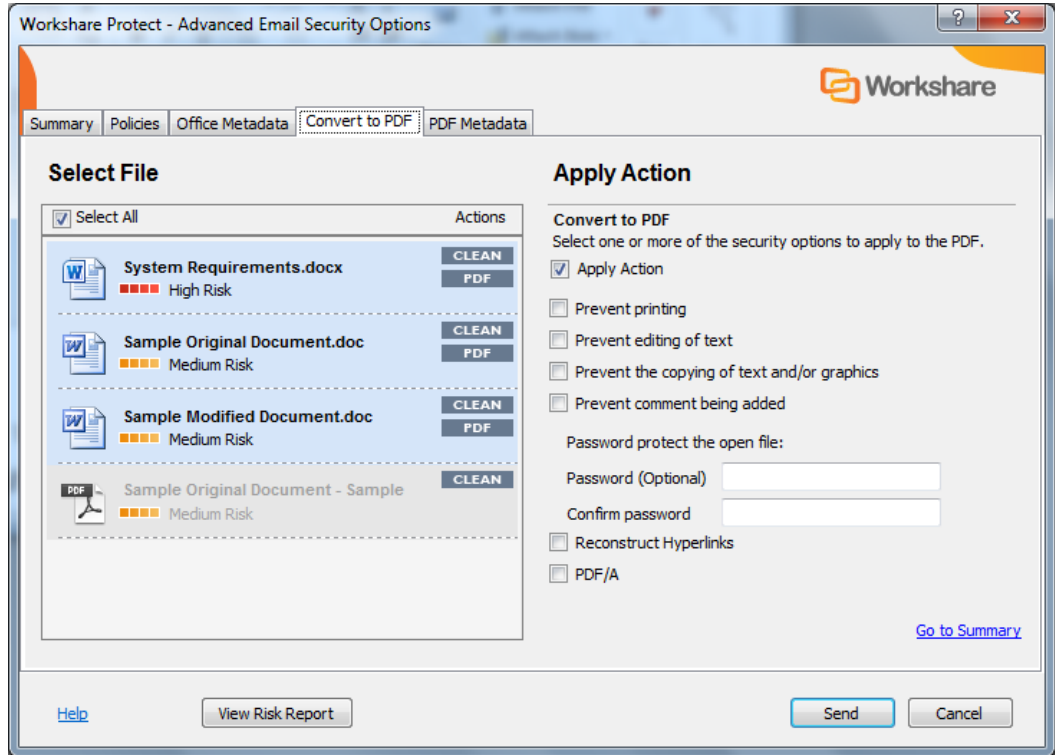
When you send an email that triggers a **PDF** action, Workshare Protect notifies you that your attachment(s) will be converted to PDF.



If your administrator has enabled you to override the PDF settings and you do not want to PDF the attachment(s), you can deselect the **Convert to PDF** checkbox in the **Apply Action** area.

To convert attachments to PDF:

1. Select the attachment in the **Select File** list and click **View Options** in the **Workshare Secure PDF** area or select the **Convert to PDF** tab. The **Convert to PDF** tab displays the different PDF security settings available.



Note: You can specify individual PDF settings for each attachment or select the **Select All** button.

2. Select one or more of the following security options:
 - **Prevent printing** to prevent recipients from printing the PDF document.
 - **Prevent editing of text** to prevent recipients with Adobe Distiller from editing the PDF document.
 - **Prevent the copying of text and/or graphics** to prevent recipients from copying graphics or text directly from the PDF document.
 - **Prevent comments being added** to prevent recipients with Adobe Distiller from adding comments to the PDF document.

Note: Highlighting text and adding a strikethrough in a PDF is not considered editing the text. If you want to prevent users doing this, select **Prevent comments being added** as well as **Prevent editing of text**.

3. If required, set a password for access to the PDF by entering the password twice in the relevant fields.
4. If required, select the **Reconstruct Hyperlinks** checkbox to preserve standard URL and bookmark hyperlinks.

Note: Selecting the **Reconstruct Hyperlinks** option can increase the time it takes to create a PDF document. Hyperlinks that are preserved using this option may not correspond exactly to the location in the original document.

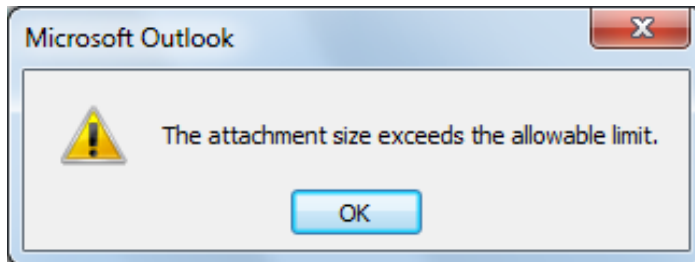
5. Select the PDF/A checkbox to convert the attachment to PDF/A.
6. Repeat steps 2 to 5 for additional attachments if required.
7. Click **Send** to send the email.

Workshare Protect converts the attachments to PDF or PDF/A and applies your settings before sending the email.

Sending Large Files

When your administrator has set a limit on the size of files you can email (to avoid large files blocking Exchange), you can use Secure File Transfer functionality to send a link to the large files.

When you try and add a file with a size over the specified limit, Microsoft Outlook displays a message such as:

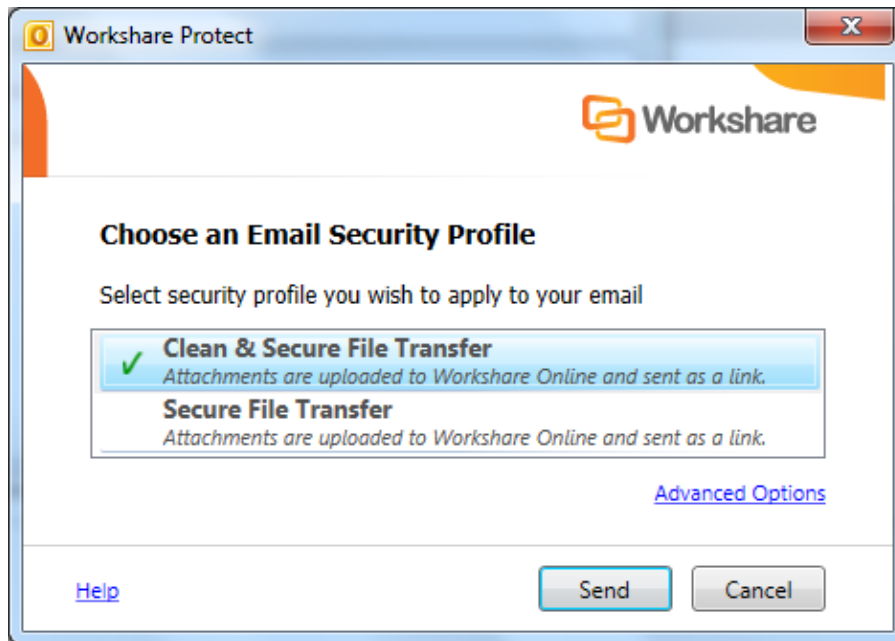


In this case, you can use the **Add Large Attachment** button to access the Secure File Transfer functionality.

To send large files:

1. Open a new email message window.
2. Click **Add Large Attachment**.
3. Browse to the large file you want to attach and click **Open**. The attachment displayed in the message appears small because it is only a pointer to the large file.

4. Add the recipient and message details and click **Send**. The Protect Profile dialog is displayed with only the Secure File Transfer profiles available.



5. Select the required Secure File Transfer profile and click **Send**.

The attached large file is uploaded to a folder in Workshare. The name of the folder is whatever is entered into the **Subject** field of the email followed by the date and time. This folder appears in your Sent Items folder in My Files and Folders in Workshare. The recipient receives an email notifying them that file has been uploaded to Workshare and providing a link to the file.

Note: The **Add Large Attachment** button does not work with Interactive Protect; it is disabled.

Chapter 10. Controlling Documents

This chapter describes how to control your documents by setting restrictions on whether or not they can be emailed. It includes the following sections:

- **Document Classification**, below, introduces the classification levels available in Workshare Protect.
- **Setting Classification Levels**, page 179, describes how to classify a document.
- **Emailing Classified Documents**, page 181, describes the effect a classification level has on a document when it is emailed.

Document Classification

Workshare Protect enables you to restrict access to sensitive business documents by classifying documents. This classification controls the distribution of documents by email - it can prevent documents from being emailed either to any user, or to external users or it can alert users to the potentially sensitive nature of the document they are attempting to email.

Workshare Protect provides the following default classification levels:

- **For Internal Use Only:** The document is restricted and can only be distributed internally within your organization. Use this status if you are collaborating on a document with colleagues, but the document is not yet ready for client review.
- **Confidential:** The document contains information of a confidential nature and when emailed either externally or internally, you are alerted to the fact that the document contains confidential information. You can still send the document to any recipient.

Note: When working with the Workshare Protect Profile dialog, you do not receive an alert and you can send the document to any recipient unless you configure a policy to implement other behavior.

- **Highly Confidential:** The document contains information of a highly confidential nature and when emailed whether externally or internally, it will be blocked.

Note: When working with the Workshare Protect Profile dialog, the email is not blocked and you can send the document to any recipient unless you configure a policy to implement other behavior.

- **External Restriction:** The document is restricted and can only be distributed internally within your organization. Use this status if you are collaborating on a document with colleagues, but the document is not yet ready for client review.
- **Full Restriction:** The document is restricted and cannot be distributed via email. Use this status if you are working on a document yourself and do not want it distributed.

These classification levels can be password-protected. This ensures that only users who know the password can remove or alter a classification status from documents.

Note: The names and descriptions of the classification levels are defined in the *ClassificationList.xml* file located in the *Workshare Protect* installation folder. The names of the classification levels can be amended or classification levels can be deleted or additional classification levels can be added by editing this file.

In previous versions of Workshare Protect, three restrictions were available: **No Restriction** (as if no classification level is set), **External Restriction**, and **Full Restriction**. If you would prefer to work with only these three classification levels, you can edit the *ClassificationList.xml* file accordingly.

Setting Classification Levels

Documents are classified from the Document Classification page of the Workshare Panel. If required, you can password-protect a classification level so that only users who know the password can remove or change a classification level for a document.

To set a classification level:

1. With your document open in Microsoft Word, Excel or PowerPoint, click **Classify (Protect group)** in the *Workshare* tab or click **Classify** in the Home page of the Workshare Panel. The Document Classification page is displayed.

Workshare

Workshare

Document Classification

1. Select Classification Options

Not Classified

Description:

2. Select Password Protection

Specify a password

Users will have to enter this password to change any restrictions.

Please note:

You will need to save the document after clicking APPLY to save the level of document restriction selected.

Apply

2. Select the classification level you require for the open document from the following:
 - **For Internal Use Only:** The document is restricted and can only be distributed internally within your organization. Use this status if you are collaborating on a document with colleagues, but the document is not yet ready for client review.
 - **Confidential:** The document contains information of a confidential nature and when emailed either externally or internally, you are alerted to the fact that the document contains confidential information. You can still send the document to any recipient.
 - **Highly Confidential:** The document contains information of a highly confidential nature and when emailed whether externally or internally, it will be blocked.
 - **External Restriction:** The document is restricted and can only be distributed internally within your organization. Use this status if you are collaborating on a document with colleagues, but the document is not yet ready for client review.
 - **Full Restriction:** The document is restricted and cannot be distributed via email. Use this status if you are working on a document yourself and do not want it distributed.
3. If you want to password-protect the classification level, select the **Specify a password** checkbox in the **Select Password Protection** area. This means that only those who know the password can change the classification level of the document.
4. Click **Apply**. If you selected the **Specify a password** checkbox, you are prompted for a password.

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Workshare" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The text inside the dialog reads: "Please enter the password and confirmation of the password to protect the Document Restrictions." Below this text are two input fields: "Password:" and "Confirm:". At the bottom of the dialog, there are three buttons: "Help" (in blue text), "OK", and "Cancel".

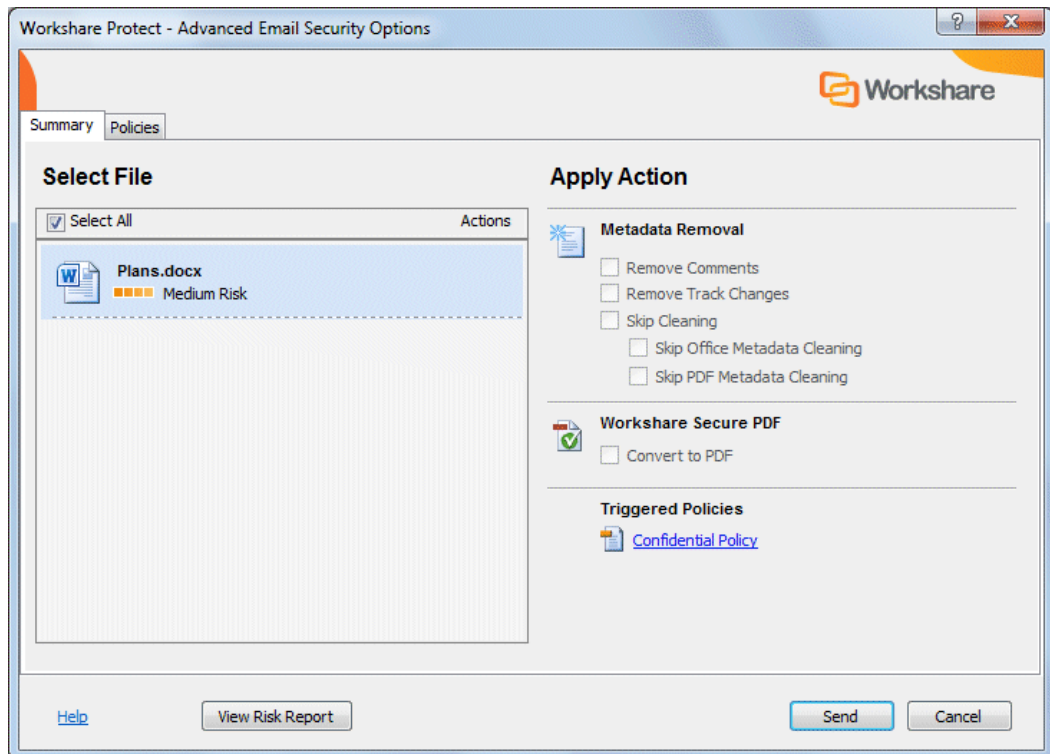
***Tip!** If you click the words **Specify a password** in the Document Classification page, the above dialog is displayed immediately before clicking **Apply**.*

5. Enter the password twice to set and confirm the password and click **OK**.
6. Save the document. The open document is now restricted according to the selected classification level.

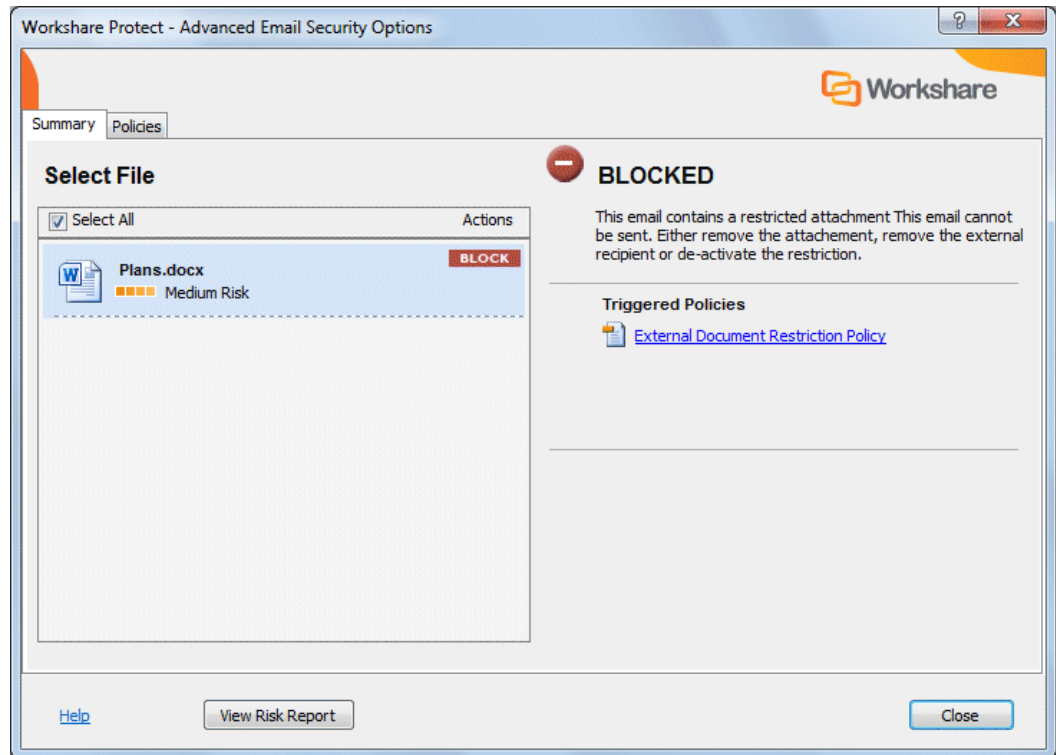
Emailing Classified Documents

When a document is emailed, the classification level is checked and the document is handled according to its classification level:

- If the document has a **Not Classified** classification, it is emailed without any warning.
- If the document has a **Confidential** classification, you will receive an alert when trying to email it. You can still send the email with the attached document by clicking **Send**.

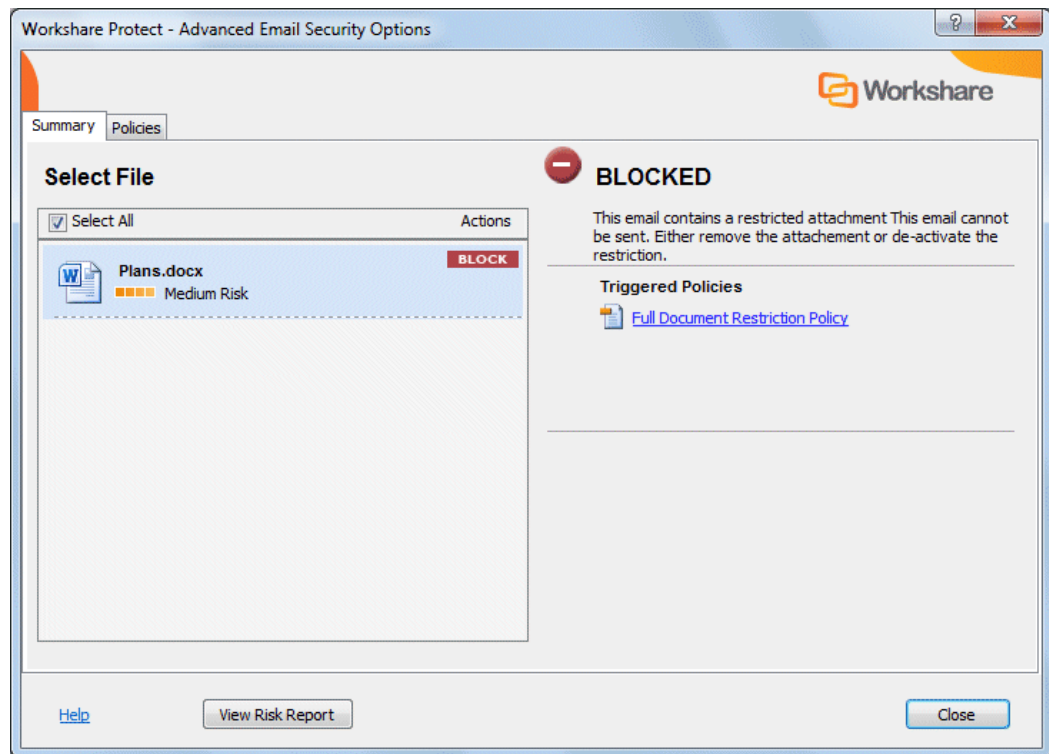


- If the document has a **For Internal Use** or **External Restriction** classification, it can be freely emailed to internal recipients. However, if you try to email it to an external recipient, the following dialog is displayed:



The email cannot be sent. Click **Close** to cancel the email. If you were sending the email to internal and external recipients, you should remove the external recipients and resend to internal recipients only.

- If the document has a **Highly Confidential** or **Full Restriction** classification, it cannot be emailed at all. If you try to email it, the following dialog is displayed.



The email cannot be sent. Click **Close** to cancel the email.

Chapter 11. Converting to PDF

This chapter describes how to convert your documents to PDF using Workshare Protect. It includes the following sections:

- **Overview**, below, introduces the PDF conversion functionality available in Workshare Protect.
- **Creating PDFs**, page 185, describes how to convert a document to PDF.
- **PDF From Anywhere**, page 189, describes how to create a PDF from any application.

Overview – Converting to PDF

Workshare Protect creates the most secure PDF files available from any application. You can quickly and easily convert open and closed Microsoft Office documents into PDF or PDF/A. You can also enforce PDF creation on email attachments leaving your organization. When sending documents for review, you can convert to PDF or PDF/A any comparison documents or additional documents included. In all these circumstances, before converting to PDF, Workshare Protect offers you the opportunity to remove hidden data from the document and set PDF security options. Workshare Protect also provides “PDF Anywhere”. This is the ability to convert a document to PDF from any application.

Converting Documents to PDF

Workshare Protect enables you to quickly and easily convert Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint documents into PDF (Portable Document Format) or PDF/A. This functionality is available from within an open document or when the document is closed. Before Workshare Protect converts the document, you can select to remove sensitive hidden data from the document. Refer to Creating PDFs.

PDF and Emails

Workshare Protect provides organizations with the ability to enforce PDF creation on documents leaving the organization through policy rules. Your system administrator can create policies that contain certain pre-defined policy triggers that force you to convert documents to PDF when they are sent by email. Refer to Converting Attachments to PDF.

Additionally, Workshare Protect enables you to quickly and easily convert open Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint documents into PDF or PDF/A and send them by email. Before Workshare Protect converts the document, you can select to remove sensitive hidden data from the document. Refer to Creating PDFs.

PDF Anywhere

Workshare Protect enables you to create and combine PDF files from any application, for example, an email application, a browser or Notepad. You can convert to a new PDF file or you append to an existing PDF file. Refer to PDF From Anywhere.

Creating PDFs

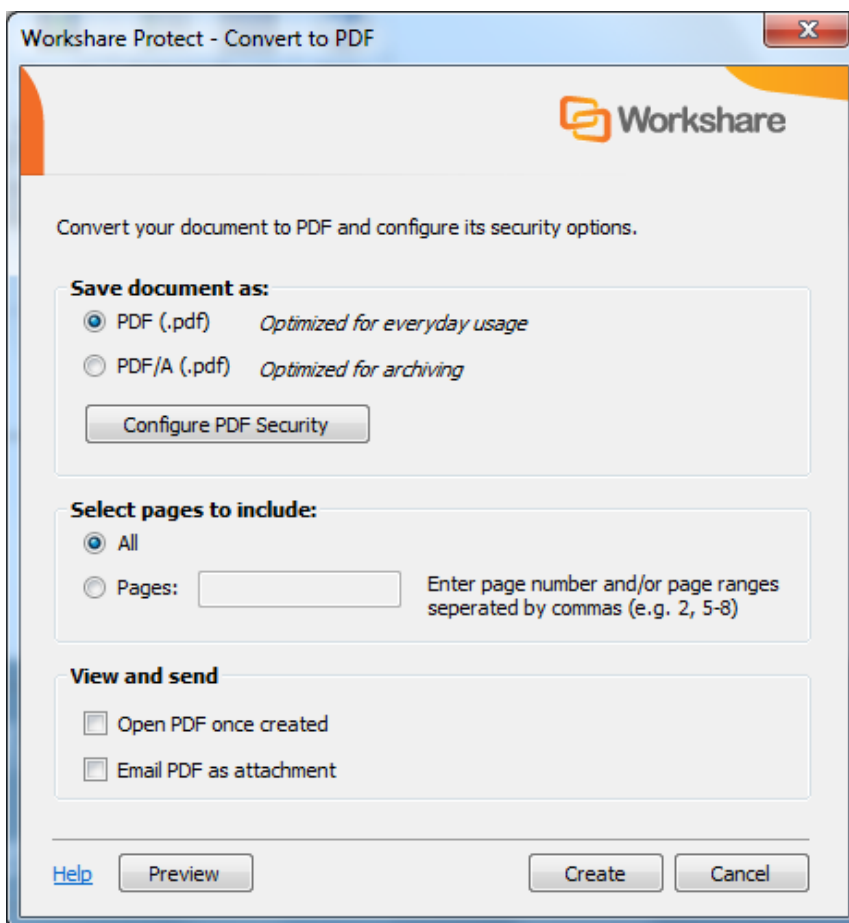
At any time when working on a document in Microsoft Word, Excel or PowerPoint, you can convert the document into PDF or PDF/A. This is useful if you want to maintain a file in its current format, as PDF documents cannot be edited as easily as Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint documents. This functionality is available from within an open document or when the document is closed.

Open Documents

Workshare Protect automatically saves a document before converting to PDF or PDF/A. Documents can be stored locally, in SharePoint or in your DMS.

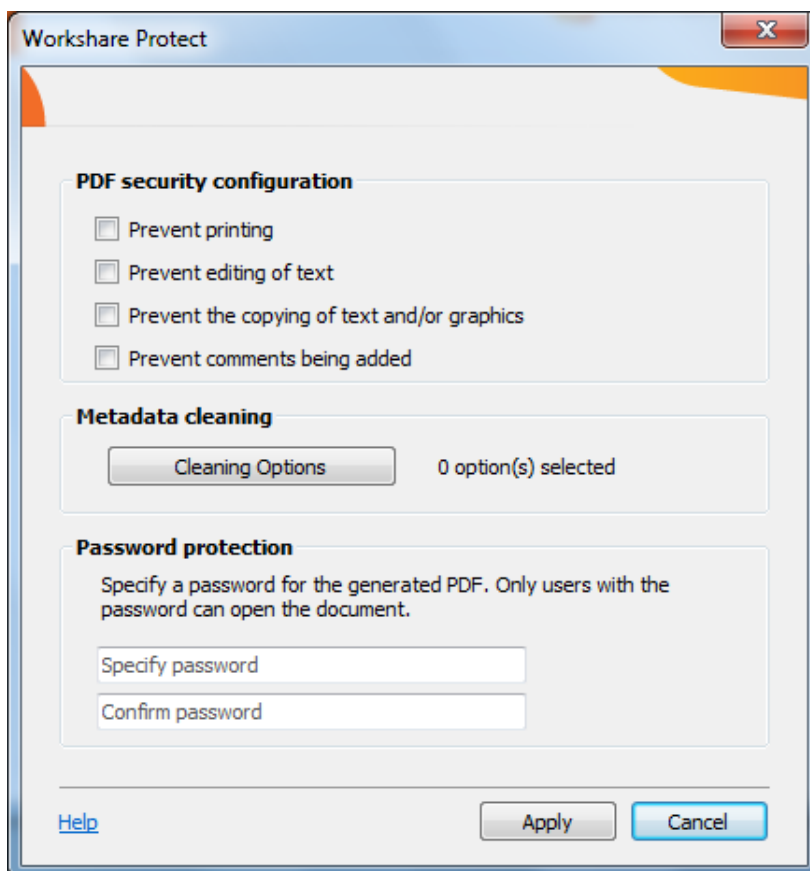
To convert an open document to PDF or PDF/A:

1. With your document open in Microsoft Word, Excel or PowerPoint, click **Convert to PDF (Protect group)** in the Workshare tab or click **Convert to PDF** in the Home page of the Workshare Panel. The *Convert to PDF* dialog is displayed.



Note: If working with a DMS, the dialog looks slightly different to the one above and you can select whether to save the PDF as a new document or related document in your DMS or as a local file.

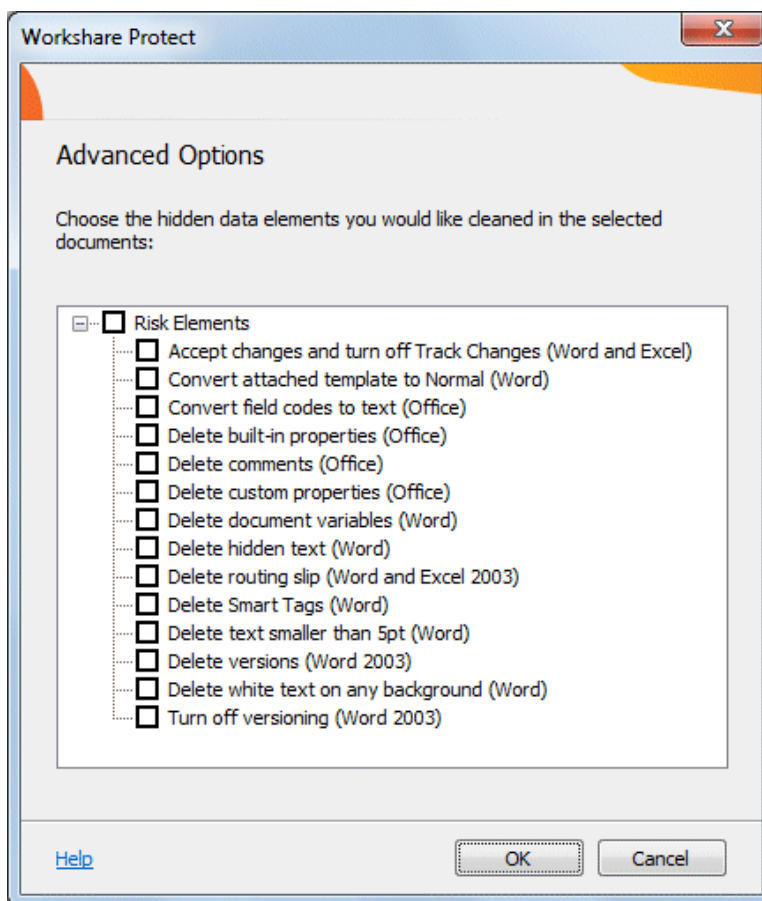
2. Select whether to convert to PDF or PDF/A.
3. Click **Configure PDF Security** to set PDF security options and remove metadata.



4. Select one or more of the following security options:
 - **Prevent printing:** Prevents recipients from printing the PDF document.
 - **Prevent editing of text:** Prevents recipients with Adobe Distiller from editing the PDF document.
 - **Prevent the copying of text and/or graphics:** Prevents recipients from copying graphics or text directly from the PDF document.
 - **Prevent comments being added:** Prevents recipients with Adobe Distiller from adding comments to the PDF document.

Note: These options are disabled and cannot be selected if you selected PDF/A in step 2.

5. To specify what hidden data to remove before converting it to PDF, click **Cleaning Options**.



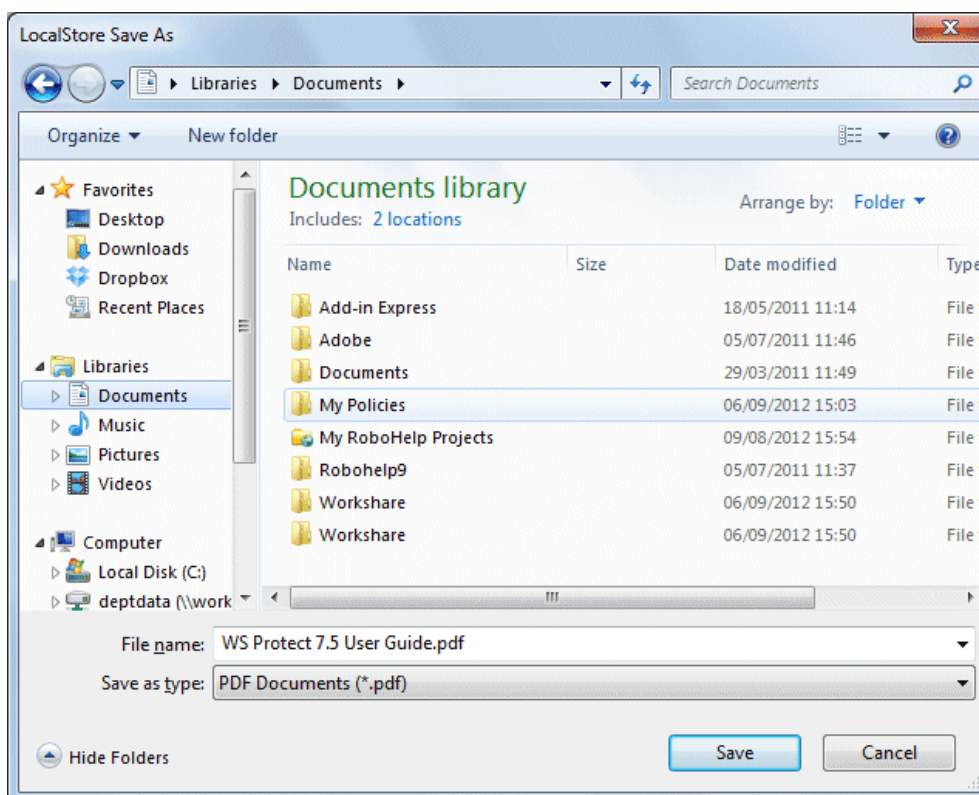
6. Select hidden data elements as required. For a full description of all the hidden data elements, refer to *Cleaning Hidden Data* for further information.
7. Click **OK**.
8. If required, set a password to protect the PDF by entering the password twice in the **Password protection** area. When a password is specified, the recipient can only open the PDF after entering this password.

Note: If you selected PDF/A in step 2, you cannot set a password and the **Password protection** area is disabled.

9. Click **Apply**.
10. In the *Convert to PDF* dialog, if you want to create a PDF of part of the document only, select the **Pages** radio button and specify a page range.

Note: You can also PDF individual pages by specifying the pages (separated by commas) in the **Pages** field.

11. Select the **Open PDF once created** checkbox if you want the PDF to be opened once it has been created.
12. Select the **Email PDF as attachment** checkbox if you want the PDF to be attached to an email once it has been created.
13. If required, click **Preview** to view the document as a PDF.
14. Click **Create**. The *Save As* dialog is displayed:



15. Specify the name and location for the PDF file and click **Save**. The document is converted to PDF or PDF/A. If you selected **Open PDF once created**, the new PDF is opened. If you selected **Email PDF as attachment**, an email message window is displayed with the PDF as an attachment.

Closed Documents

Workshare Protect can convert closed Microsoft Word, Excel or PowerPoint documents to PDF or PDF/A.

To convert a closed document to PDF or PDF/A:

- Right-click the closed Microsoft Word, Excel or PowerPoint file on your desktop or DMS and select **Convert to PDF with Workshare** from the menu. The *Convert to PDF* dialog is displayed.

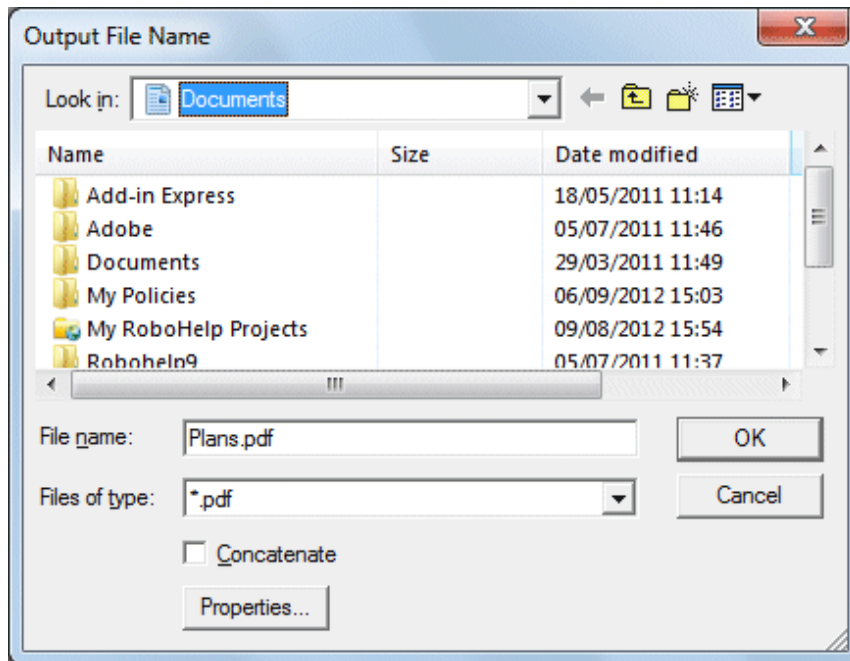
Continue as described in steps 2 to 15 of the Open Documents section.

PDF From Anywhere

Workshare Protect can convert any document or file to PDF, for example, a page in Internet Explorer, an email message or a text file in Notepad. You can create a new PDF from the file or add to an existing PDF.

To convert to PDF from anywhere:

1. Click **Print** in the application.
2. Select **Workshare PDF Publisher** as the printer.
3. Specify other settings as required and click **Print**. The *Output File Name* dialog is displayed.



4. Specify a name for the PDF in the **File name** field or, if you want to add to an existing PDF, select the **Concatenate** checkbox and browse to and select the existing PDF.
5. Click **OK**. The open document is converted to PDF and saved as specified or added to an existing PDF.

Chapter 12. Advanced PDF Functionality

This chapter describes how to convert a PDF file to a Microsoft Word file as well as combine several documents into a single PDF using Workshare Professional. It includes the following sections:

- **Converting PDF Files to Word Format**, below, describes how to convert a PDF document into Microsoft Word format.
- **PDF Combine**, page 192, describes how to combine multiple files into a single PDF.

Converting PDF Files to Word Format

Workshare Professional provides accurate conversion of PDF files to Microsoft Word files (PDF to DOC/DOCX format) preserving document formatting and page layout. This Workshare Professional functionality is available from within Microsoft Word and by right-clicking closed PDF files on your desktop.

Scanned PDF files will not be converted to editable text – the content remains as an image and cannot be edited.

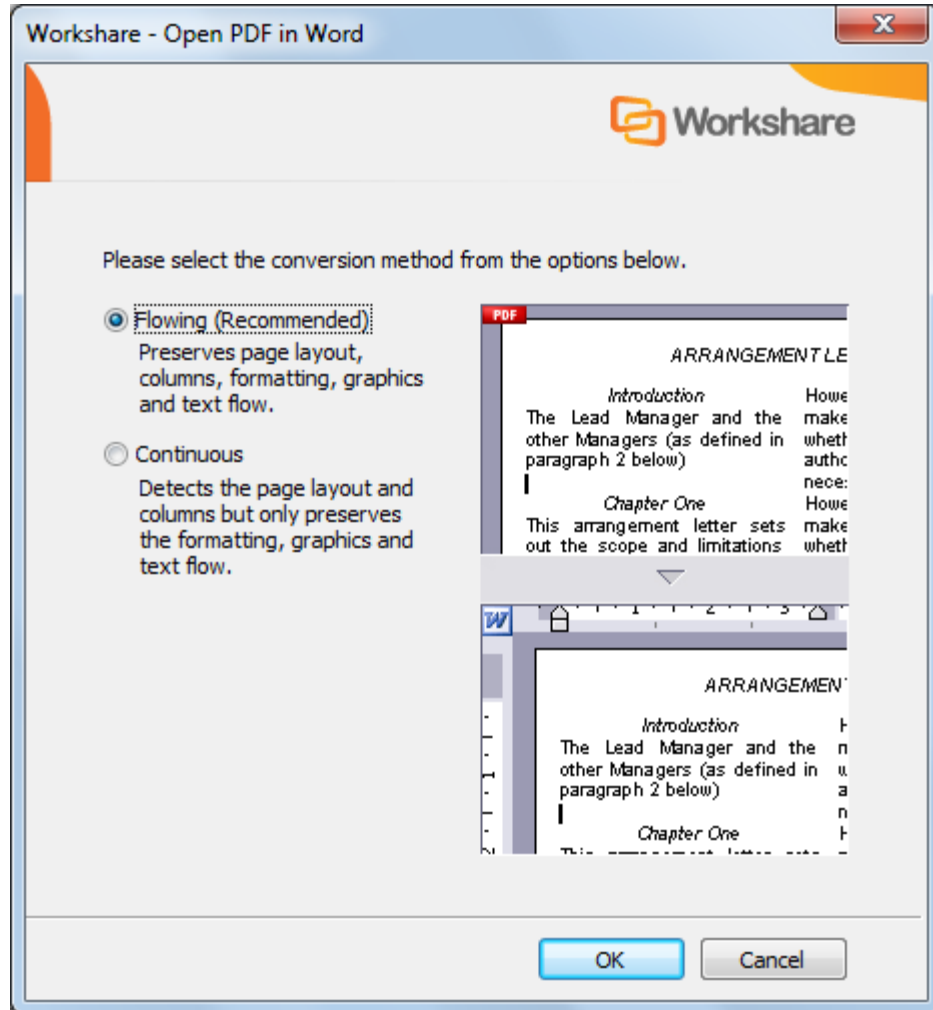
Converting a PDF document into Microsoft Word format is useful if you want to edit the document, as PDF documents cannot be edited as easily as Microsoft Word documents.

Note: Workshare cannot convert secure PDFs, meaning PDF files with security settings configured.

To convert a PDF:

1. To convert a PDF document to DOC format:
 - Right-click the closed PDF file and select **Open in Word with Workshare**.
 - From Microsoft Word, click the Office Button/File menu and select **Open**. Browse to the PDF file and click **Open**.

The *Open PDF in Word* dialog is displayed.



2. Select a conversion method according to how much of the formatting and layout you want to preserve and click **OK**. The PDF document is converted to Word format and is opened in Microsoft Word.

Notes:
The name in the title bar will still include the PDF extension. However, the document is in DOC/DOCX format.

When converting a PDF file to Word format, the display may vary according to the type of PDF. The type of PDF means the software used to create the PDF file. For example, Adobe, Amyuni, CutePDF, novaPDF, and so on.

You must save the document.

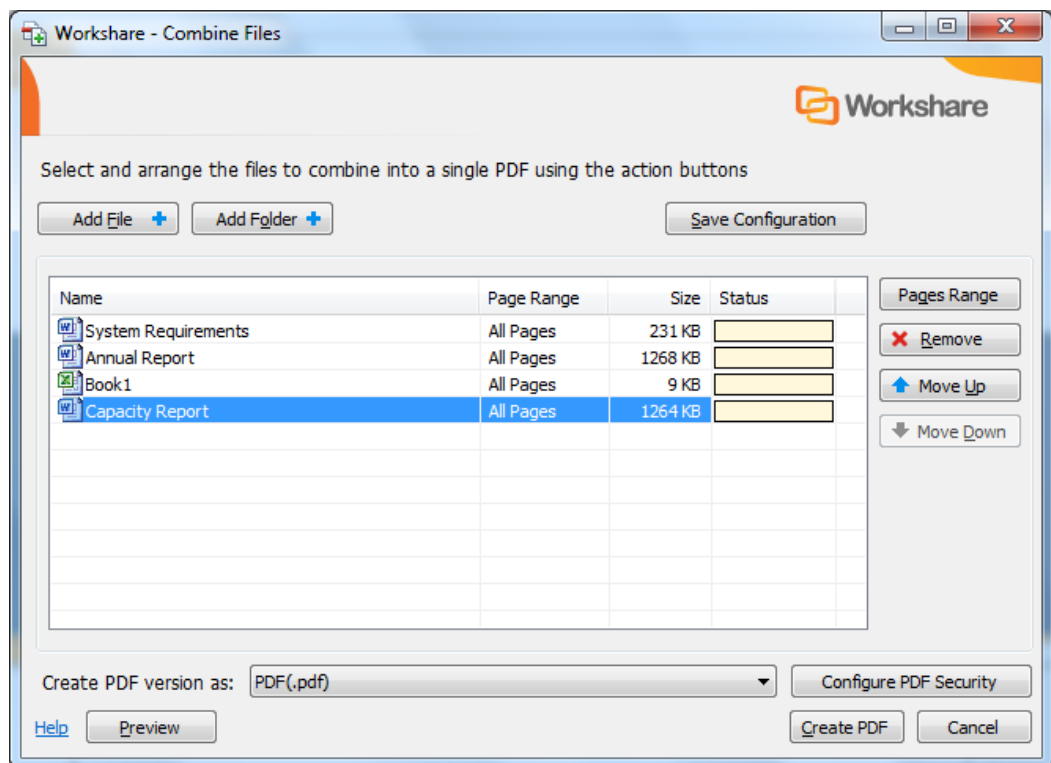
PDF Combine

Workshare Professional enables you to combine multiple files into a single PDF or PDF/A file. For example, electronic court submissions are required to be submitted as a PDF or PDF/A file. Case information can include multiple file formats such as contracts, financial spreadsheets and email conversations.

Workshare Professional supports the combination of the following file types into a single PDF file: DOC, DOCX, PPT, PPTX, XLS, XLSX, PDF, RTF, TXT, HTML, MSG.

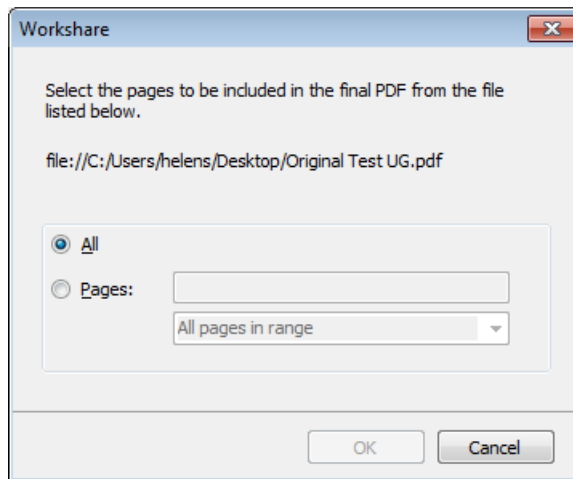
To combine multiple documents into a single PDF:

1. In an open Office document, click **Combine PDF (Review group)** in the Workshare tab or in Windows Explorer or your DMS, right-click one or more files that you want to combine into a single PDF and select **Combine files in Workshare**. (You do not have to select all the files to combine at this stage but can add them later.) The *Combine Files* dialog is displayed.

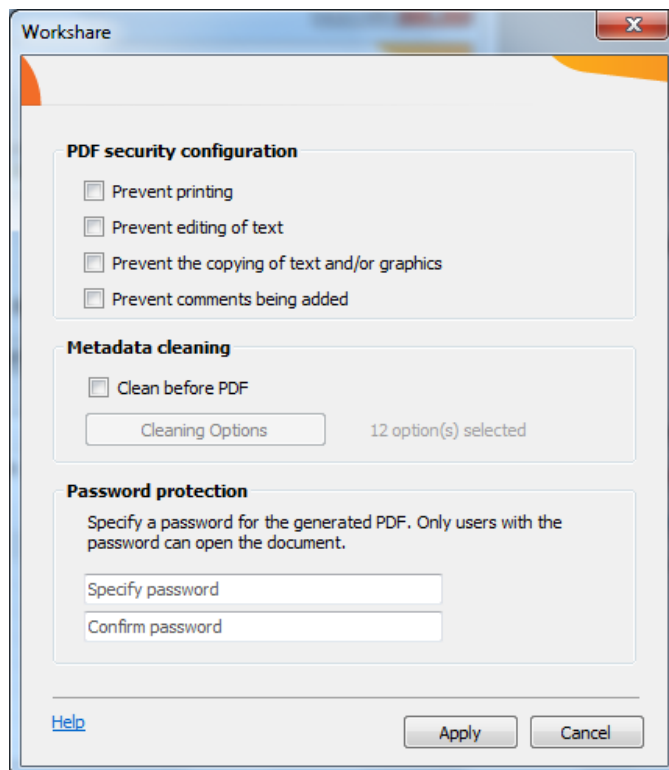


2. Add the additional files you want to include in the single PDF using the buttons at the top or by dragging and dropping. Click **Add Files** to select and add a single file and select **Add Folder** to add multiple files from a selected folder.
3. Once you have selected the files to combine, arrange the order using the **Move Up** and **Move Down** buttons. If you want to remove a file from the list, select it and click **Remove**.

- If you only want to include selected pages from a particular document, select the file in the list and click **Pages Range**.



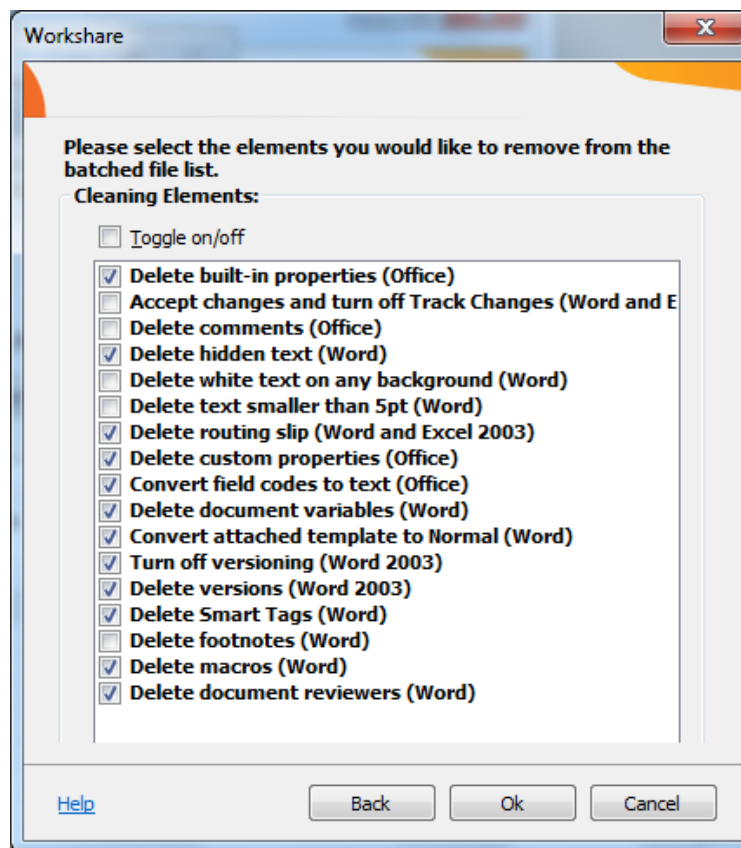
- Select the **Pages** radio button and specify the pages to be included into the combined PDF as required.
- Click **OK**.
- Select whether you want to create a PDF file or a PDF/A file from the **Create PDF version as** dropdown list.
- If you want to set security options for the combined PDF, click **Configure PDF Security**.



9. Select one or more of the following security options:
 - **Prevent printing:** Prevents recipients from printing the PDF document.
 - **Prevent editing of text:** Prevents recipients with Adobe Distiller from editing the PDF document.
 - **Prevent the copying of text and/or graphics:** Prevents recipients from copying graphics or text directly from the PDF document.
 - **Prevent comments being added:** Prevents recipients with Adobe Distiller from adding comments to the PDF document.

Note: These options are disabled and cannot be selected if you selected PDF/A in step 7.

10. To specify what hidden data to remove before converting it to PDF, select the **Clean before PDF** checkbox and click **Cleaning Options**.



11. Select hidden data elements as required. For a full description of all the hidden data elements, refer to Cleaning Hidden Data for further information.
12. Click **OK**.
13. If required, set a password to protect the PDF by entering the password twice in the **Password protection** area. When a password is specified, the recipient can only open the PDF after entering this password.

*Note: If you selected PDF/A in step 7, you cannot set a password and the **Password protection** area is disabled.*

14. Click **Apply**.
15. If required, click **Preview** to view the combined PDF.
16. Click **Create PDF**. A *Save as* dialog is displayed.
17. Specify the name and location for the combined PDF file and click **Save**. The documents are converted into a single PDF. The progress of the operation can be seen in the **Status** column in the *Combine files in Workshare* dialog.

If you want to save your selection without creating a PDF – for example, if you have not completed the selection of documents – you can save your work in progress as a Workshare workbook (.WWB) by clicking **Save** in the *Combine Files* dialog. When you are ready to work on it again, simply right-click the WWB file and select **Combine files in Workshare** or drag new files you want to include over the WWB file. This re-opens the *Combine Files* dialog and you can continue.

Note: For iManage users, in order to save a Workshare workbook, the WWB file type needs to be registered as a file type on the Worksite Server.

Chapter 13. Creating Reports

This chapter describes how to create different reports using the Workshare Professional Report Wizard. It includes the following sections:

- **Overview**, below, introduces report functionality available in Workshare Professional.
- **Risk Report**, page 197, describes how to create a report showing the different types of content risk in your document.
- **Audit Report**, page 200, describes how to create a report showing when your document was sent for review as well as a list of all proposed changes and their status.
- **Review Report**, page 201, describes how to create a report showing changes proposed to your document.
- **History Report**, page 202, describes how to create a report showing when your document was sent for review and when changes were received.

Overview – Creating Reports

Workshare Professional enables you to quickly and easily generate XML, HTML and PDF reports based on your Microsoft Office documents. The following reports can be created:

- **Risk Report**

The Risk Report is a report of the content risk in your document that provides a full account of the different types of hidden data in a document as well as the potential content policy violations. The report is available in either HTML or XML (Microsoft Office 2003 only) format and it can be printed if required.

- **Audit Report**

The Audit Report is available in either HTML or XML (Microsoft Office 2003 only) format and includes the following information:

- When your document was **Sent for Review** as well as the names and email addresses of the recipients.
- When suggested changes were received and incorporated into your document.
- A list of all proposed changes, and their status (applied/rejected/flagged).

- **Review Report**

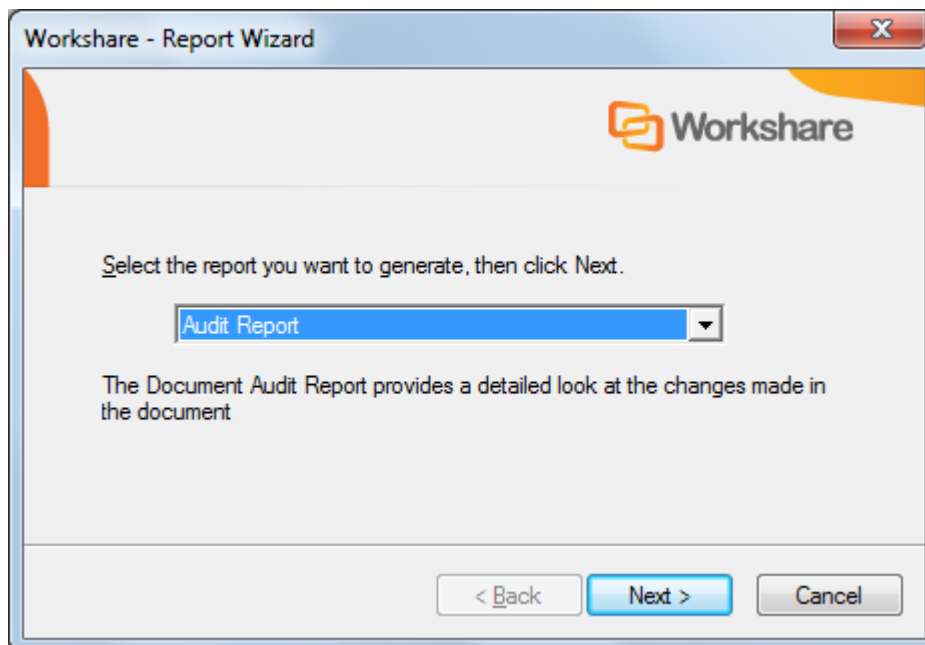
The Review Report produces a PDF document that includes Redline (comparison) documents showing changes that have been suggested to your document during the review process.

- **History Report**

The History Report is available in either HTML or XML (Microsoft Office 2003 only) format. It is effectively a subset of the Audit Report, displaying when your document was **Sent for Review** (including the recipients) as well as when changes were received and incorporated into your document.

The Report Wizard

The Report Wizard is accessible from the *Workshare* tab. It provides a quick and easy process to produce the different reports. The first page of the Wizard allows you to select what type of report you wish to generate.



Each report has different characteristics and they are described in the following sections.

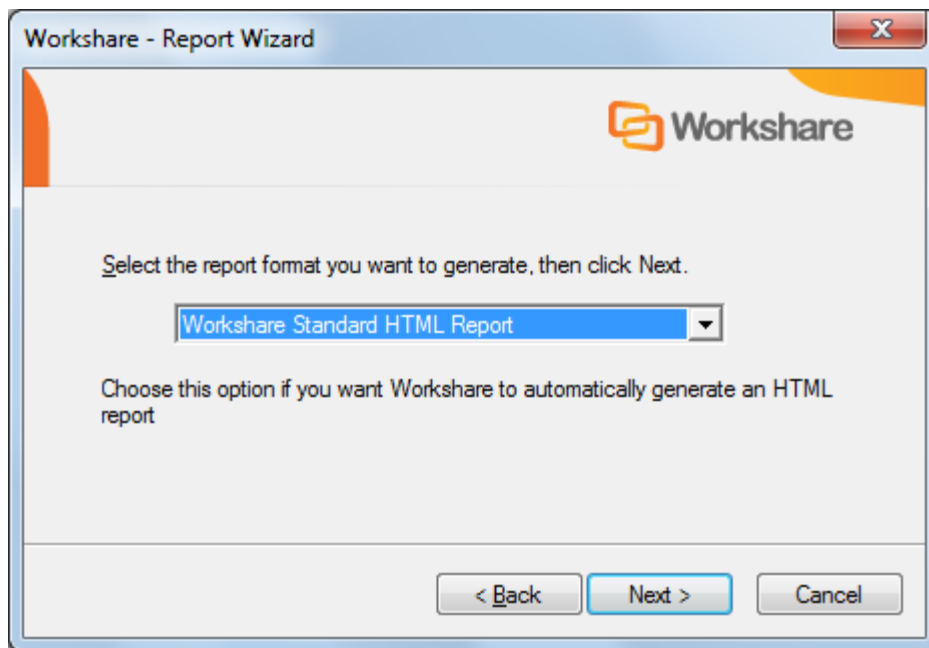
Risk Report

You can create a Risk Report that provides a full account of the different types of content risk in a document. The report can be in XML or HTML format and can be printed if required.

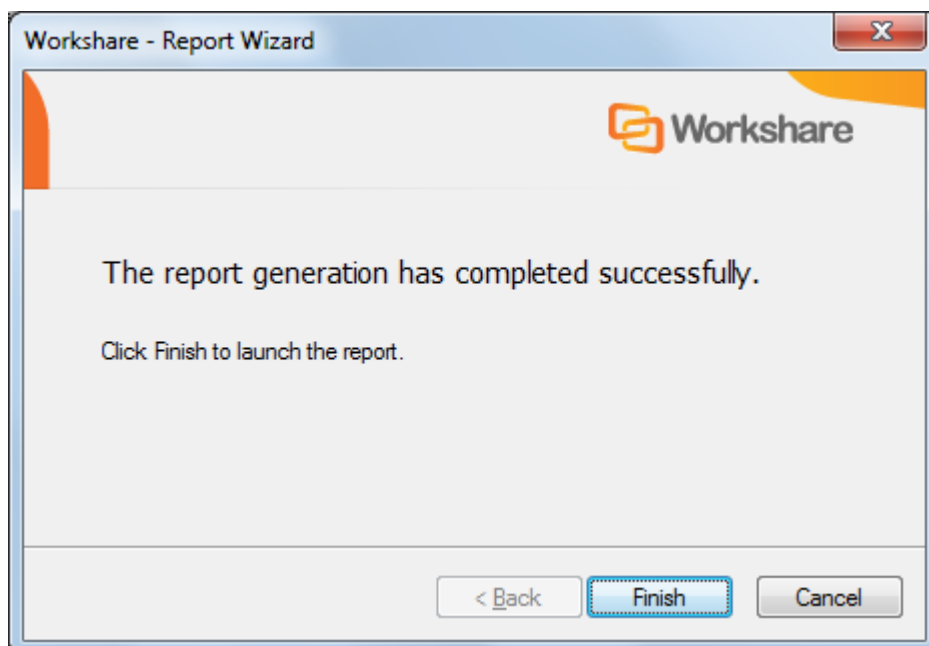
To create a Risk Report:

1. From the *Workshare* tab, click **Reports**. The first page of the Report Wizard is displayed.

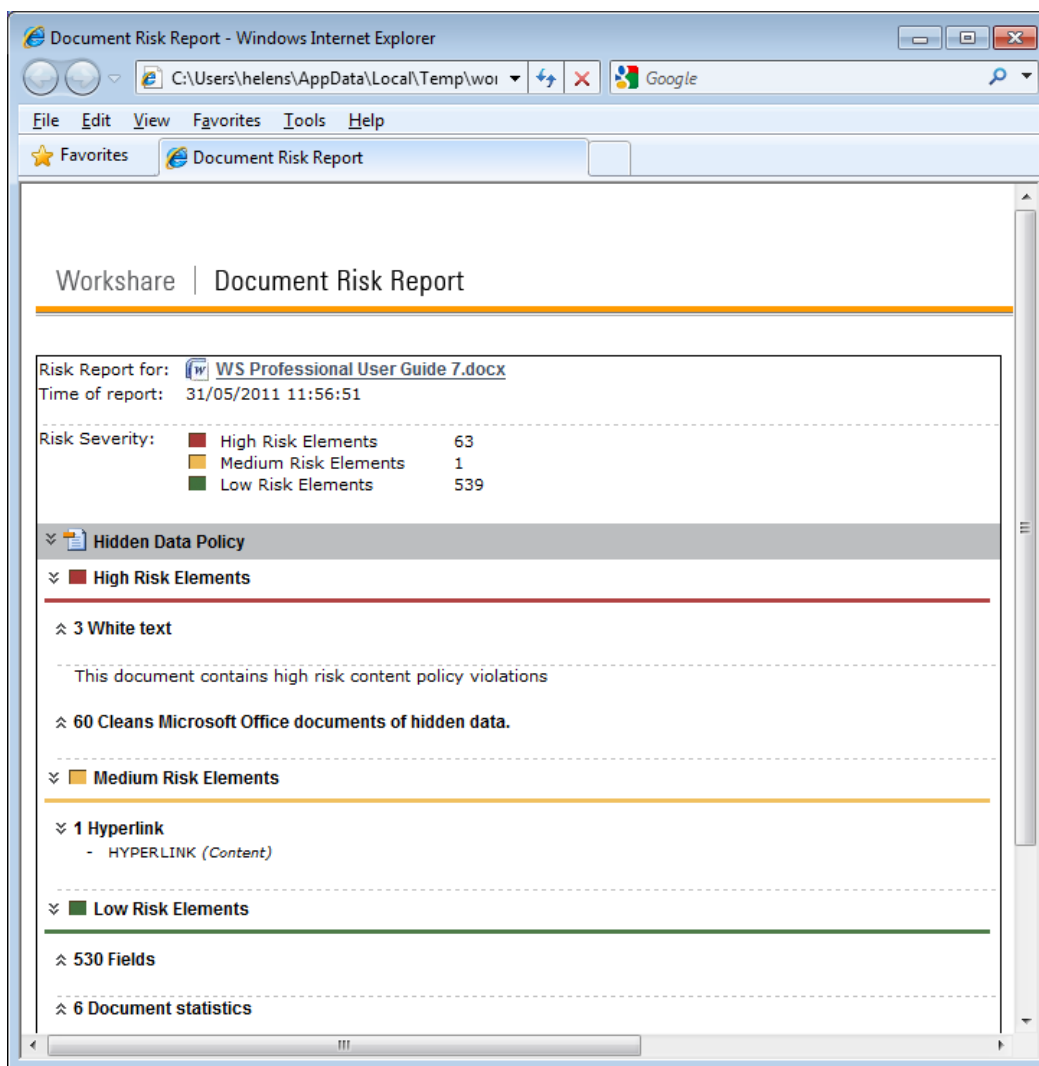
2. Select **Risk Report** from the dropdown list and click **Next**. The Report Format page of the Wizard is displayed:



3. Select the format of the report – HTML or XML.
4. Click **Next**. The report is generated and a progress page is displayed. Once report generation is complete, a confirmation page is displayed as follows:



5. Click **Finish** to display the report. An example HTML report is shown below:



Document Risk Report - Windows Internet Explorer

C:\Users\helens\AppData\Local\Temp\wor

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Document Risk Report

Workshare | Document Risk Report

Risk Report for: [WS Professional User Guide 7.docx](#)
 Time of report: 31/05/2011 11:56:51

Risk Severity:	Category	Count
High Risk Elements	High Risk Elements	63
Medium Risk Elements	Medium Risk Elements	1
Low Risk Elements	Low Risk Elements	539

Hidden Data Policy

High Risk Elements

3 White text

This document contains high risk content policy violations

60 Cleans Microsoft Office documents of hidden data.

Medium Risk Elements

1 Hyperlink

- HYPERLINK (Content)

Low Risk Elements

530 Fields

6 Document statistics

Content risk is displayed according to the policy it violates. Under each policy, the content risk is divided into color-coded categories – high, medium and low.

You can print the Risk Report by selecting **Print** from the *File* menu.

Note: You can also display a Risk Report for a document attached to an email by clicking **View Risk Report** in the Email Security dialog.

Audit Report

You can produce an Audit Report that includes information about the review cycle of the document. For example, how many times it has been sent for review, the number of changes proposed, and so on.

To produce an Audit Report:

1. From the *Workshare* tab, click **Reports**. The first page of the Report Wizard is displayed.
2. Select **Audit Report** from the dropdown list and click **Next**. The Report Format page of the Wizard is displayed:
3. Select the format of the report – HTML or XML – and click **Next**. The report is generated and a progress page is displayed. Once report generation is complete, a confirmation page is displayed.
4. Click **Finish** to display the report. An example HTML report is shown below:

Workshare | Document Audit Report

REPORT INFORMATION	REPORT SUMMARY	
Document report for: Plans	Sent for review	1 time(s)
Report generated on 22/10/2012 11:48:23	Total responses received	1
	Total changes received	264
	Total applied changes:	3 (1%)
	Total rejected changes	1 (0%)
	Total flagged changes	1 (0%)

SENT FOR REVIEW ON: 22/10/2012 11:47:07

CHANGES FROM : Helen Received on 22/10/2012 11:47:30

264 Total Change(s), 259 Pending, 3 Applied, 1 Rejected, 1 Flagged

Pending Changes

[Workshare Point user Guide](#)

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[GUIDE](#)

[Workshare Point](#)

[Company Information](#)

[Workshare Point® User Guide](#)

[Workshare Ltd. \(UK\)](#)

[Workshare Website: www.workshare.com](#)

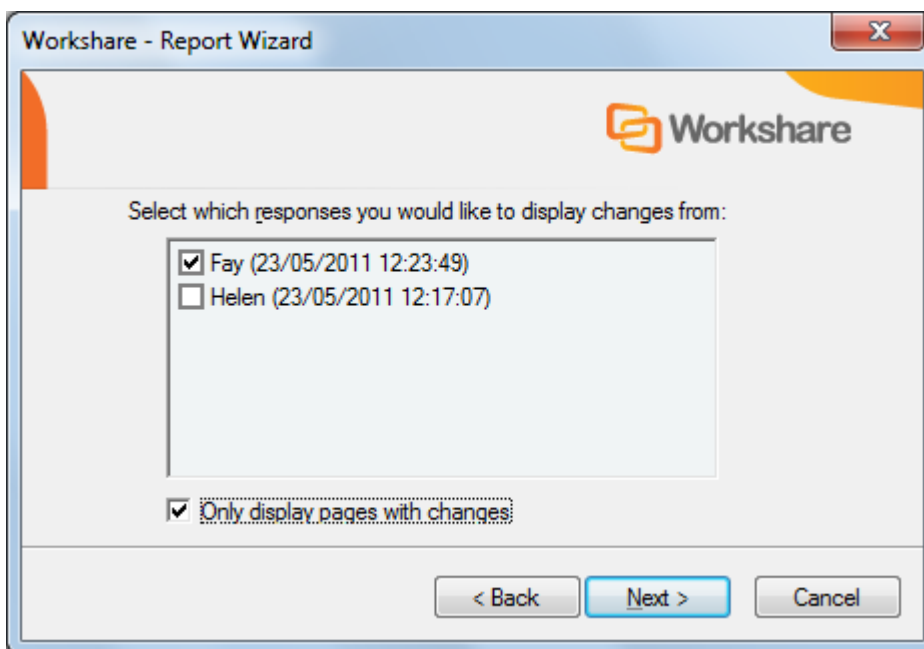
[Trademarked names appear throughout this guide as well as on other parts of the Workshare Point CD. Instead of listing these here or inserting numerous trademark symbols, Workshare wishes to state categorically that no infringement of intellectual or other copyright is intended and that trademarks are used only for editorial purposes.](#)

Review Report

You can create a Review Report to produce a PDF document that includes Redline (comparison) documents showing changes that have been suggested to your document during the review process.

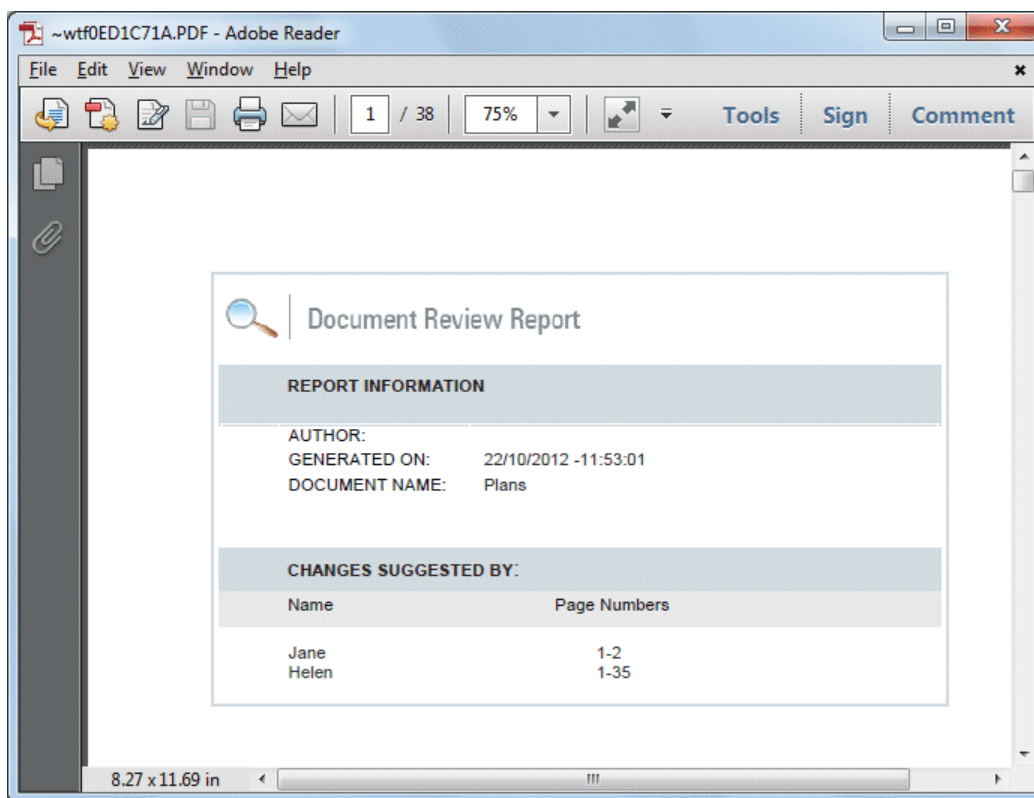
To create a Review Report:

1. From the *Workshare* tab, click **Reports** or from the **Actions** dropdown menu in the Manage Changes page of the Workshare Panel, select **Print Reports**. The first page of the Report Wizard is displayed.
2. Select **Review Report** from the dropdown list and click **Next**. The following page of the Wizard is displayed:



3. Select which responses (and versions for DMS users) you wish to include in the report. The responses are Redline (comparison) documents that show the changes proposed by a reviewer.
4. If required, select the **Only display pages with changes** checkbox to exclude pages from the comparison that do not have any proposed changes.
5. Click **Next**. The report is generated and a progress page is displayed. Once report generation is complete, a confirmation page is displayed.

- Click **Finish** and your report is loaded into your default PDF viewing application (normally Adobe Reader). An example is shown below:



History Report

You can produce a History Report that is effectively a subset of the Audit Report, displaying when your document was **Sent for Review** (including the recipients) as well as when changes were received and incorporated into your document.

To produce a History Report:

- From the *Workshare* tab, click **Reports**. The first page of the Report Wizard is displayed.
- Select **History Report** from the dropdown list and click **Next**. The Report Format page of the Wizard is displayed:
- Select the format of the report – HTML or XML – and click **Next**. The report is generated and a progress page is displayed. Once report generation is complete, a confirmation page is displayed.

4. Click **Finish** to display the report. An example HTML report is shown below:

Workshare Document History Report			
REPORT INFORMATION			
Document Report for:			
Plans			
Generated on:			
22/10/2012 11:55:43			
	Date	Activity	Detail
	22/10/2012 11:51:12	Sent For Review	Sent By: Sent To:
	22/10/2012 11:51:20	Received Response	Received From:Jane No. of Suggested Changes:9
	22/10/2012 11:47:07	Sent For Review	Sent By: Sent To:
	22/10/2012 11:47:30	Received Response	Received From:Helen No. of Suggested Changes:264

Chapter 14. Configuring Workshare

This chapter describes the Workshare Configuration Manager. It includes the following sections:

- **Introducing the Workshare Configuration Manager**, below, introduces the Workshare configuration utility.
- **Accessing the Workshare Configuration Manager**, below, describes how to access the Workshare Configuration Manager.
- **Setting Parameters**, page 206, describes how to set values for parameters in the Workshare Configuration Manager.

Introducing the Workshare Configuration Manager

The Workshare Configuration Manager is a configuration utility that enables you to configure Workshare and the way it behaves as well as modify the configuration of the Client Default profile (via the parameters in the **Protection** category).

***Note:** A profile is a collection of policies. A policy is a set of parameters applied by Workshare Protect when determining content risk.*

Administrator Mode and User Mode

The Workshare Configuration Manager has two modes as follows:

- **Administrator Mode:** This mode is for administrators to make changes to the default settings on the local machine. Settings made are saved in HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE in the Registry. As a user you will only have access to Administrator mode if you have Administrator rights.
- **User Mode:** This mode is for users to make changes to the Workshare configuration to suit their own personal preferences on the local machine. Other users could log in and they would not have the same configuration settings. Settings made are personal to the user and saved in HKEY_CURRENT_USER in the Registry.

***Note:** Your system administrator may have restricted the rights of users to modify configuration parameters by locking individual parameters so that users cannot override the setting. If you have restricted access rights and have special requirements for configuration, please speak to your system administrator.*

Accessing the Workshare Configuration Manager

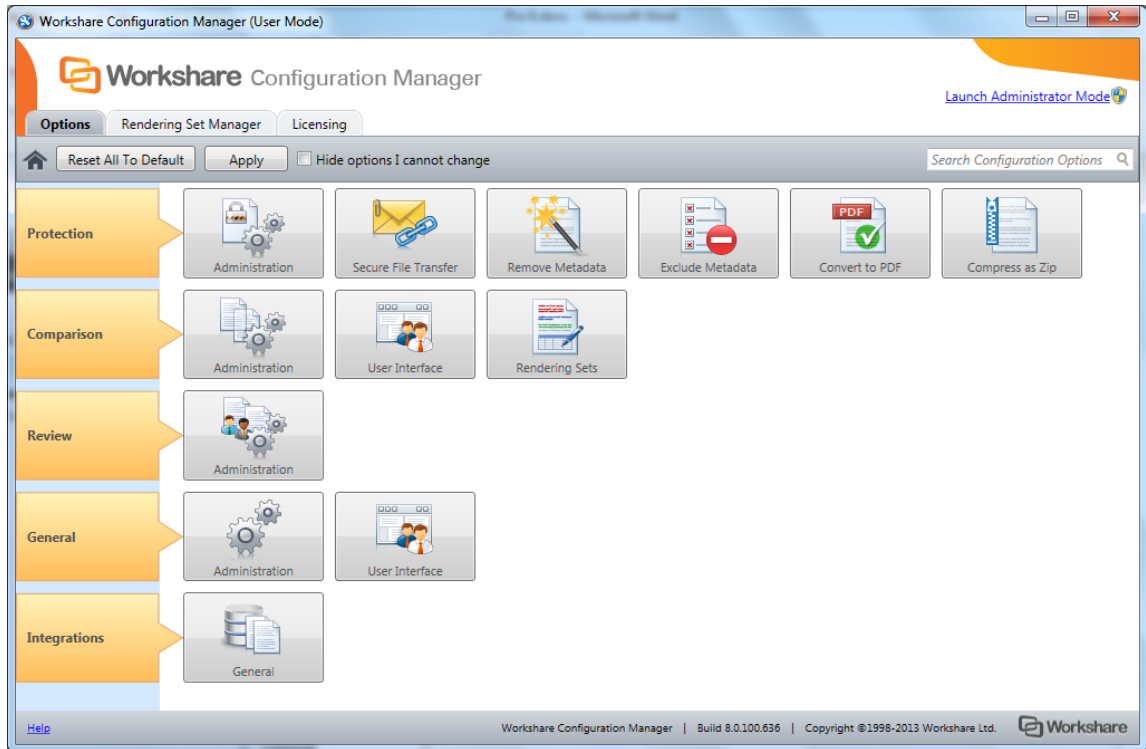
The Workshare Configuration Manager can be accessed from within Microsoft Word or from the Start menu.

To access the Workshare Configuration Manager from Microsoft Word:

- In Microsoft Word, click **Options** in the *Workshare* tab, **Options** group. The Workshare Configuration Manager opens in User Mode.

To access the Workshare Configuration Manager from the Start menu:

- From the Start menu, select **All Programs > Workshare > Workshare Configuration**. The Workshare Configuration Manager opens in User Mode.

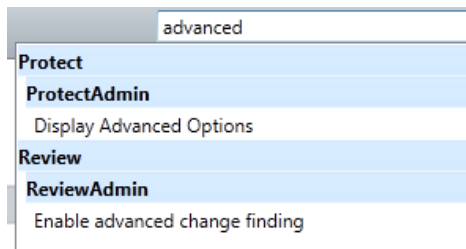


Note: In User Mode, the state of the options reflects the settings in HKEY_CURRENT_USER in the Registry.

The configuration parameters for Workshare are grouped into categories and sub-categories. Click a sub-category to display the parameters for that sub-category. The different sub-categories and their parameters are described in *Workshare Configuration Options*.

Searching Parameters

If you know the name of a parameter (or part of its name) but not its location, you can search the Workshare Configuration Manager using the search box on the top right.



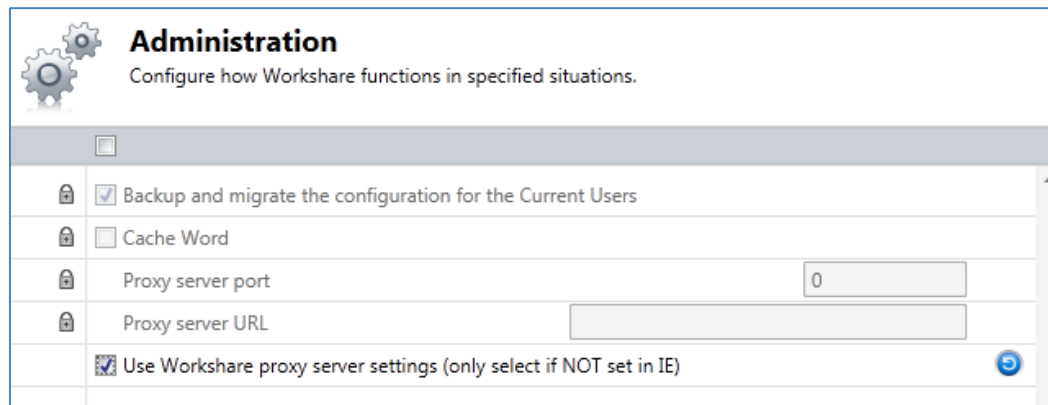
Click the parameter in the results list and the relevant category and sub-category is displayed in the Workshare Configuration Manager.

Setting Parameters

Most parameters in the Workshare Configuration Manager are set by selecting or deselecting a checkbox. There are also some that require you to enter a value in a text box.

To specify parameters:

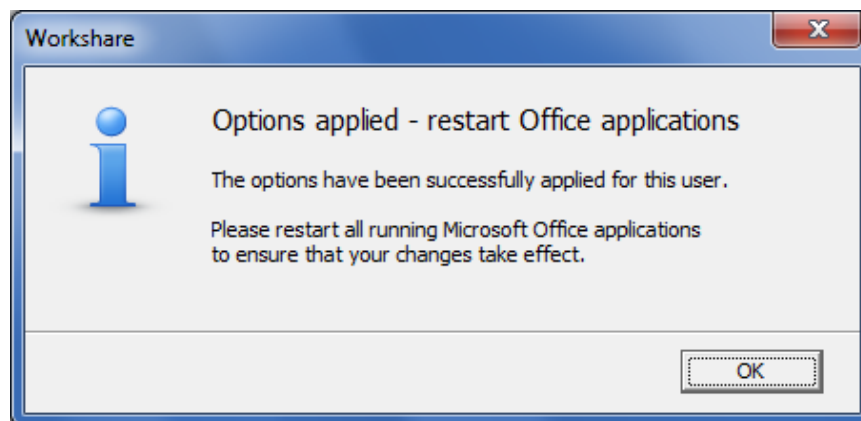
1. In the Workshare Configuration Manager, select a category and then a sub-category.
2. Set a value for a parameter by selecting or deselecting the checkbox, selecting an option from a dropdown list or entering a value in a text box.



The  icon to the right of a parameter indicates that the parameter value has been changed.

Note: When parameters have been locked by your administrator, the parameter will be disabled and a lock symbol will appear to the left of the parameter. You cannot change locked parameters.

3. Continue to select categories and sub-categories and specify parameters as required.
4. Click **Apply** to save your settings. A confirmation message is displayed once the settings have been saved.



5. Click **OK** and restart all Microsoft Office applications.

Note: The different sub-categories and their parameters are described in *Workshare Configuration Options*.

Appendix A. Configuring Rendering Sets

This appendix describes how to configure rendering sets in Workshare Compare and apply them to a comparison. It includes the following sections:

- **Introducing Rendering Sets**, below, introduces Workshare rendering sets and describes how they determine the look of a Redline document.
- **Accessing the Rendering Sets Manager**, page 209, describes how to access the Workshare Rendering Sets Manager.
- **Customizing Rendering Sets**, page 212, describes how to create your own rendering sets as well as modify and delete existing rendering sets.
- **Rendering Set Parameters**, page 214, provides a detailed description of all the parameters included in rendering sets.

Introducing Rendering Sets

Workshare Compare uses colors and different formats in the Redline document to enable you to see the changes that have been made to the documents.

For example, the following indications can be used:

- Deletions in ~~red with a strikethrough~~
- Insertions in bright blue with a double underline
- Moved or cut text in ~~green with a strikethrough~~
- Pasted (copied) text in green with a double underline
- Moved deletions in ~~salmon pink with a strikethrough~~

The colors and formats adopted depend on the rendering set applied to the comparison. Workshare Compare includes several different rendering sets that you can apply as required or you can modify these rendering sets or create your own rendering set.

Note: *It is general practice that your system administrator will have been involved in creating a set of standard rendering sets for your company to use and may have restricted the rights of users to create, delete or modify their own rendering sets. If you have restricted access rights and have special requirements for rendering sets, please speak to your system administrator.*

Where are Rendering Sets Stored?

By default, rendering sets are stored in the following locations:

- Machine-wide rendering sets are stored in a shared documents folder at the following location: C: Users > Public > Public Documents > Workshare > Rendering.
- Personal rendering sets are stored in C: Users > (user name) > My Documents > Workshare > Rendering. This can be changed by an administrator in the **Default rendering set location** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Comparison > Administration** category).

You can store rendering sets at other locations but you must specify the location (or locations) in the **Additional locations for rendering sets** parameter in the Workshare Configuration Manager (**Comparison > Administration** category). Workshare Compare looks in the two default locations (specified above) to create a list of the possible rendering sets available and will also look in any additional locations specified in this parameter.

Applying Rendering Sets

You apply a rendering set to a comparison before the comparison is run and in Workshare Compare you can also apply a rendering set at any time after a comparison has been performed.

To apply a rendering set after the comparison has been run:

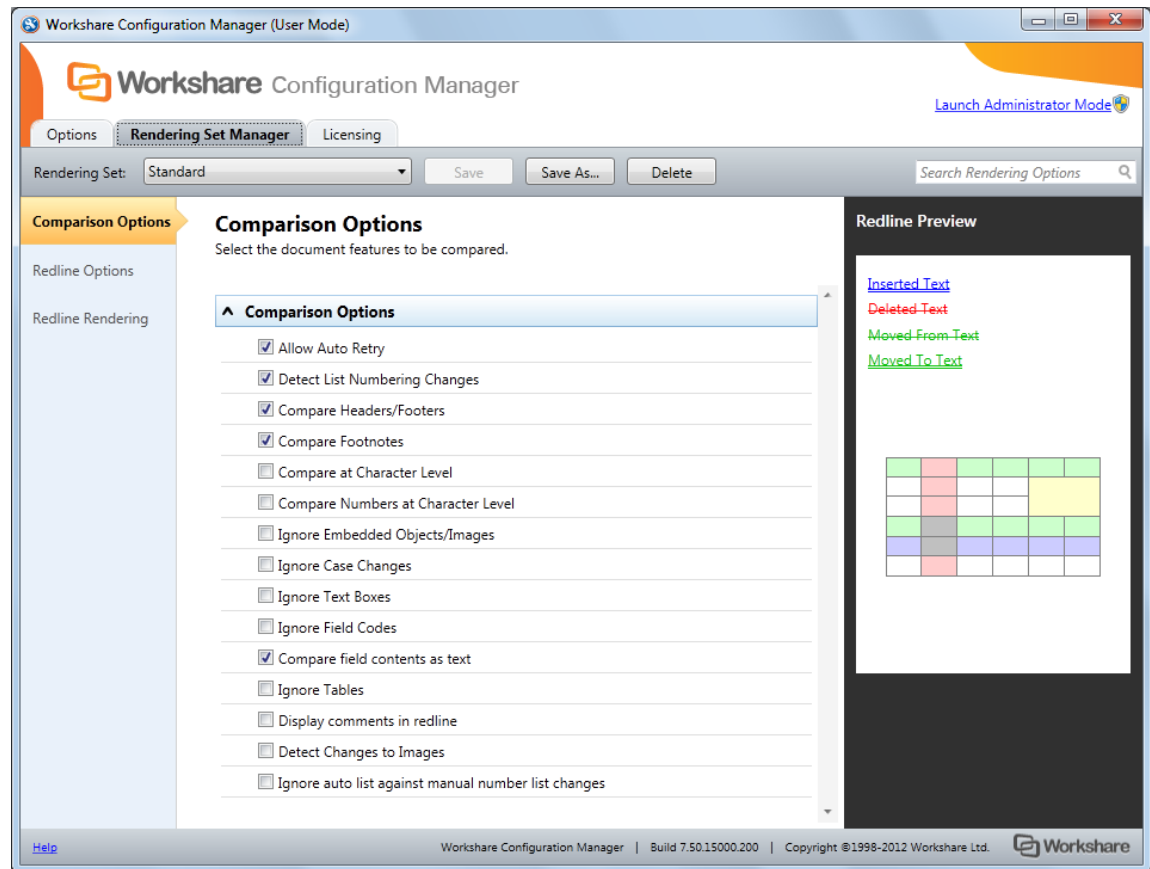
- Refer to Applying a Different Rendering Set
- Refer to Changing the Comparison Options

Accessing the Rendering Sets Manager

The Rendering Sets Manager is accessible from the Workshare Configuration Manager, from Workshare Compare and from Microsoft Word.

From the Workshare Configuration Manager

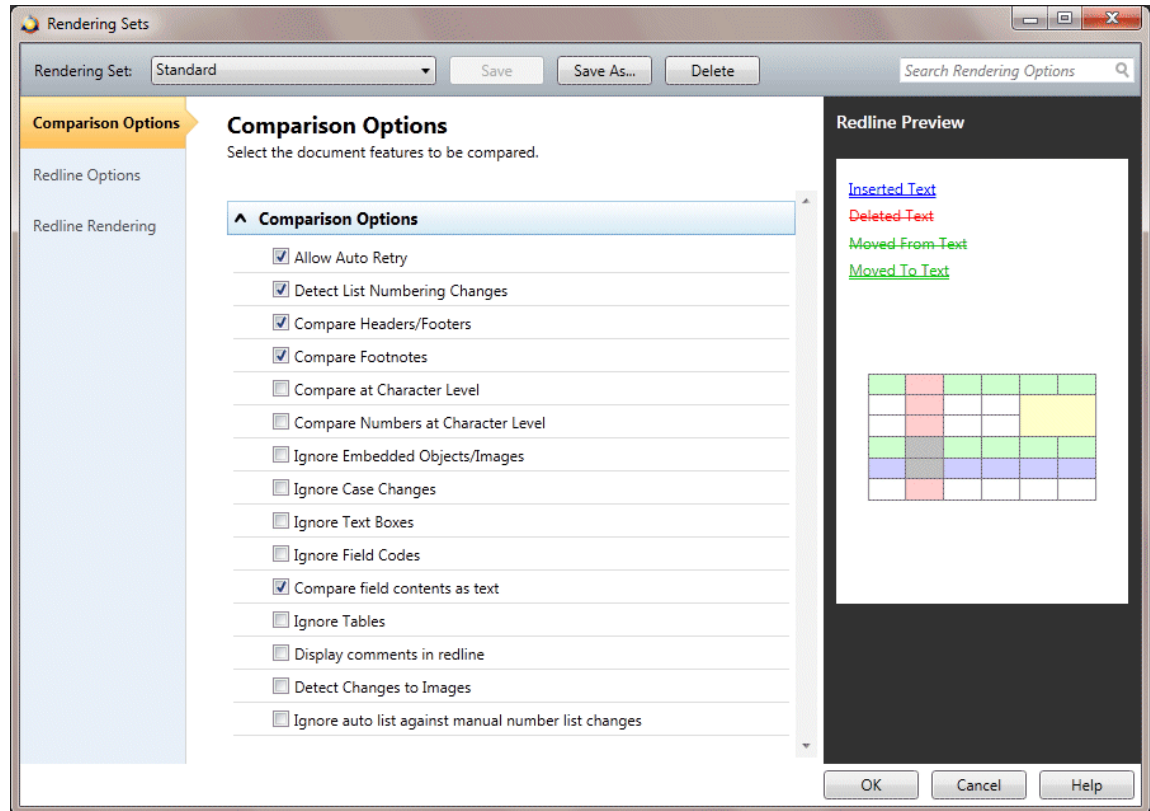
Access the Workshare Configuration Manager and select the Rendering Set Manager tab.



If you have permissions, you can modify and delete existing rendering sets and create new rendering sets. Refer to Customizing Rendering Sets.

Before Running a Comparison

Before running a comparison, click  in the *Compare Documents* dialog or click **Edit rendering set** in the Compare Documents page of the Workshare Panel.



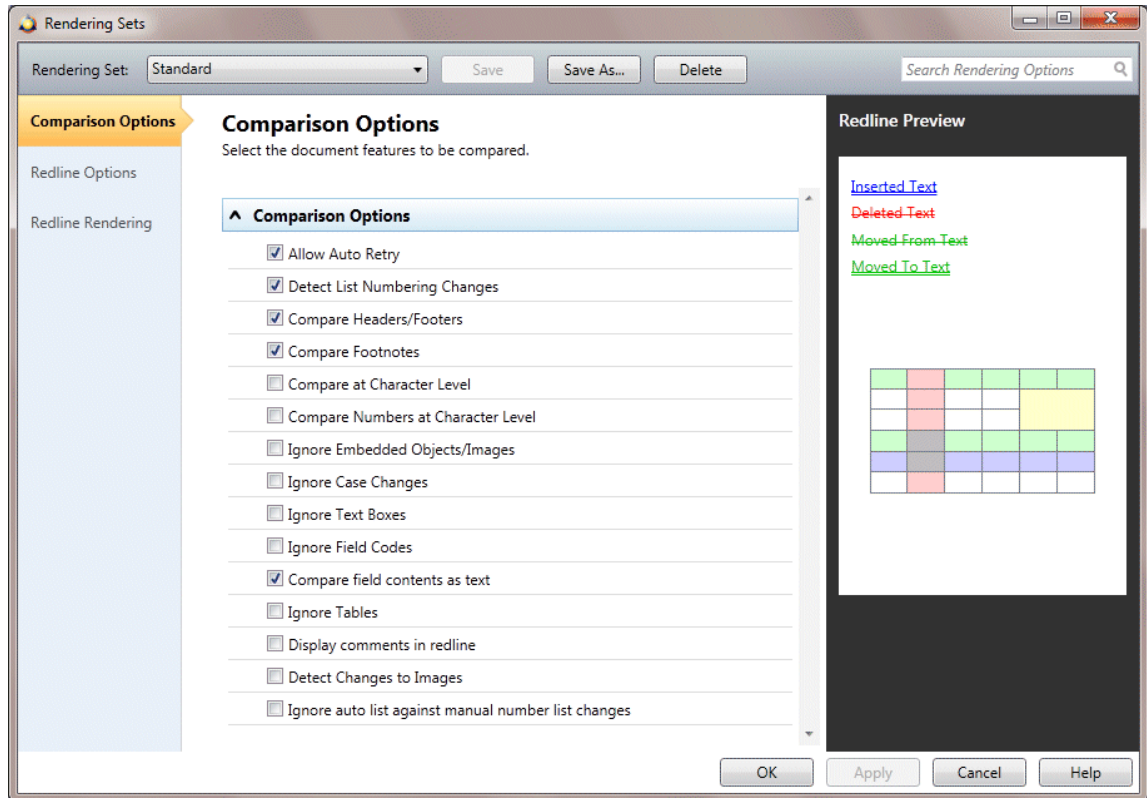
If you have permissions, you can modify and delete existing rendering sets and create new rendering sets. Refer to Customizing Rendering Sets.

Additionally, you can edit the rendering set parameters as required and click **OK**. The *Save Rendering Set* dialog is displayed where you can either:

- Enter the name of an existing rendering set to overwrite a rendering set or enter a new name to create a new rendering set. Do not use the following characters when naming rendering sets: <, >, :, \, /, \ or |. Click **Yes**. The updated rendering set is saved and it is selected in the *Compare Documents* dialog or the Compare Documents page of the Workshare Panel.
- Click **No**. The revised options are saved as a temporary rendering set called “Custom rendering set” and this rendering set is selected in the *Compare Documents* dialog or the Compare Documents page of the Workshare Panel.

After Running a Comparison

In the Workshare Compare main window, click **Edit** in the Home ribbon (**Rendering Sets** group).



If you have permissions, you can modify and delete existing rendering sets and create new rendering sets. Refer to Customizing Rendering Sets.

Additionally, you can re-run a comparison changing specific comparison options. Refer to Changing the Comparison Options.

Customizing Rendering Sets

If you have the relevant access rights, you can modify and delete existing rendering sets as well as create new rendering sets.

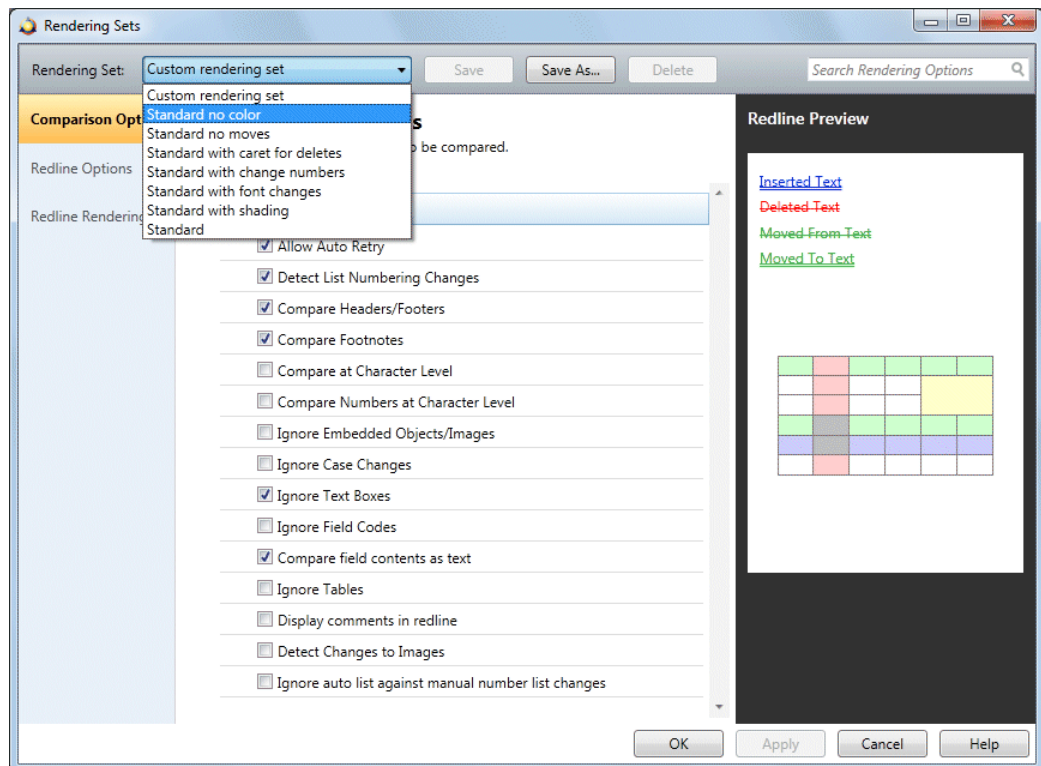
***Note:** Depending on how Workshare Compare has been distributed through the company, you may or may not have access rights to configure rendering sets. If you have any questions about your access rights, please speak to your system administrator.*

Modifying Existing Rendering Sets

If you have permission, you can modify the settings of an existing rendering set.

To modify an existing rendering set:

1. In the Rendering Sets Manager, select the rendering set you want to modify from the **Rendering Set** dropdown list.



2. Configure or modify the parameters for the rendering set as follows:
 - Click a category in the left pane to display parameters for that category in the right pane.
 - Configure the parameters as required.

Categories and their parameters are described in Rendering Set Parameters.

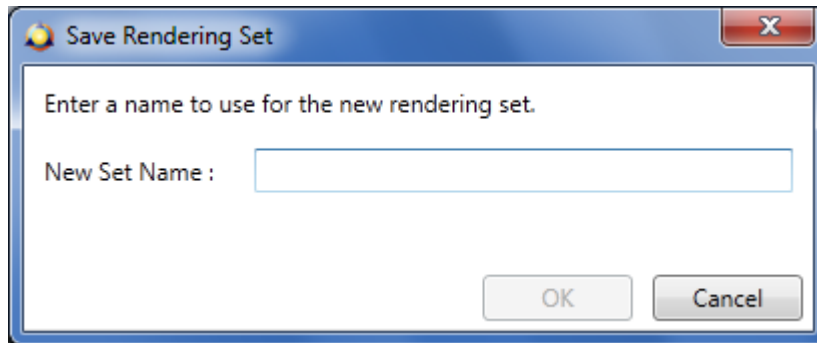
3. Click **Save**. The modified settings are saved to the selected rendering set.

Creating New Rendering Sets

If you have permission, you can create a new rendering set. You create a new rendering set based on an existing rendering set and then modify it as required.

To create a new rendering set:

1. In the Rendering Sets Manager, select the rendering set on which you want to base your new rendering set from the **Rendering Set** dropdown list.
2. Click **Save As**. The *Save Rendering Set* dialog is displayed:



3. Enter a name for the rendering set. Enter the name of an existing rendering set to overwrite a rendering set or enter a new name to create a new rendering set. Do not use the following characters when naming rendering sets: <, >, :, \, /, \\ or |.
4. Click **OK**. The new rendering set is selected in the **Rendering Set** dropdown list.
5. Configure or modify the parameters for the rendering set as follows:
 - Click a category in the left pane to display parameters for that category in the right pane.
 - Configure the parameters as required.

Categories and their parameters are described in *Rendering Set Parameters*.
6. Click **Save**. The settings are saved to your new rendering set.

Deleting Rendering Sets

If you have permission, you can delete rendering sets from the Rendering Sets Manager.

To delete a rendering set:

1. In the Rendering Sets Manager, select the rendering set that you want to delete from the **Rendering Set** dropdown list.
2. Click **Delete**. The selected rendering set is deleted.

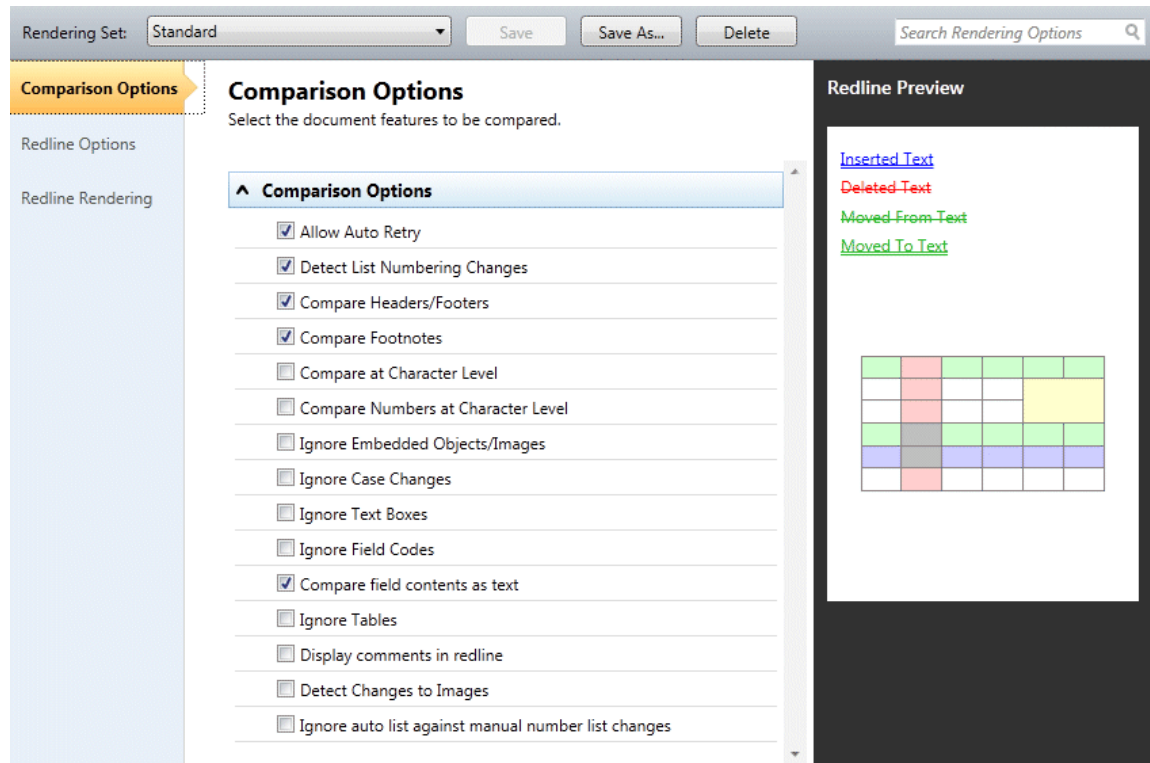
Rendering Set Parameters

The parameters for rendering sets are grouped into the following categories:

- Comparison Options.
- Redline Options
- Redline Rendering

The categories appear in the left pane of the Rendering Sets Manager. Selecting a category displays the parameters for that category in the central pane. The right hand pane show a preview of how the Redline document will look with the parameters selected.

Comparison Options



The **Comparison Options** category includes parameters that enable you to customize how the compare is performed.

The Comparison Options parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Allow Auto Retry	When selected, if a comparison fails for any reason then Workshare Compare automatically attempts to perform a comparison using reduced settings. Workshare Compare methodically and automatically disables the Comparison Options selected until it is able to perform a comparison.

Parameter	Description
Detect List Numbering Changes	If selected, changes to automatically generated list numbers for numbered paragraphs are detected.
Compare Headers/Footers	If selected, the headers and footers in the original and modified documents are compared.
Compare Footnotes	If selected, the footnotes in the original and modified documents are compared.
Compare at Character Level	If selected, words that are only slightly different from each other are compared. For example, if banana has been changed to bananas - Workshare Compare shows just an insertion of an s in the Redline document, rather than showing a deletion of banana and an insertion of bananas . This is intended to catch simple typing mistakes.
Compare Numbers at Character Level	As above description, but compares numbers instead of characters.
Ignore Embedded Objects/Images	<p>If selected, embedded objects and images are ignored while doing the comparison and will not be displayed in the Redline document.</p> <p>If not selected, the embedded objects and images will appear in the Redline (although changes to them are not detected unless the Detect changes to Images parameter is selected.)</p> <p>This option is useful when documents have very large images embedded in them which would produce vast amounts of data if written to the Redline RTF file and would slow down the comparison process and the loading of the Redline document.</p>
Ignore Case Changes	If selected, any case changes, for example, upper case to lower case, made in the modified document are ignored.
Ignore Text Boxes	If selected, any text boxes in the modified document are ignored.
Ignore Field Codes	<p>If selected, fields are treated as the same even if their field codes differ. So if you have a Date field in the original document and an Author field in the same place in the modified document, the Redline document will not show a change.</p> <p>If not selected, field codes are compared and where they have changed, the entire original field is shown as deleted and the entire modified field is shown as inserted.</p>

Parameter	Description
Compare field contents as text	<p>If selected, converts certain field codes to text and then compares. If not selected, compares field code only. Fields converted to text will not be subject to the Ignore Field Codes parameter if that is also selected.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Note: The following field codes are converted to text: TOC, REF, TOA, TA, DATE, TIME, COMMENTS, KEYWORDS, AUTHOR, FILENAME, SAVEDATE, CREATEDATE, PAGEREF, INDEX, DOCPROPERTY, TITLE, MERGEFIELD, NOTEREF, SHAPE, QUOTE. Other field codes will be dealt with according to the Ignore Field Codes parameter setting.</p> </div> <p>For example, where there is a date field that in the original document shows 1 Jan 2012 and in the modified updates to 31 Jan 2012. When this parameter is selected, the Redline will show 431 Jan 2012. Where this parameter is not selected, no change will be shown.</p>
Ignore Tables	If selected, any tables in the modified document are ignored.
Display comments in redline	If selected, comments in the original and modified documents are compared.
Detect Changes to Images	<p>If selected, images in the original and modified documents are compared. In order for images to be compared, you must ensure that the Ignore Embedded Objects/Images parameter is NOT selected.</p>
Ignore auto list against manual number list changes	<p>If selected, when an automatically formatted list is being compared against a manual list, any changes in the manual list are ignored.</p> <p>Generally this parameter should NOT be selected. It should only be selected in circumstances when one of the documents being compared contains automatic list numbering and the other document contains manual list numbering.</p>

Redline Options

The **Redline Options** category includes parameters that enable you to customize how the Redline document is displayed and what information is included with the Redline document.

The Redline Options parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
General Options	
Include redline statistics	If selected, statistics about the changes between the original and modified documents is displayed in the Redline document. You can select to display these statistics at the start of the document or at the end of the document .
Include Redline Comparison Summary	If selected, a summary of all the changes is displayed at the end of the Redline document. The changes are hyperlinked to take you directly to the change in the Redline document.
Include Redline Option Summary	If selected, a summary of the options selected in the current rendering set is displayed at the end of the Redline document in the statistics report.

Parameter	Description
Display Workshare Compare Footers	If selected, details about the two documents being compared are displayed in the footer of the Redline document.
Black And White Headers	If selected, changes detected in the header are rendered in black and white. The color scheme set up in the rendering set is maintained for changes to all other parts of the document.
Black And White Footers	If selected, changes detected in the footer are rendered in black and white. The color scheme set up in the rendering set is maintained for changes to all other parts of the document.
Show Moved Deletions	If selected, text that was deleted from a section of the document and then subsequently moved to a new location is indicated.
Show Changes to Spaces	If selected, any extra spaces that have been added to or deleted from the modified document are indicated.
Show Paragraph Changes	If selected, paragraph markers (¶) of any extra paragraphs that have been added to or deleted from the modified document are displayed.
Include file names in Redline statistics	If selected, the names of the compared documents are included in the Redline statistics.
Change Indicator Options	
Show Hidden Text	If selected, hidden text is displayed in the Redline document.
Show Line Numbering	If selected, the line number is displayed to the left of each line in the margin of the Redline document.
Show Change Numbering ToolTips	If selected, tool tips are displayed when you position the cursor over change numbers.
Show change bars	If selected, vertical lines to indicate a change are displayed next to each change in the margin of the Redline document. You can select to display the lines either in the Left or Right margin.
Show change numbers	If selected, the change number is displayed next to each change in the margin of the Redline document. You can select to display the number either in the Left or Right margin.
Readability	See the Readability section below.

Note: The change indicator settings do not show if you open the Redline document in Microsoft Word.

Readability

The **Readability** option enables you to set at what point insertions and deletions should no longer be marked individually but marked as an entire paragraph deleted followed by an entire paragraph inserted. The deleted paragraph is as the paragraph appears in the original document and the inserted paragraph is as the paragraph appears in the modified document.

For example, the following paragraph showing numerous deletions and insertions is quite difficult to read:

~~DeltaView Redline with Table of Contents: (Vendor)When performing a redline where the document contains an~~[contents issue: An error occurs in the number of bullet points when DeltaView does a redline on a document where the table of contents is automatically generated](#) ~~Table of Contents, the DeltaView output does not number the sections properly. This happens in DeltaView or if the file format is *.wdf. Workaround: Save the redline~~[Word. Workaround: Save the table of contents in as a new document or email the redline as a Word document, it formats correctly. We are working with the vendor for a resolution](#)~~DOC file and open it in Word before printing.~~

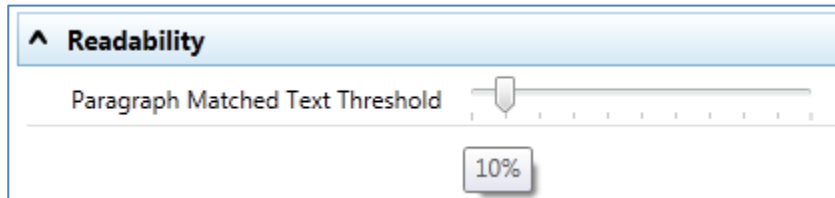
It would be much easier to read this paragraph if it was presented as the entire paragraph deleted followed by a new paragraph inserted, as follows:

~~DeltaView Redline with Table of Contents: (Vendor)When performing a redline where the document contains an automatically generated Table of Contents, the DeltaView output does not number the sections properly. This happens in DeltaView or if the file format is *.wdf. Workaround: Save the redline as a new document or email the redline as a Word document, it formats correctly. We are working with the vendor for a resolution.~~

[DeltaView Table of contents issue: An error occurs in the number of bullet points when DeltaView does a redline on a document where the table of contents is automatically generated in Word. Workaround: Save the table of contents in as a DOC file and open it in Word before printing.](#)

Obviously, if there were only a few deletions and insertions in a paragraph, then the first example is easy to read.

With the Readability parameter, you can specify at what point Workshare Compare no longer marks deletions and insertions individually but marks the entire paragraph as a deletion followed by the new paragraph as an insertion. You specify this by setting a readability percentage by dragging the **Paragraph Matched Text Threshold** slider to your required setting. The percentage selected is shown in a tool tip above the slider.



The meaning of the setting is as follows:

- With readability set at 10%, Workshare Compare will mark insertions and deletions individually unless 90% of the paragraph has changed. In other words, in most circumstances paragraphs will be displayed in the same way as the first example shown previously. Only when more than 90% of the paragraph has changed will Workshare Compare display the paragraph as the second example.
- With readability set at 50%, Workshare Compare will mark insertions and deletions individually unless 50% of the paragraph has changed. In other words, paragraphs will be displayed in the same way as the first example shown previously unless more than 50% of the paragraph has changed.
- With readability set at 90%, Workshare Compare will mark insertions and deletions individually unless 10% of the paragraph has changed. In other words, in most circumstances paragraphs will be displayed in the same way as the second example shown previously. Only when less than 10% of the paragraph has changed will Workshare Compare display the paragraph as the first example.

The default setting for readability is 10%.

Workshare Compare looks at each paragraph separately and assesses its readability according to the number of changes in the paragraph.

***Note:** When working with tables, Workshare Compare does not treat the entire table as a paragraph. Each paragraph within each cell is treated separately.*

Readability only applies to paragraphs that contain both inserted and deleted text because such paragraphs may be unclear whereas paragraphs with only insertions or deletions do not have such readability problems.

Redline Rendering

The screenshot shows the 'Redline Rendering' configuration window in Workshare Configuration Manager. At the top, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Save As...', and 'Delete', along with a search bar for 'Rendering Options'. The left sidebar shows 'Redline Rendering' as the active category. The main area is titled 'Redline Rendering' and contains a list of options: 'Inserted Text', 'Deleted Text', 'Moved Text', 'Change Numbering', 'Font Changes', 'Style Changed Text', and 'Table Changes'. The 'Inserted Text' section is expanded, showing settings for 'Inserted Text Color' (blue), 'Inserted Text Background' (checkered), 'Inserted Text Format' (Double Underline), and 'Surrounding Characters' (Change Text). To the right, a 'Redline Preview' window shows a grid with colored cells and text examples: 'Inserted Text' (blue), 'Deleted Text' (red), 'Moved From Text' (green), and 'Moved To Text' (green). The footer includes 'Workshare Configuration Manager | Build 7.0.10000.1490 | Copyright ©1998-2011 Workshare Ltd. Workshare'.

The **Redline Rendering** category includes parameters that enable you to customize how specific types of changes are displayed in the Redline document.

The Redline Options parameters are presented in the following sections:

Inserted Text Format

The **Inserted Text Format** section includes parameters that enable you to customize how you would like inserted text to appear in the Redline document.

^ Inserted Text

Inserted Text Color	 ▼
Inserted Text Background	 ▼
Inserted Text Format	Double Underline ▼
Surrounding Characters	<input type="checkbox"/> Change Text <input type="checkbox"/>

The Inserted Text Format parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Inserted Text Color	The color of inserted text.
Inserted Text Background	The color of the background of inserted text.
Inserted Text Format	The format of inserted text. Select from <u>Underline</u> , <u>Double Underline</u> , <i>Italic</i> or Strikethrough .
Surrounding Characters	A keyboard character to go before and after inserted text.

Deleted Text Format

The **Deleted Text Format** section includes parameters that enable you to customize how you would like deleted text to appear in the Redline document.

^ Deleted Text

Deleted Text Color	 ▼
Deleted Text Background	 ▼
Deleted Text Format	Strikethrough ▼
Surrounding Characters	<input type="checkbox"/> Change Text <input type="checkbox"/>
Deleted Text Replacement Character	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Replace Deleted Text with a Single Character	
<input type="checkbox"/> Include summary of deletions	

The Deleted Text Format parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Deleted Text Color	The color of deleted text.
Deleted Text Background	The color of the background of deleted text.
Deleted Text Format	The format of deleted text. Select from <u>Underline</u> , <u>Double Underline</u> , <i>Italic</i> or Strikethrough .
Surrounding Characters	A keyboard character to go before and after deleted text.
Deleted Text Replacement Character	The character used to replace deleted text. If the Replace Deletes with Single Character checkbox is selected, the deleted text is replaced with a single instance of the character specified. If the Replace Deletes with Single Character checkbox is not selected, each character in the deleted text is replaced with the character specified. For example, if the word compare is deleted and the character specified is X , the word appears as XXXXXX .
Replace Deleted Text with a Single Character	If selected, deleted text is replaced with a single character. If you select this checkbox, enter the required character in the Replacement Character field. For example, if the word compare is deleted and the character specified is X , the word appears as X .
Include summary of deletions	If selected, a summary of deletions is included with the Redline document.

Moved Text

The **Moved Text** section includes parameters that enable you to customize how you would like moved text to appear in the Redline document.

^ **Moved Text**

Show Movements

Moved Text Color ▼

Moved Text Background ▼

Moved Source Text Format Strikethrough ▼

Moved Destination Text Format Double Underline ▼

Move Source Surrounding Characters Change Text

Move Destination Surrounding Characters Change Text

The Moved Text parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Show Movements	If selected, moved text is shown in the Redline document. If you leave this checkbox unchecked, then any text that has been moved is displayed the same as inserted and deleted text.
Moved Text Color	The color of moved text.
Moved Text Background	The color of the background of moved text.
Moved Source Text Format	The format of the source moved text. Select the format of the text in its original position from <u>Underline</u> , <u>Double Underline</u> , <i>Italic</i> or Strikethrough .
Moved Destination Text Format	The format of the destination moved text. Select the format of the text in its new position from <u>Underline</u> , <u>Double Underline</u> , <i>Italic</i> or Strikethrough .
Move Source Surrounding Characters	A keyboard character to go before and after source moved text. Specify the characters to surround the text in its original position.
Move Destination Surrounding Characters	A keyboard character to go before and after destination moved text. Specify the characters to surround the text in its new position.

Change Numbering

The **Change Numbering** section includes parameters that enable you to select whether change numbers are shown in the Redline document and, if so, how they appear.

The Change Numbering parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Show Change Numbering	If selected, the number of the change is displayed next to each change in the body of the Redline document (as superscript).
Show Change Numbering before Change	If selected, the change number is displayed before the change. If not selected, the change number is displayed after the change. It is recommended to position the change number before the change as footnotes often appear after text. This reduces confusion.
Change Number Text Color	The color of change numbers.
Change Number Text Format	The format of change numbers. Select from a range of formats, including Superscript or Bold .

Font Changes

The **Font Changes** section includes parameters that enable you to customize how you would like any font changes to appear in the Redline document.

^ Font Changes

Show Font Changes

Font Change Text Color

▼

Font Change Text Background

▼

Surrounding Characters

Change Text

The Font Changes parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Show Font Changes	If selected, font changes are shown in the Redline document.
Font Change Text Color	The color of font changes.
Font Change Text Background	The color of the background of font changes.
Surrounding Characters	A keyboard character to go before and after font changes.

***Note:** Insertions and deletions override any font changes. For example, if the modified document has new inserted text in a different font, it appears as inserted text and not as font change text.*

Style Changed Text

The **Style Changed Text** section includes parameters that enable you to customize how you would like any style changes to appear in the Redline document.

^ Style Changed Text

Show Paragraph Style Changes

Style Changed Label Color

▼

Show Character Style Changes

Style Changed Color

▼

Style Changed Background

▼

Style Changed Format

Double Underline ▼

Surrounding Characters

Change Text

The Style Changed Text parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Show Paragraph Style Changes	If selected, paragraph style changes are shown in the Redline document. Paragraph style changes are indicated in words, for example, normal to heading two .
Style Changed Label Color	The color of text in paragraphs where the paragraph style has changed.
Show Character Style Changes	If selected, character style changes are shown in the Redline document.
Style Changed Color	The color of character style changes.
Style Changed Background	The color of the background of character style changes.
Style Changed Format	The format of character style changes. Select from <u>Underline</u> , <u>Double Underline</u> , <i>Italic</i> or Strikethrough .
Surrounding Characters	A keyboard character to go before and after style changed text.

Note: Changes to heading styles are also shown in the statistics report at the end of the Redline document.

Table Changes

The **Table Changes** section includes parameters that enable you to customize how you would like any format changes in tables to appear in the Redline document.

^ Table Changes

Table change options Changes with surrounding char: ▼

Table Cell Inserted Color ▼

Table Cell Deleted Color ▼

Table Cell Moved Color ▼

Table Cell Merged Color ▼

Table Cell Padding Color ▼

The Table Changes parameters are described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Table Change Options	The way changes in tables are indicated. You can select from the following: Changes with surrounding characters , Changes without surrounding characters , Whole original and modified tables , Whole modified table only or Whole modified table only (unmarked) . Selecting Whole modified table only (unmarked) , the modified table is shown in the Redline document as a new table with no changes marked. Selecting Whole modified table only , the modified table is also shown in the Redline document as a new table but it is shown as an insertion.
Table Cell Inserted Color	The color of inserted cells.
Table Cell Deleted Color	The color of deleted cells.
Table Cell Moved Color	The color of moved cells.
Table Cell Merged Color	The color of merged cells.
Table Cell Padding Color	The color of padded cells.

What are Padded Cells?

Padded cells occur when an insert and delete have occurred within a table, a cell becomes both an insert **and** a delete; therefore it creates a padded cell.

Original Table

Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Cell 4	Cell 5	Cell 6

Modified Table

Cell 1	Cell 3
Cell A	Cell B
Cell 4	Cell 6

Rendered Table

Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3
Cell A	PADED CELL	Cell B
Cell 4	Cell 5	Cell 6

Appendix B.Clean and Lightspeed Clean

Lightspeed cleaning is a secure white-out technology that overwrites hidden data to prevent leaks. Lightspeed cleaning is much faster than regular cleaning because it does not rely on Microsoft Office for cleaning the document and uses exclusive binary reading and writing technology. Lightspeed cleaning maintains the original structure of the document but may either remove hidden data or redact it (replace it with spaces). Thus regular cleaning actually removes the hidden data element from the document whereas Lightspeed cleaning may have different effects. There are some subtle differences in how each technology cleans the document but both ensure the document is safe.

The following tables detail the features of Microsoft Word, Excel and PowerPoint documents that are cleaned by Workshare Protect when a **Clean** or a **Lightspeed Clean** is performed on the document. The tables also briefly explain the effect of the clean or Lightspeed clean. The effect of these actions varies according to the format of the document:

- DOC/XLS/PPT** Word 97-2003 Document/Excel 97-2003 Workbook/PowerPoint 97-2003 Presentation
- DOCX/XLSX/PPTX** Office Open XML Format (no macros)
- DOCM/XLSM/PPTM** Office Open XML Format (macros allowed)

Microsoft Word Documents

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCM Format	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCM Format
Track Changes	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted, but where track change deletes text, the text is turned into hidden spaces (revealed if turn on "show hidden text")	√ Deleted
Comments	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted
Small Text	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted, but turned into hidden spaces (revealed if turn on "show hidden text")	√ Deleted
Color on Color Text (includes White Text)	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted, but turned into hidden spaces (revealed if turn on "show hidden text")	√ Deleted

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCX Format	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCX Format
Hidden Text	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted, but turned into hidden spaces (revealed if turn on "show hidden text")	√ Deleted
Versions	√ Deleted	NA	√ Deleted	NA
Authors	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted
AutoVersion	√ Cleared	NA	√ Cleared	NA
Custom Properties (in Custom tab)	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted
Document Variables	√ Deleted	X	√ Name and value turned into spaces but the document variable still exists	√ Deleted
Macros	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted
Routing Slip	√ Deleted	NA	√ Deleted	NA
Reviewers	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted
Footnotes	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Turned into hidden spaces (revealed if turn on "show hidden text")	√ Deleted
Fields	√ Field code is deleted and the result turned to text	√ Field code is deleted and the result turned to text	√ Field code turned to blank spaces and the result left. When update performed, result becomes empty	√ Field code is deleted and the result turned to text

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCM Format	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCM Format
Hyperlinks	√ Hyperlink removed and the result turned to text	√ Hyperlink removed and the result turned to text	√ Hyperlink turned to blank spaces and the result left. When update performed, result is error...	√ Hyperlink removed and the result turned to text
Document Statistics (in Statistics tab)	√ Deleted	X	√ Deleted "Last Saved By" and other fields reset.	√ Deleted "Last Saved By" and other fields reset.
Built-In Properties – Standard Properties (in Summary and Contents tabs)	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted "Title"	√ Deleted
Smart Tags	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted
Template	√ Removes reference to template and shows only "Normal"	√ Removes reference to template and shows only "Normal"	√ Removes reference to template	√ Removes reference to template and shows only "Normal"
Headers	X	√ Checks headers in same way as body text	X	√ Checks headers in same way as body text
Footers	X	√ Checks footers in same way as body text	X	√ Checks footers in same way as body text
Endnotes	√ Deleted	√ Deleted	√ Deleted text of endnote but leaves separator	√ Deleted
Text Within Text Box	X	X	√ Deleted text from textbox	√ Deleted text from textbox

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCM Format	DOC Format	DOCX/DOCM Format
SmartArt	X	X	√ Deleted	√ Deleted text from SmartArt

Microsoft Excel Workbooks

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	XLS Format	XLSX/XLSM Format	XLS Format	XLSX/XLSM Format
Track Changes	√	√	√	√
Comments	√	√	√ Comment turned to blank spaces but placeholder remains	√
Small Text	X	√	X	√
Color on Color Text (includes White Text)	X	√	X	√
Authors	√	√	√	√
Custom Properties (in Custom tab)	√	√	√	√
Macros	X	X	√	√
Routing Slip	√	NA	√	NA
Hyperlinks	X	X	√	√
Document Statistics (in Statistics tab)	√	X	√	√
Built-In Properties – Standard Properties (in Summary and Contents tabs)	√	√	√	√

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	XLS Format	XLSX/XLSM Format	XLS Format	XLSX/XLSM Format
Smart Tags	X	X	X	X
Headers	√	√	√	√
Footers	√	√	√	√
Text Within Text Box	X	X	X	X
SmartArt	NA	X	NA	X

Microsoft PowerPoint Presentations

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	PPT Format	PPTX/PPTM Format	PPT Format	PPTX/PPTM Format
Comments	√	√	√ Comment turned to blank spaces but placeholder remains	√
Small Text	X	X	X	X
Color on Color Text (includes White Text)	X	X	X	X
Authors	√	√	√	√
Custom Properties (in Custom tab)	√	√	√	√
Macros	X	X	√	√
Hyperlinks	X	X	√	√
Document Statistics (in Statistics tab)	X	√	√	X
Built-In Properties – Standard Properties (in Summary and Contents tabs)	√	√	√	√

Feature	Clean		Lightspeed Clean	
	PPT Format	PPTX/PPTM Format	PPT Format	PPTX/PPTM Format
Smart Tags	X	X	X	X
Template	X	X	X	X
Headers	X	X	X	✓
Footers	X	X	X	✓
Text Within Text Box	X	X	X	X
SmartArt	NA	X	NA	X
Speaker Notes	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hidden Slides	✓	✓	✓	✓

PDF Files

Workshare Protect does not distinguish between clean and Lightspeed clean when cleaning PDF files and whichever type of cleaning is selected, Workshare Protect will clean PDF files in the same way.

Feature	PDF	PDF/A
Attachments	✓	✓
Bookmarks	✓	✓
Markup	✓	✓
Properties	✓	✓
Cleaning Properties from PDF/A invalidates the PDF/A status		